



European Commission

# Attitudes towards European Union Enlargement

Fieldwork March-May 2006 Publication July 2006

This survey was requested by Directorate General Enlargement and coordinated by Directorate General Communication

This document does not represent the point of view of the European Commission. The interpretations and opinions contained in it are solely those of the authors.

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### PRESENTATION

Two years after the biggest enlargement in the history of European integration and before the accession of Bulgaria and Romania planned for 1 January of 2007 or 2008, enlargement is a crucial issue on the European agenda.

Enlargement is **one of the most powerful policy tools** that the European Union has to extend peace, stability and prosperity. The pull of the EU has helped to transform Central and Eastern Europe into modern, well-functioning democracies with market economies. More recently, it has inspired far-reaching reforms in Turkey, Croatia and the other Western Balkan countries.

The political benefits of EU enlargement, such as the extension of peace, stability, prosperity, democracy, human rights and the rule of law across Europe, seem to be widely recognized. On the other hand, one might ask whether citizens are really aware of the enlargement process and its consequences, and whether there is scepticism in Europe's public opinion about these benefits and the less emphasized economic and social consequences of enlargement.

The European Commission, Directorate-General Enlargement, regularly reviews the attitudes and experiences of the EU population relating to the enlargement of the European Union within Standard Eurobarometer surveys.

The Directorate-General Enlargement wished to commission a poll on EU citizens' perceptions of their knowledge about enlargement and their perception of the advantages and disadvantages of the enlargement of the European Union. Interviews were conducted face-to-face in people's homes, in their national language, between March 27 and May 01, 2006. The countries surveyed include the twenty-five Member States of the European Union, the two acceding countries (Bulgaria and Romania), the two negotiating candidate countries (Croatia and Turkey) as well as the Turkish Cypriot Community (TCC). The methodology used is that of the Standard Eurobarometer polls, managed by the Directorate-General Communication (unit "Opinion polls and Media Monitoring"). In the annex, a technical note details the interview techniques used by the institutes of the TNS Opinion & Social network, as well as levels of confidence.

The underlying objective of this analysis is to assess citizens' level and type of information, as well as their attitude towards the principal objectives, and their perception of the advantages and disadvantages of EU enlargement. Finally, we will explore the citizens' view of possible future EU enlargement to the Western Balkan countries and Turkey.

For each theme addressed, our analysis<sup>1</sup> looks at the:

- European Union as a whole;
- Individual countries;
- Socio-demographic variables;

Other variables which we systematically cross-tabulated with the results for each question include: being for or against enlargement (results for QA30.4<sup>2</sup>) and self-perceived knowledge of enlargement (results for QD1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In some cases, due to the rounding of figures, displayed sums can show a difference of one point with the sum of the individual cells. Also, note that the total percentages shown in the tables of this report may exceed 100% where the respondent is allowed to give several answers to a particular question.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> QA30.4 is included in the Standard Eurobarometer survey (EB 65.2)

Before going into further detail, it is appropriate to provide a picture of EU citizens' current attitude towards the enlargement of the European Union in general.

*Questionnaire source: QA30.4<sup>3</sup>* 

A relative majority of the EU population (45%) is basically in favour of EU enlargement. Nevertheless they are quite divided on this issue, as a significant number of respondents (42%) oppose it.

In all the **10 new member states** at least one out of two citizens **support further enlargement of the Union**. In Poland (72%) and in Slovenia (73%) this ratio of support represents almost three quarters of their population.

**The two acceding states** Bulgaria (62%) and Romania (69%) along with the candidate country, Croatia (64%) are **also vigorously for enlargement**. However, only a relative majority of Turks (45%) backs this process in general. The number of opponents represents 29% of the Turkish population; in addition there is a high rate (25%) of interviewees who had no opinion on this matter.

Of the EU15 the majority of Greek (56%), Spanish (55%) and Danish (51%) respondents claimed to be in favour of enlargement.

**Further, in Sweden** (49%), **Italy** (48%), **Portugal** (47%), **Ireland** (45%) and the **UK** (44%) a relative majority of citizens supports enlargement.

German (66%), Luxembourgish (65%), French (62%), Austrian (61%) and Finnish (60%) interviewees disapprove of EU enlargement in particular.

Socio-demographic variables tell us that men (47%) are slightly more in favour of enlargement than women (43%). Age and education seem to markedly affect the attitude of Europeans surveyed towards enlargement; the younger (56% of interviewees aged 15-24 compared to 35% of persons 55 years or older) and the better educated (51% of those who left full-time education at the age of 20 or later, and 59% of whom are still studying compared to 35% of those who left at age 15) a respondent is, the more he/she supports enlargement. Added to which political views also influence this issue a little; people on the left (50%) tend to endorse the accession of future member states more than people with right-wing views (42%).

As the information content provided for citizens can sometimes influence how they form their opinions on a given topic, it is interesting to explore their perceptions regarding their level of knowledge (QD1), and the content of this knowledge, on the enlargement of the European Union, as well as to analyse how this knowledge impacts their feelings towards enlargement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> QA30.4 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

<sup>4.</sup> Further enlargement of the European Union to include other countries in future years

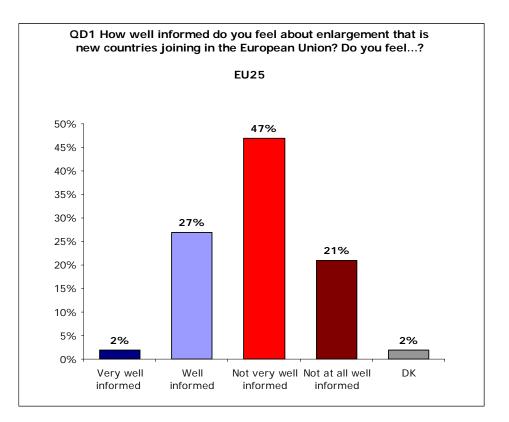
### 1. General knowledge of EU enlargement

### 1.1. Subjective knowledge of European Union citizens about enlargement

### - Citizens of the EU25 do not feel they are well informed about EU enlargement -

Questionnaire source: QD1<sup>4</sup>

Over two thirds (68%) of the EU population do not feel they are well informed about enlargement issues. Over a quarter (29%), however feel the opposite.



At the country level Slovenians (45%), Luxembourgers (44%), Austrians (43%), Finns (43%) and Belgians (42%) seem to be the best informed concerning EU enlargement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> QD1 How well informed do you feel about enlargement that is new countries joining in the European Union? Do you feel...?

On the contrary, citizens of southern European countries, Portugal (15%), Spain (15%), Turkey (17%), Greece (17%) and Malta (18%) appear to feel less informed about this topic in general.

0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	100
si	l.	45%	1	1		i .	54%		i	
LU		44%					54%			
AT		43%					56%			
FI		43%					56%			
BE		42%					57%			
DE 📃		40%					59%			
DK 📃		39%					59%			
NL		39%					60%			
CZ		37%					62%			
PL		35%					52%			
FR		%				68				
IE		1%				65%				4%
SK		%				67				
SE	31	%				68	%			
EU25	309	%				68%	6			
IT I	26%					69%				5%
ни Т	24%					76%				
Сү	23%					75%				
LV	22%					75%				
EE	21%					73%				5%
ик ]	21%					75%				4%
LT 📃	20%					75%				4%
MT	18%					79%				3%
EL	17%					82%				
ES _	15%				79					6%
PT	15%					84%				
Y (tcc)		40%					54%			5%
HR	3	3%				6	6%			
BG	23%					72%				4%
RO	21%					75%				4%
TR	17%			5	7%				26%	

When comparing this year's results to the ones looked at two months before the 2004 enlargement<sup>5</sup>, slightly different trends can be observed in regard to the old 15 member states and the 10 new ones:

In the EU15, the level of self-perceived knowledge has remained at 29% on average. All together, in 10 out of the 15 member states the level of subjective knowledge has decreased over the last two years. In Luxembourg, the same proportion of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Joint full report of Eurobarometer 61 and CC Eurobarometer 2004.1

http://ec.europa.eu/public\_opinion/archives/eb/eb61/eb61\_en.pdf

respondents (44%) feel well–informed now as then, in France (31%, +4 points) and in Italy (26%, +2 points) a solid; while, in Germany (40%, +7 points) and in Belgium (42%, +9 points) a larger increase has been measured. However, in Finland (43%, -8 points), Spain (15%, -10 points) and in Greece (17%, -16 points) figures have decreased even more spectacularly.

On the other hand, probably due to an intensive information campaign right before the 2004 accession in the ten new member states, the level of subjective knowledge in these countries – apart from the Czech Republic (an increase of 6 percentage points) – was higher in the first half of 2004 than at the present time. This is also reflected in the average results of the 10 new member states: compared to 2004 (38%), today only one third (33%) of the new member states' citizens claim to be well-informed about EU enlargement issues.

Occupation and educational levels have the most important influence on how well respondents feel informed about enlargement. Relatively high proportions of managers (47%) and of the highly educated (44%) feel they are well informed about enlargement. It can be also observed that men (36%) feel slightly better informed than women (24%).On the other hand, house persons (76%) and those who stopped education at the age of 15 (76%) notably declared they did not feel well informed about new countries joining the EU.

Questionnaire source: QA30.4 and QD1<sup>6</sup>

There is a certain correlation between the self-perception of being well informed and supporting enlargement in general.

Firstly, at the EU level, **people who are in favour of the enlargement of the European Union tend to consider themselves slightly better informed** about EU enlargement issues (35%) than persons who oppose it (29%).

At the country level this tendency can be observed in most countries surveyed, especially in Austria, Luxembourg and Belgium: 64% of Austrians, 59% of Luxembourgers, and 52% of Belgians are in favour of enlargement and claim to be well informed; on the contrary 36% of Austrians, 40% of Luxembourgers, and 35% of Belgians are against enlargement and feel well informed.

In contrast to the general picture in five current member states of the EU (the Netherlands 41%, Finland 46%, Latvia 25%, Lithuania 24% and Hungary 28%) and in the two acceding countries (Bulgaria 34% and Romania 33%) **a reverse trend can be observed; namely respondents who are against enlargement seem to be slightly better informed**. On the other hand, 37% of Dutch, 43% of Finns, 23%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Crossed question:

QA30.4 What is your opinion on each of the following statements? Please tell me for each statement, whether you are for it or against it.

<sup>4.</sup> Further enlargement of the European Union to include other countries in future years

QD1 How well informed do you feel about enlargement that is new countries joining in the European Union? Do you feel...?

of Latvians, 22% of Lithuanians and 27% of Hungarians as well as 29% of Bulgarians and 26% of Romanians who are in favour of enlargement feel well informed.

Secondly, regarding this correlation the other way around; **the majority (53%) of EU citizens who claimed to feel well informed** about enlargement **are** – when compared to the general average of support (45%) - **in favour of this process**; meanwhile, 41% oppose it.

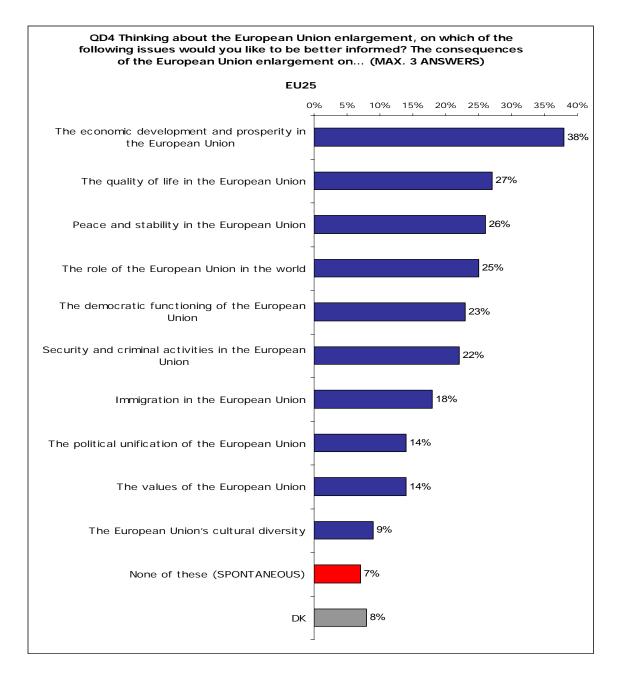
EU25	FOR	AGAINST	DK
Total	45%	42%	13%
Well informed	53%	41%	6%
Not well informed	41%	43%	15%

Similarly to this trend, in all countries polled – with the exception of Finland and the Netherlands - well informed people claimed to be in favour of enlargement more often than not well informed respondents.

However, of those Finns (62%), Germans (60%), Luxembourgers (58%), French (56%), Dutch (53%) and Austrians (51%) who feel well informed of enlargement, the majority are against it.

This can be explained in two ways: either people who support enlargement are more interested in this topic and obtain more information about it, than opponents; or people who know more about this process are also more aware of its advantages, and so support it.

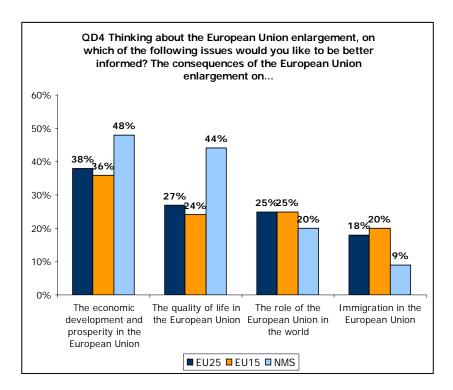
#### Questionnaire source: QD4<sup>7</sup>



As they feel globally not very well informed, many EU citizens would like to learn more about the following topics in conjunction with enlargement: "economic development and prosperity" (38%), "quality of life" (27%), "peace and stability" (26%) in the Union, as well as "the EU's role in the world" (25%).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> QD4 Thinking about the European Union enlargement, on which of the following issues would you like to be better informed? The consequences of the European Union enlargement on...

There is also a significant interest in" the democratic functioning of the EU (23%) and in "security and criminal activities in the Union" (22%) in connection with enlargement.



There is a **noticeable difference between the topics that old and new member states**' **citizens want to be informed about**: people from the new member states as well as from the two acceding countries are more interested in the economic situation (48% in both) and the quality of life in the EU (new member states - 44% and acceding countries - 46%) than people from the old 15 (36% for the economic situation and 24% for the quality of life). This is understandable given the discrepancies between average standards of living.

Citizens in the old 15 member states express their interests from a bit more of a global point of view; 25% would like to learn more about the EU's role in the world while for the new member states this is 20%.

Although generally immigration is not a major concern at the EU25 level (18%), there is a visible difference between the results of the EU15 compared to the ten new member states: Immigration in the EU seems to worry 20% of the EU15 population, particularly Danes (28%) and British (25%). In contrast, since immigration affects the new member states more rarely, only 9% of their citizens are interested in this question.

With respect to the country results, it is worth mentioning that Luxembourgers are 20 percentage points more interested in issues of "peace and stability" (46%) and "security and criminal activities" (42%) in the Union than the average EU citizen (26% and 22% respectively). "The democratic functioning of the EU" is closer to Swedish (44%), Danish (43%) and Dutch (35%) hearts than to an average European's heart (23%).

It is also striking that 35% of Turks have no opinion on this question, which suggests that they are not interested in learning more about the enlargement process of the European Union in general.

Looking at the differences by socio-demographic categories, we can see that the highly educated (47%) and managers (51%) would like to be better informed about the consequences of enlargement on economic development and prosperity, than those who finished their education at the age of 15 (29%) and than house persons (28%).

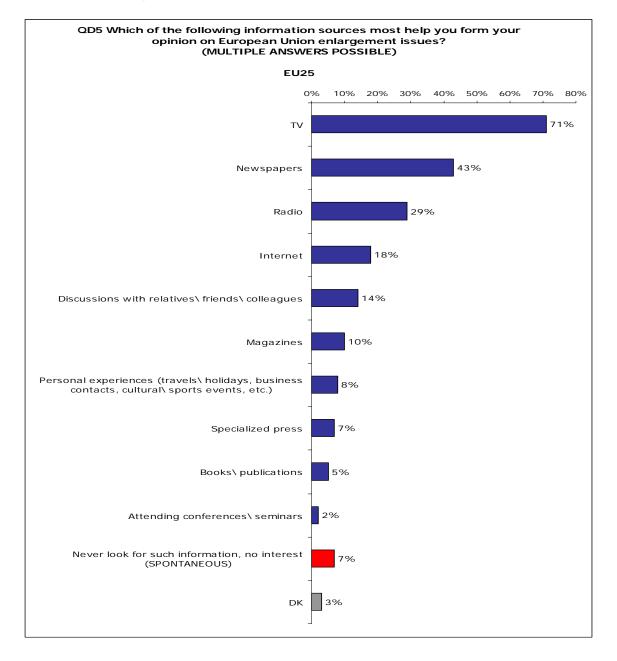
Respondents who are opposed to the idea of enlargement expressed more often that they would like to be better informed of security and criminal matters in the EU than those who are in favour of it (27% in comparison to 21% noted of enlargement optimists) and about immigration in the EU (25% in comparison to 14%).

### 1.2. Source of information for EU enlargement

### - Television and national governments have the greatest opportunity to determine information on EU enlargement-

Questionnaire source: QD5<sup>8</sup>

Across the Union most citizens gain information on enlargement issues via television (71%). On the second and third place come newspapers (43%) and radio (29%), followed by the internet (18%).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> QD5 Which of the following information sources most help you form your opinion on European Union enlargement issues?

There are slight differences between the most relied on information sources of the old 15 and the 10 new member states: television (78%), radio (37%) and the internet (21%) are more popular forms of acquiring information on EU enlargement in the new member states, compared to the EU15 (TV 70%, radio 27% and internet 17%). On the other hand, reading newspapers assists EU15 citizens more (45%) than new member states' citizens (34%) in forming opinions on this issue.

For detailed country results please see table below. It is no surprise that the Dutch (35%) use the web to catch up on enlargement most, since the Netherlands has the highest rate of internet connections at home (85%) in Europe.<sup>9</sup>

	TV	Newspapers	Radio	Internet	Discussions with relatives\ friends\ colleagues	
EU25	71%	43%	29%	18%	14%	
BE	80%	46%	42%	24%	15%	
CZ	76%	45%	27%	22%	16%	
DK	88%	67%	49%	29%	33%	
DE	82%	59%	40%	21%	22%	
EE	72%	51%	41%	30%	14%	
EL	81%	29%	20%	6%	28%	
ES	58%	25%	18%	9%	5%	
FR	73%	41%	34%	20%	21%	
IE	64%	52%	37%	13%	9%	
IT	56%	35%	9%	8%	9%	
СҮ	74%	36%	24%	20%	18%	
CY (TCC)	73%	77%	17%	13%	13%	
LV	78%	42%	37%	26%	10%	
LT	82%	46%	38%	20%	9%	
LU	78%	64%	54%	23%	24%	
HU	77%	35%	35%	15%	9%	
MT	74%	38%	29%	16%	19%	
NL	77%	67%	30%	35%	21%	
AT	62%	61%	40%	16%	25%	
PL	77%	26%	39%	21%	10%	
PT	79%	36%	16%	8%	11%	
SI	83%	50%	39%	23%	18%	
SK	82%	50%	47%	23%	16%	
FI	84%	69%	31%	29%	17%	
SE	78%	69%	38%	29%	20%	
UK	63%	42%	24%	19%	7%	
BG	84%	36%	26%	7%	12%	
RO	79%	41%	38%	17%	13%	
HR	83%	47%	23%	11%	14%	
TR	69%	36%	11%	7%	8%	
		that use the source the most		Countries that use the information source more often than the EU25 average		

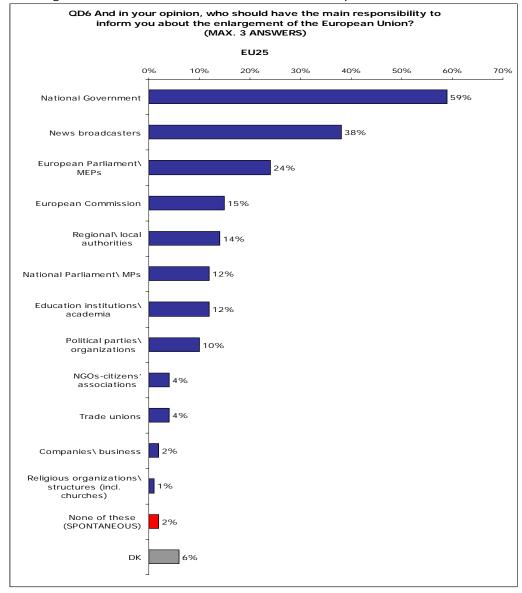
<sup>9</sup> Questionnaire source: D46 (Standard Eurobarometer 65.2)

No considerable differences can be observed within socio-demographic categories.

We can however stress that respondents who declared they are not well informed on enlargement are interested in such issues, as only 10% of this group declared that they never seek out such information.

#### Questionnaire source: QD6<sup>10</sup>

**59% of the EU population think it should be mainly national governments that inform them of EU enlargement issues.** In second and third place comes the role of news broadcasters (38%) and the European Parliament (24%) in connection with this responsibility. This signalizes that EU citizens attach a greater responsibility to national governments on EU issues than to the European Parliament.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> QD6 And in your opinion, who should have the main responsibility to inform you about the enlargement of the European Union?

It is interesting to note, that a higher proportion of respondents from the old 15 member states expressed a preference for information from their national governments (60%) and the European Parliament (25%), than interviewees from the new member states (51% national governments and 18% European Parliament). By contrast, new member states' citizens emphasised the importance of the media (51%) in this more often, than those of the old member states (36%).

Analysing the results country by country, we can observe that **national governments are expected to provide information about EU enlargement** especially in Malta (83%), Portugal (79%), Cyprus (76%), the Netherlands (75%) and Greece (72%).

At least half of the population of the Czech Republic (61%), Poland (54%), Latvia (52%), Romania (52%), Lithuania (50%) and Belgium (50%) would expect **news broadcasters** to inform them of enlargement. On the other hand in Spain only 15% would expect the media to meet such requirements. However 22% of Spanish respondents were unable to form an opinion on this topic, which could be explained by a lack of interest of EU matters in general.

A significant number of the polled Danes preferred the **European Parliament** (41%) **and national parliaments** (40%) to be in charge of providing information on EU enlargement.

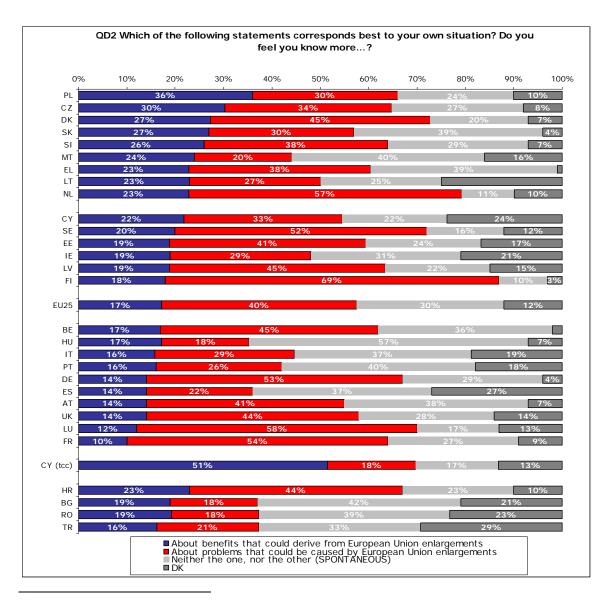
Regarding acceding countries, it is worth mentioning that 30% of Bulgarians think it is the national parliaments who should have the main responsibility of informing them of the enlargement of the European Union, while 29% of Romanians consider it is local authorities.

In socio-demographic terms it can be observed that people with higher education and managers wish to receive information on the enlargement from the European Parliament (34% and 36% respectively) and from the European Commission (20% for both categories) more than the other groups do, this is probably related to their level of knowledge of European institutions in general.

### 1.3. Content of information provided to citizens about EU enlargement

There is a certain correlation between the knowledge citizens have of the enlargement of the European Union, and the information they have been provided with on this issue. In this chapter, we will explore citizens' knowledge of EU enlargement, which enables us to presume the kind of information that has or has not been provided to them.

### - Europe-wide lack of knowledge of the benefits of EU enlargement -



Questionnaire source: QD2<sup>11</sup>

 $<sup>^{11}</sup>$  QD2 Which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do you feel you know more...?

A relative majority of people living in the European Union (40%) know more about the problems that could arise in connection with EU enlargement, than about the benefits (17%); meanwhile 30% have either equal knowledge about the positive and negative consequences of enlargement or no knowledge respectively on this topic.<sup>12</sup> A further 12% responded with a 'don't know' to this question.

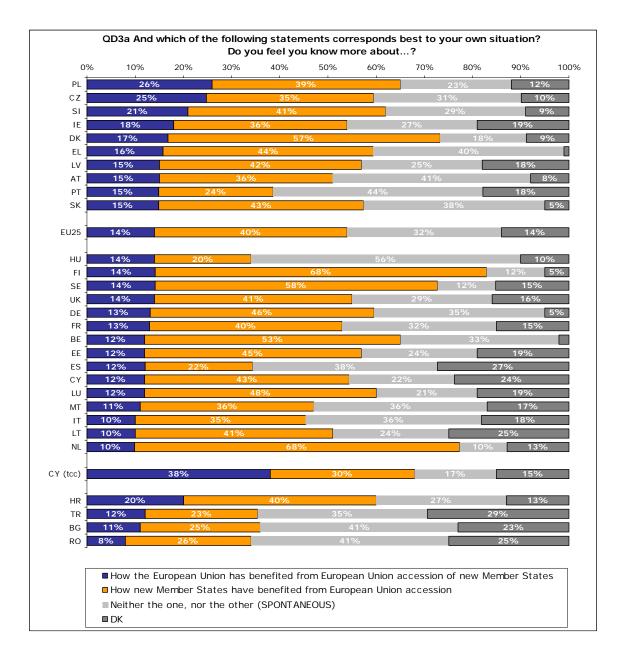
Inhabitants of the new member states (30%) know more about the benefits of EU enlargement than EU15 citizens, on average (15%), whereas more old member states' citizens (43%) claim to be aware of the problems, than "new comers" (30%) do.

With the exception of the Turkish Cypriot Community, Poland, Malta, Bulgaria and Romania, Europeans in all the other countries surveyed know more about the problems linked to the enlargement of the European Union, than of the benefits. In Finland (69%), Luxembourg (58%), the Netherlands (57%), France (54%), Germany (53%) and Sweden (52%) it is the majority of respondents, who feel they are better informed of the problems that could arise from EU enlargement.

As we might have expected, respondents who are against enlargement, said more frequently than enlargement "optimists", that they know more of the problems (54% when compared to 34% of enlargement "optimists"). At the same time an explanation for this can also be that they oppose enlargement because they know the problems better.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Spontaneous answer; which means respondents were not in the position to choose one of the answers given at the questionnaire.

### Questionnaire source: QD3a<sup>13</sup>



This question deals only with the benefits of enlargement, which it explores separately for both the EU as a whole, and for the new member states. Though the question is phrased in a general way it can be assumed that most interviewees might have thought of the latest and largest enlargement of the European Union, when answering this question.

 $<sup>^{13}</sup>$  QD3a And which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do you feel you know more about...?

A relative majority of the EU25 population (40%) feel they know more about how new member states have profited from their accession. 14% consider they know more about the EU's benefits in this issue. Meanwhile 32% have either the same or no knowledge on this matter.<sup>14</sup>

More respondents from the EU15 (41%) know about how new member states have benefited from their accession than people from the 10 new member states (36%). On the other hand citizens of countries which joined the Union in 2004 (22%) claim to know more about the EU's benefits concerning their accession than EU15 interviewees (13%).

In a country by country analysis we can observe that only Turkish Cypriots feel they know more about how the EU has benefited from the accession of new countries (38%) than the other way around (30%).

Citizens of Nordic countries (Finland 68%, Sweden 58% and Denmark 57%) as well as the Benelux states (the Netherlands 68%, Belgium 53% and Luxembourg 48%) claim to know most about new member states' advantages.

Socio-demographic trends correspond to the ones observed for question QD1 in relation to the self-perception of knowledge of enlargement: Men, highly educated respondents and managers feel to know more about the benefits both for new member states and for the EU as a whole. On the other hand, house persons and those who stopped education at the age of 15 claim to know less about both aspects than other socio-demographic groups.

Questionnaire source: QD3b<sup>15</sup>

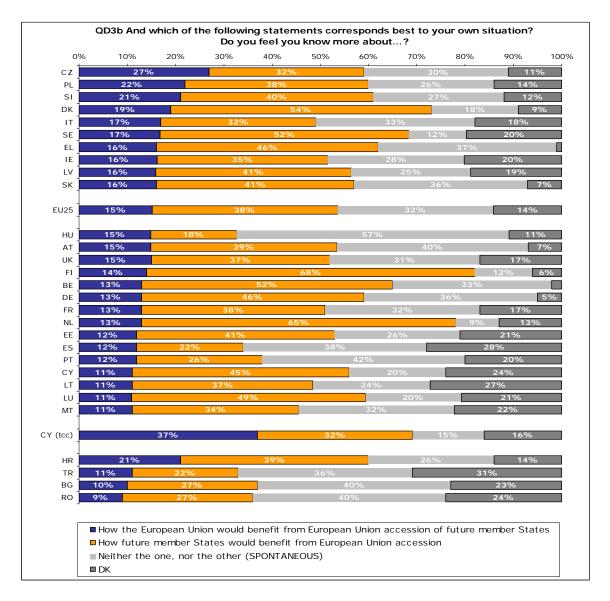
A relative majority of EU25 citizens (38%) feel they know more about how future member states would profit from their membership in the EU. 15% think they know more about how the Union would benefit from future accessions. Meanwhile 32% have either the same or no knowledge on this issue.

In all countries except for the Turkish Cypriot Community, citizens feel they know more about how future member states would benefit from their accession, than about the benefits of the EU in this context.

Both at the EU and the country level as well as in socio-demographic terms, the same trends can be observed as for the previous question.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Spontaneous answer; which means respondents were not in the position to choose one of the answers

given at the questionnaire. <sup>15</sup> QD3b And which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do you feel you know more about ...?



To sum up, Europeans surveyed are generally not well informed of enlargement. Most of this not really established knowledge is linked to problems which may arise from enlargement. An average EU citizen also has the feeling to know more about how new member states benefit from accession than how the EU does.

Furthermore we found that citizens, who feel well informed, are more in favour of enlargement than ones who do not feel well informed, probably because they are more interested in enlargement and are also more aware of the general benefits of this process. Those who feel less informed seem to know much more about problems caused by enlargement than benefits derived from this process, therefore they feel more insecure.

Looking at the numbers, people who feel well informed know also more about the problems (49%) than about the benefits (32%) linked to EU enlargement, however this difference is less important, than it is the case of interviewees who feel to be not well informed (knowledge of problems: 38%, knowledge of benefits: 12%).

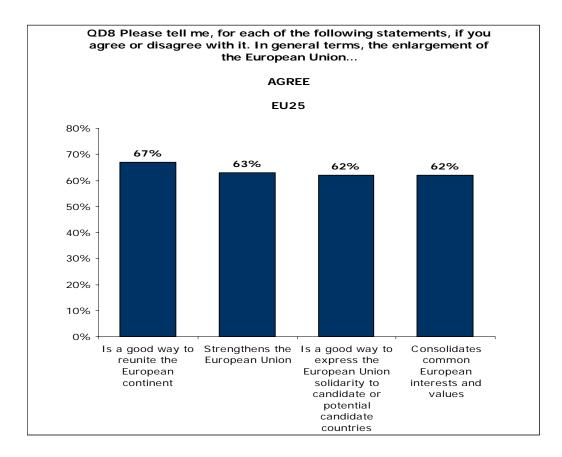
# 2. Perceived advantages and disadvantages of EU enlargement

### 2.1. General perceptions of EU enlargement

### - Across Europe there is great support for the general arguments for the enlargement of the European Union-

Questionnaire source: QD8<sup>16</sup>

Roughly two thirds of people living in the EU agree with the universal ideas that inspire the enlargement of the European Union in general.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> QD8 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In general terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

<sup>1.</sup> Is a good way to reunite the European continent.

<sup>2.</sup> Strengthens the European Union.

<sup>3.</sup> Is a good way to express the European Union solidarity to candidate or potential candidate countries.

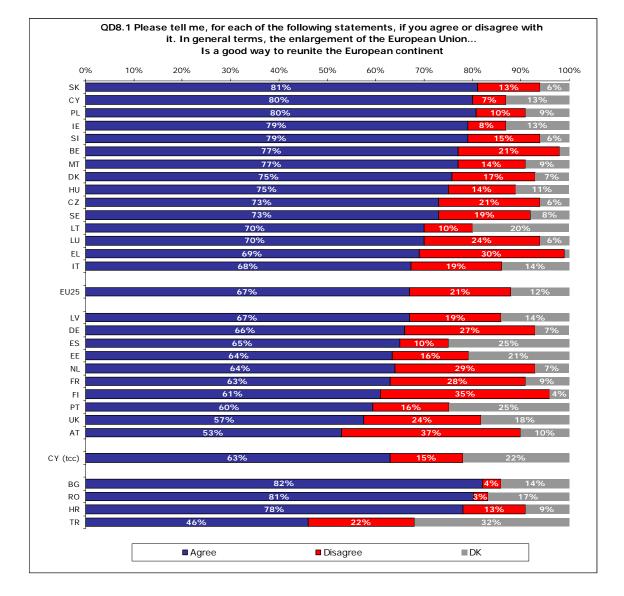
<sup>4.</sup> Consolidates common European interests and values.

As a general trend it can be observed, that acceding countries (Bulgaria and Romania) along with Croatia, as well as the ten new member states, show more enthusiasm for enlargement, which they regard as the proper way to reunite the European continent, strengthen the EU, express European Union solidarity to candidate or potential candidate countries, and consolidate common European interests and values.

The most sceptical member state is, in all questions, indisputably Austria. Besides, other EU15 member states such as Finland, Germany, France, the Netherlands, Greece and Luxembourg expressed doubts by giving a greater amount of negative answers than the others. **Still, the majority in every country agrees** with the general arguments for EU enlargement.

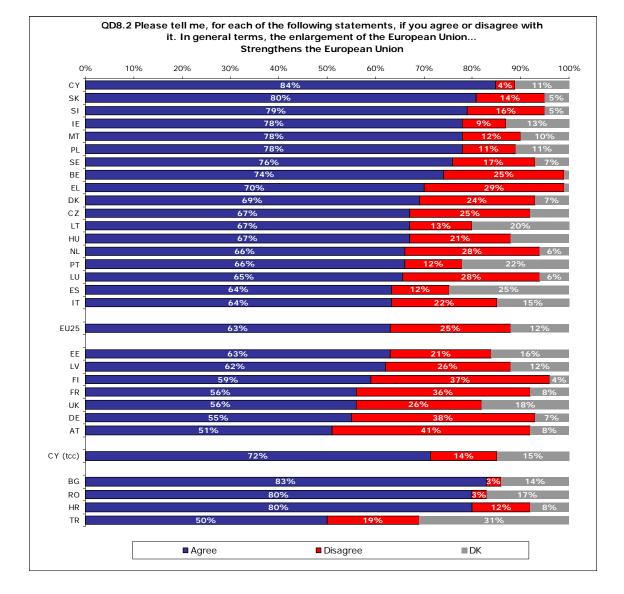
Furthermore, a lack of interest and knowledge of European Union issues can be assumed for the population of some southern countries, namely Spain and Portugal, as well as the candidate country Turkey, which resulted a high proportion of "don't know" replies.

The same tendencies can be observed in the socio-demographic variables as for the question looking at general support for enlargement. (QD30.4)

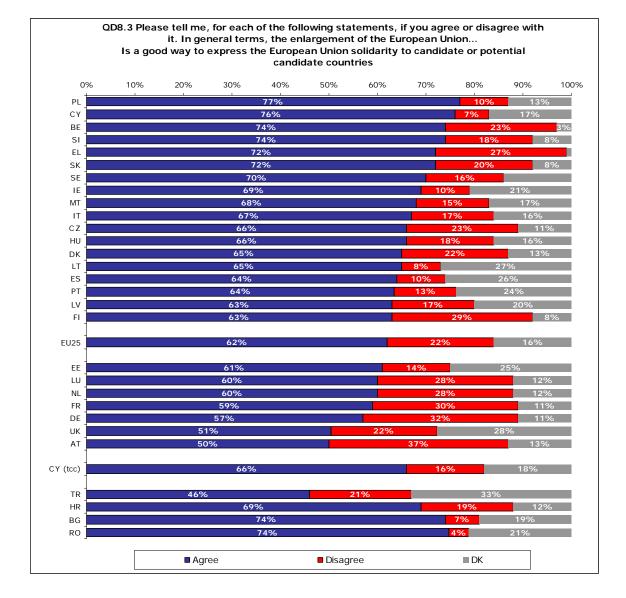


With the exception of Turkey (46%), in all countries the majority believe that the enlargement of the European Union is a good way to reunite the European Continent. However, 37% of Austrians and 35% of Finns surveyed disagree with this view.

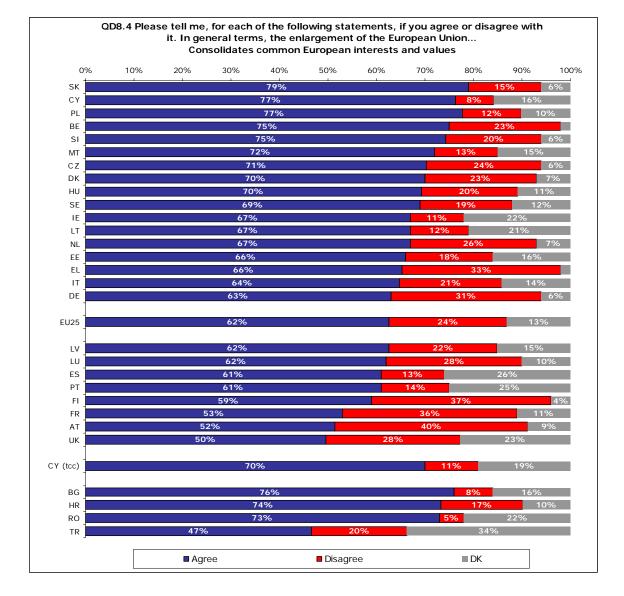
#### 22



Country by country results confirm the general picture; in every country surveyed at least half of the population consider from a global point of view that enlargement strengthens the European Union.



The basic principle of solidarity through the enlargement of the Union is well established in the minds of EU citizens, however roughly one third of Austrian (37%), German (32%) and French (30%) respondents think that enlargement is not a good way to express the EU's solidarity towards candidate and potential candidate countries.



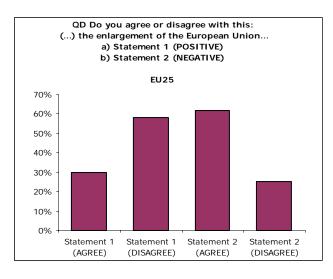
Adopting common European values and interests is one of the key conditions of EU membership. It is therefore interesting to notice that three quarters of Bulgarians (76%), Croats (74%), and Romanians (73%) are convinced of the value consolidation aspect of enlargement. Although 47%, corresponding to a relative majority, of Turks share the same opinion, the 34% "DK" rate suggests that a significant proportion of the population is not interested in EU affairs.

### 2.2. Specific perceptions of EU enlargement

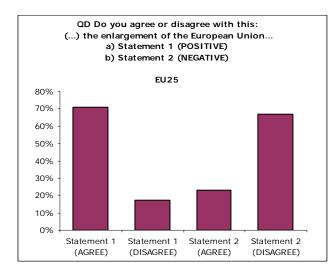
### - The opinion on positive and negative statements about enlargement -

We will explore the political (QD9), economic (QD10) and social (QD11) advantages and disadvantages of the enlargement of the European Union in this chapter. At the same time we will also look at he specific results of this survey which come about from an experimental form of questioning: In each country half of the respondents were asked in a positive and half in a negative, way about the same topic.

This means that, logically, if respondents are consistent in their position on a concrete matter, figures would show one of the following two patterns for each question:

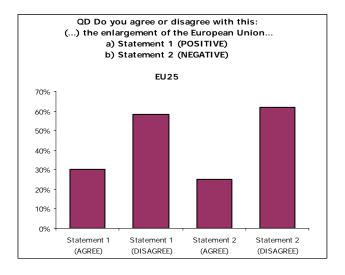


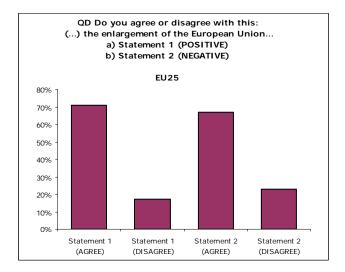
### Example 1:



However, if respondents do not have a marked opinion on a specific matter, their answers can be contradictory, which would result in the following patterns:

### Example 2:





Nevertheless some statements on the same issue do not contradict each other directly, which means that to agree with one of them does not preclude agreeing with the other one. In such cases we cannot conclude the consistency or contradiction of public opinion should we obtain figures that form any of the above four patterns presented.

## - Specific aspects of EU enlargement reveal some inconsistent attitudes in this matter -

By summarizing the observations the following common trends can be outlined:

With respect to the same issue, more interviewees agreed with the positive statements than with the negative ones. It seems that for most respondents it is easier to affirm a positive pronouncement than to object to a negative one. In addition negatively phrased questions seem to confuse several respondents. This

In addition negatively phrased questions seem to confuse several respondents. This is reflected in two ways:

Firstly, a smaller discrepancy can be observed between the number of "agree" and "disagree" answers in each question, signalizing that interviewees are more divided if asked about the same issue in a negatively phrased way.

Secondly, although tendencies are similar in both cases, positive and negative statements, in the country by country analysis, the outcome is different in regard to which countries are on the very top and bottom of the country scale.

		Desitive and exertise statements		EU25			
		Positive and negative statements	AGREE	DISAGREE	DK		
QD11a.4	Positive	Facilitates mobility of people like students, businessmen, etc. within Europe	82%	8%	10%		
QD10a.2	Negative	Increases jobs transferring to countries where labour is cheaper	75%	14%	11%		
QD10a.4	Negative	Increases settlement of workers coming from future member States in the European Union	73%	13%	14%		
QD11a.3	Positive	Enriches Europe's cultural diversity	71%	17%	12%		
QD9a.1	Positive	Ensures peace and stability in the European Continent	67%	21%	11%		
QD9a.3	Positive	Promotes democracy in the European Continent	67%	19%	14%		
QD9b.2	Positive	Strengthens the role of the European Union on the international scene	67%	19%	14%		
QD10a.3	Positive	Increase the support for the development of candidate and potential candidate countries	66%	16%	19%		
QD11a.1	Positive	Reinforce the power of the European Union to fight criminality and terrorism	66%	21%	13%		
QD9b.4	Positive	Increases the protection of human rights and minorities in the European Union	65%	21%	15%		
QD9a.5	Positive	Facilitates progress towards a political unification in Europe	62%	23%	15%		
QD11b.1	Negative	Increases risks of criminal activities	62%	27%	11%		
QD11b.2	Positive	Facilitates the expansion of European Union life standards and norms on the European territory	61%	22%	17%		
QD11b.4	Negative	Increases illegal immigration in Europe	60%	29%	11%		
QD10b.3	Negative	Decreases budgetary resources for (OUR COUNTRY)	57%	25%	18%		
QD10b.4	Positive	Ensures better integration of populations from future member States in the European Union	57%	25%	17%		
QD10a.1	Positive	Makes of the European Union the biggest trade player in the world	47%	36%	17%		
QD9b.1	Negative	Increases dissensions and political instability in the European Continent	46%	37%	17%		
QD9b.3	Negative	Weakens the democratic decision-making in the European Union	43%	38%	19%		
QD10b.2	Positive	Increases prosperity for all Europeans	43%	42%	15%		
QD11a.2	Negative	Lowers life standards in the European Union	42%	43%	16%		
QD11b.3	Negative	Makes cultural identities and traditions disappear	41%	48%	10%		
QD10b.1	Negative	Decreases economic development opportunities in the European Union as well as in (OUR COUNTRY)	40%	43%	18%		
QD9a.2	Negative	Reduces the chances for a common European Union voice in the world	37%	46%	17%		
QD9b.5	Negative	Hinders any project of political unification of the European Union	34%	44%	22%		
QD9a.4	Negative	Worsens the situation of human and minority rights	30%	55%	15%		

### 2.2.1 Political aspects of EU enlargement

### - The broad majority of the EU population recognize the political value of EU enlargement -

Similarly to the results concerning general arguments for EU enlargement, there is a broad consensus among EU citizens surveyed – at least when it comes to positive statements - on the favourable impact of enlargement in political terms. In the case of negative statements, the advantages of enlargement attained a comparatively lower level of recognition. For QD9.1 and QD9.3 the same issue even turned out to be detrimentally influenced by the enlargement.

The same two trends can be observed for each positively expressed statement:

Likewise the outcome of the general incitements question, acceding countries and the new member states tend to appreciate the political blessings of enlargement more. Of the old 15 member states Danish and Swedish, but often Greek and Belgian respondents too, emphasise the political advantages of EU enlargement. These are certainly countries that support enlargement in general.

In contrast Austrians, Finns and the French surveyed controvert the favourable effects of enlargement when it comes to positively phrased statements, which complies with their anti-enlargement attitudes expressed at the general enlargement question.

In regard to negatively phrased questions, two similar tendencies can be observed, as above, however the countries which head the country scale often vary for each question:

Most of the citizens who tend to attach political disadvantages to enlargement, and affirm negative statements are from countries where public opinion is against enlargement in general; that is from Austria, Finland, France, Germany, Luxembourg and the Netherlands.

On the other hand Slovak, Greek and Croat interviewees disagree with the subsequent negative pronouncements. Additional ad hoc opponents are also from countries where public opinion is in favour of enlargement in general. This confirms the generally more positive perception of the political advantages of the enlargement within the ten new member states.

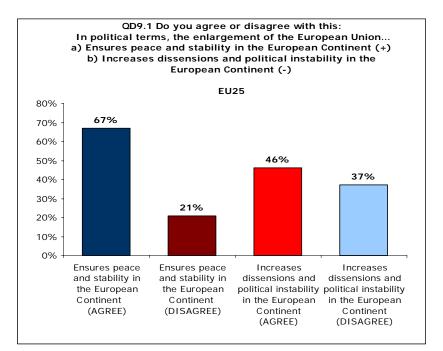
A large number of Turks, Spaniards and Portuguese could not form an opinion on all questions, most probably due to lack of information or interest on EU affairs in general. Due to the confusion caused by negatively phrased statements a higher rate of "DK" answers were recorded for this kind of question in Bulgaria, Romania and often in Lithuania, Latvia, Estonia, Ireland and the UK as well.

Similarly to the ones noted for the general questions, the same factors lead to differences among socio-demographic categories regarding the political aspects of enlargement, namely education, occupation and somewhat gender. Men, better educated respondents and managers have agreed with positive statements and disagreed with negative ones. The slightly confusing effect of negatively phrased pronouncements can also be seen in socio-demographic terms; the discrepancies between "agree" and "disagree" answers are reduced.

### Peace and stability

### Questionnaire source: QD9.1<sup>17</sup>

Two thirds (67%) of respondents have confirmed that enlargement ensures peace and stability on the European continent. In regard to the reversely phrased question 30 percentage points less interviewees (37%) come to the same conclusion and objected to the negative statement on this matter. What is more, a relative majority of the European Union population (46%) found that EU enlargement increases dissent and political instability in Europe.

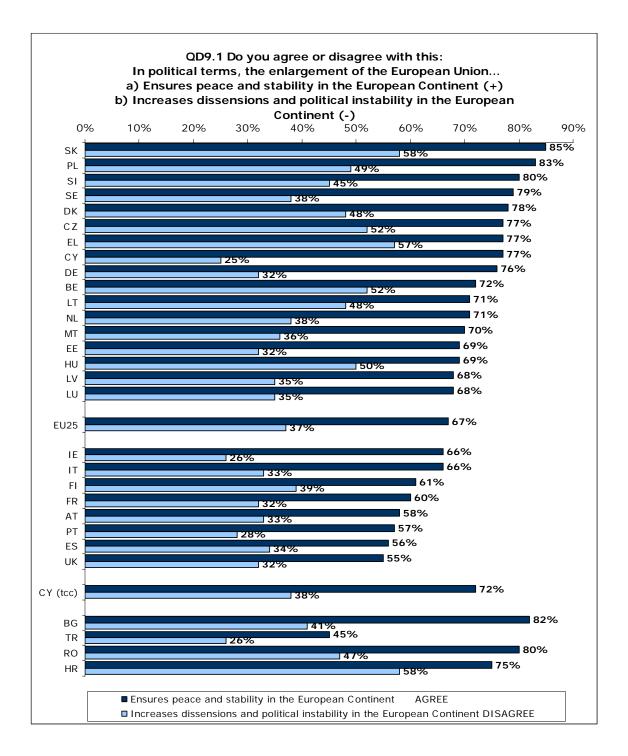


 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 17}$  QD9.1 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it.

In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Ensures peace and stability in the European Continent.

b. Increases dissensions and political instability in the European Continent.

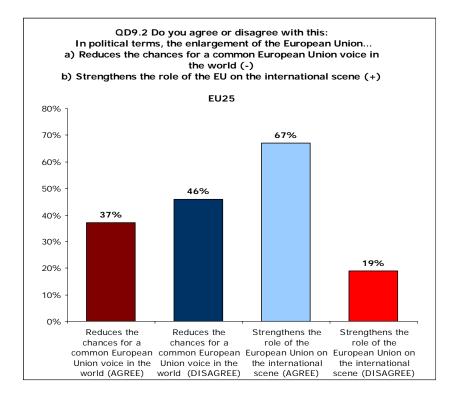


In all countries, the majority agrees with the positive statement that the enlargement ensures peace and stability, while significantly lower share disagrees with the negative statement of the enlargement increasing dissensions and political instability. Croat respondents seem to be the most consistent and Cypriot the least so, when it comes to their opinion regarding the role of EU enlargement in peace and stability in Europe. There is a 17 percentage points difference between the answers given to the positively and the negatively phrased questions for Croats, and 52 for Cypriots.

### The role of the European Union in the world

Questionnaire source: QD9.2<sup>18</sup>

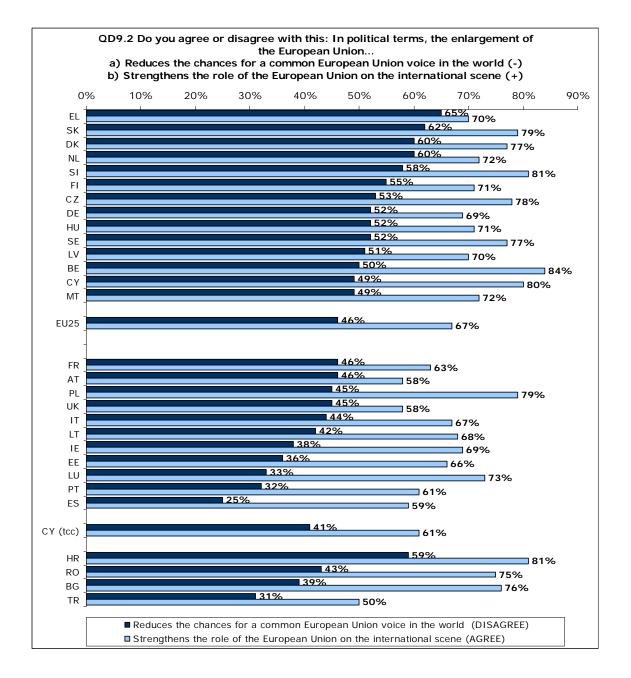
67% of people living in the Union believe that enlargement strengthens the EU's role on the international scene. This figure is 21 percentage points higher when compared to the one representing respondents who disagree with the parallel negative statement (46%). This discrepancy is similar on the sceptical side too; 37% think enlargement reduces the chances for a common European Union voice in the world. This represents 18 percentage more points of citizens than the 19% polled for objectors to the positive statement.



a. Reduces the chances for a common European Union voice in the world.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> QD9.2 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

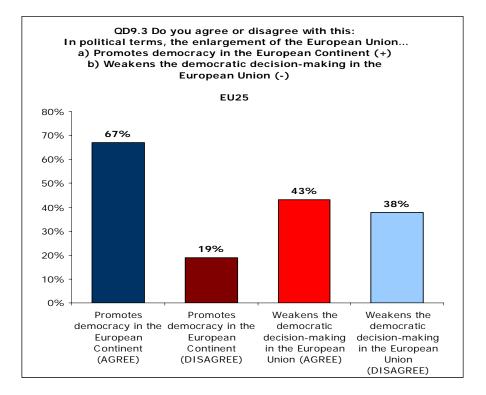
b. Strengthens the role of the European Union on the international scene.



#### Democracy

### Questionnaire source: QD9.3<sup>19</sup>

Like peace and stability, democracy is also a topic which divides citizens of the EU25 more than it seems at first glance. Although 67% of Europeans surveyed agree with the democracy promoting impact of enlargement, a relative majority (43%) of citizens hold the view that enlargement weakens democratic decision-making in the European Union. However, we must note that democratic decision-making in the EU represents only a part of the overall democratic life of the European continent, i.e. these statements do not directly contradict each other.

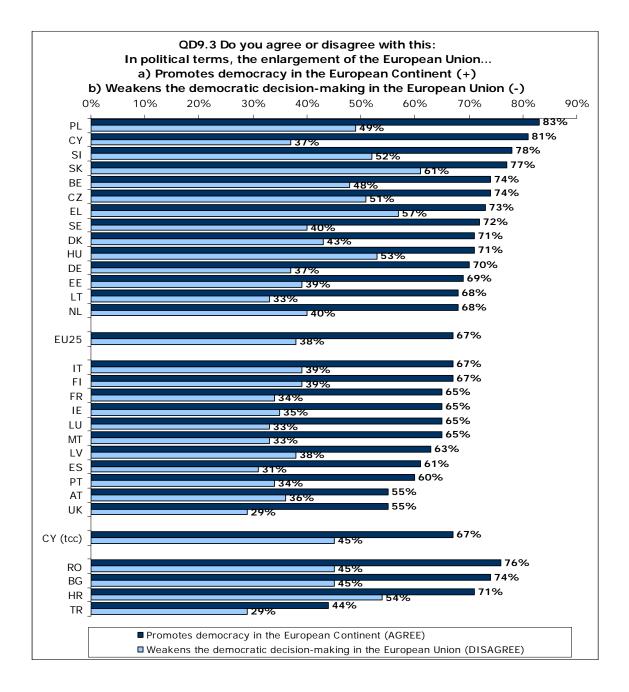


 $<sup>^{19}</sup>$  QD9.3 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it.

In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Promotes democracy in the European Continent.

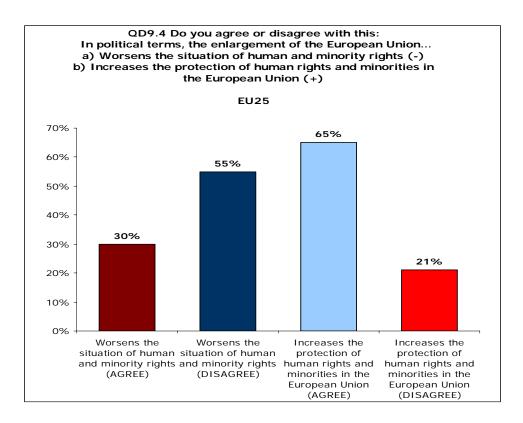
b. Weakens the democratic decision-making in the European Union.



# Human rights

Questionnaire source: QD9.4<sup>20</sup>

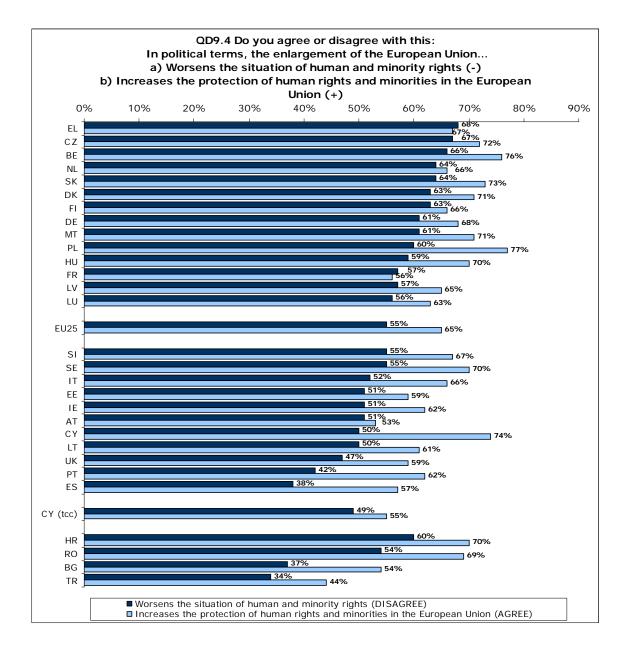
The favourable effect of enlargement on human and minority rights protection is clear. This broad recognition across Europe is reflected in the only 10 percentage points' difference between the 65% support for the positive, and the 55% objection to the negative statement. This implies a consistent position on the effects on human rights among respondents which does not depend on the way the question is asked.



 $<sup>^{20}</sup>$  QD9.4 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Worsens the situation of human and minority rights.

b. Increases the protection of human rights and minorities in the European Union.

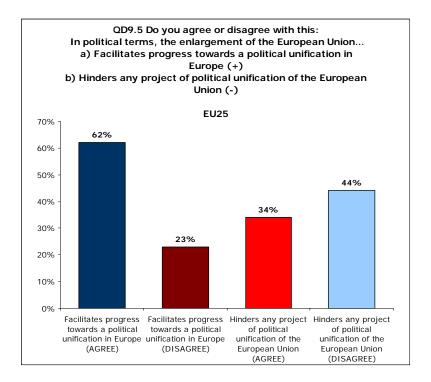


With regard to the consistency of respondents' answers, Belgians are the most convinced and Turks the least convinced that EU enlargement has a favourable influence on human rights protection. 76% of Belgians and 44% of Turks think it increases human rights protection, while respectively 66% and 34% disagree with the statement in other words, that it worsens the situation in this matter.

# Political unification

Questionnaire source: QD9.5<sup>21</sup>

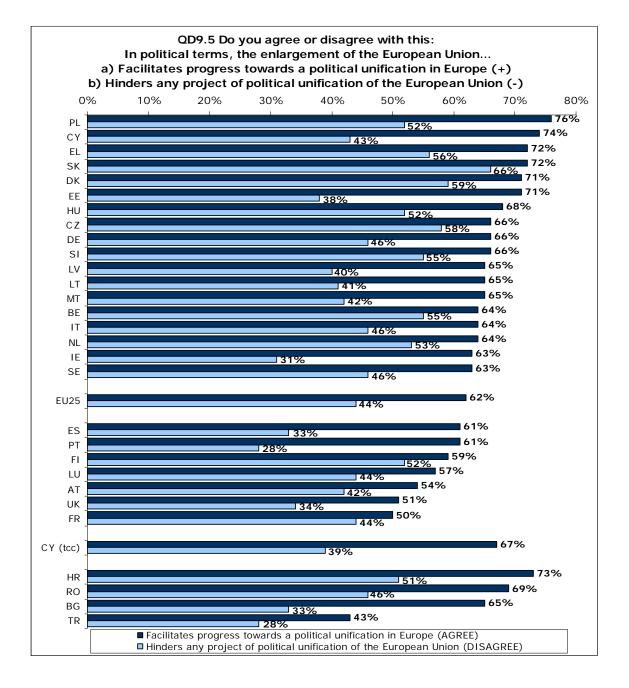
A relative majority (44%) of the European Union's population do not regard enlargement as an obstacle to political unification in the EU. 62% even think it facilitates progress towards this kind of integration. A significant number of respondents (34%), however, share the opinion that enlargement hinders any political unification project in the European Union. Overall, a slight consistency in opinion can be observed, which tells us that EU citizens generally believe that enlargement could lead to a real political unification.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> QD9.5 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Facilitates progress towards a political unification in Europe.

b. Hinders any project of political unification of the European Union.



Taking into account the answers to both questions, it is Slovak respondents who are most convinced and Turkish the least convinced that EU enlargement encourages political unification in Europe. 72% of Slovaks and 43% of Turks surveyed think enlargement facilitates progress towards political unification, while respectively 66% and 28% criticize the suggestion, that it hinders such a development.

## *2.2.2 Economic aspects of EU enlargement*

# - Public opinion in the European Union is divided on economic benefits of the EU enlargement -

We will see in a following chapter (2.3) the difference between EU citizens' perception of economic consequences of enlargement and objective economic indicators which are findings of a recent study analysing the consequences of the 2004 enlargement.

EU citizens tend to attach economic disadvantages to enlargement the most. They perceive enlargement as having an overall negative impact on the EU's and also on their own countries' economy. However, results reflected a quite divided European public opinion on the economic aspects of enlargement, since a significant minority of Europeans shares the opposite view.

Once again several Turks, Spaniards, Lithuanians and Portuguese had difficulties answering the questions: the proportion of "DK" replies is quite high for these questions.

In the case of positive statements, men, respondents with a higher educational background and a high socio-economic status tend to be more optimistic regarding the economic aspects of enlargement. This can be explained perhaps with the fact that their personal economic situation is usually more secure.

On the other hand in the case of the statement "enlargement makes the EU the biggest trade player in the world" alongside negative pronouncements, notable differences cannot be observed.

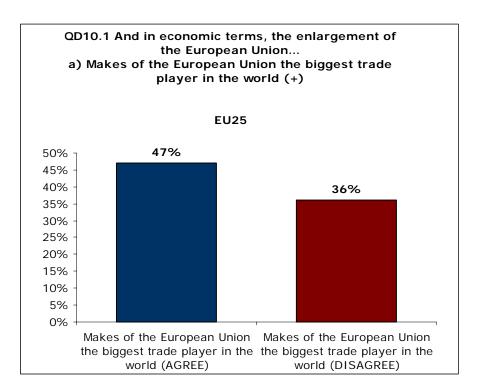
#### Globalisation

Citizens of the EU25 are not totally convinced that a larger European Union would have a better chance of meeting the challenges of globalisation and enhancing its capacity to compete with other international players. They are also quite divided about whether enlargement encourages economic development, moreover many think it increases labour transfer to countries where it is cheaper.

Since QD10.1 presents two quite different aspects of globalisation, these will be analysed separately.

Questionnaire source: QD10.a.1<sup>22</sup>

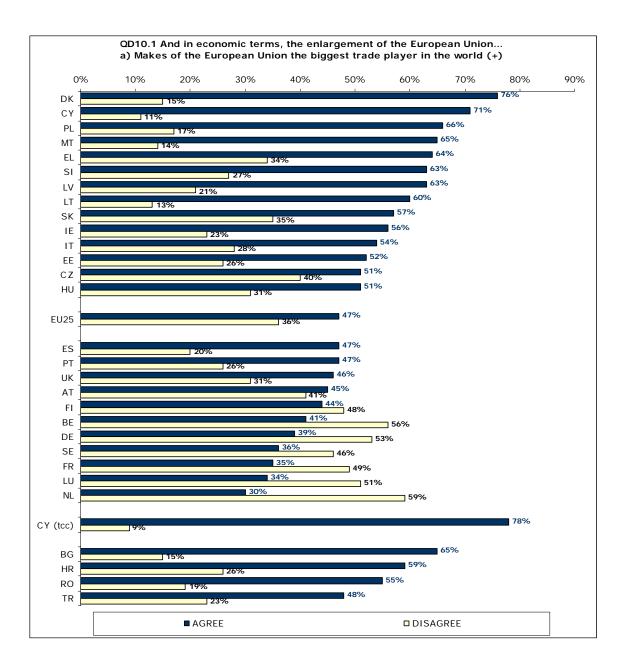
The statement "EU enlargement makes the Union the biggest trade player in the world" seems to be very ambitious in the eyes of Europeans interviewed; therefore over a third of them (36%) have expressed doubt in their answers. Nonetheless, a relative majority (47%) do believe the EU will become the biggest trade player thanks to enlargement.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> QD10a. And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

<sup>1.</sup> Makes of the European Union the biggest trade player in the world.

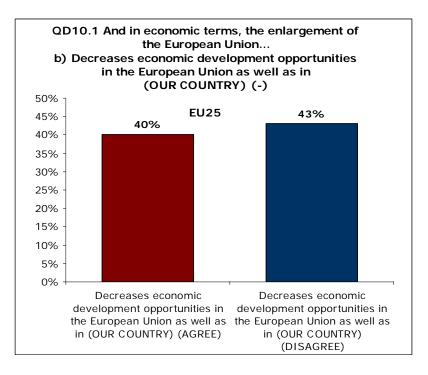
Public opinion in countries that in general favour enlargement tends to show more optimism in this matter (new member states, acceding countries, Denmark - 76% and Greece - 64%), whereas respondents in countries where public opinion is less enlargement-friendly (the Netherlands – 59%, Belgium – 56% and Germany – 53%) are inclined to be sceptical.



*Questionnaire source: QD10.b.1*<sup>23</sup>

Public opinion in the European Union is divided over whether enlargement generates opportunities or barriers for the European economy.

A relative majority of the EU population (43%) do not consider that enlargement limits economic development opportunities in the European Union as well as in their home country. Only 3 percentage less points respondents (40%) take the opposite view.



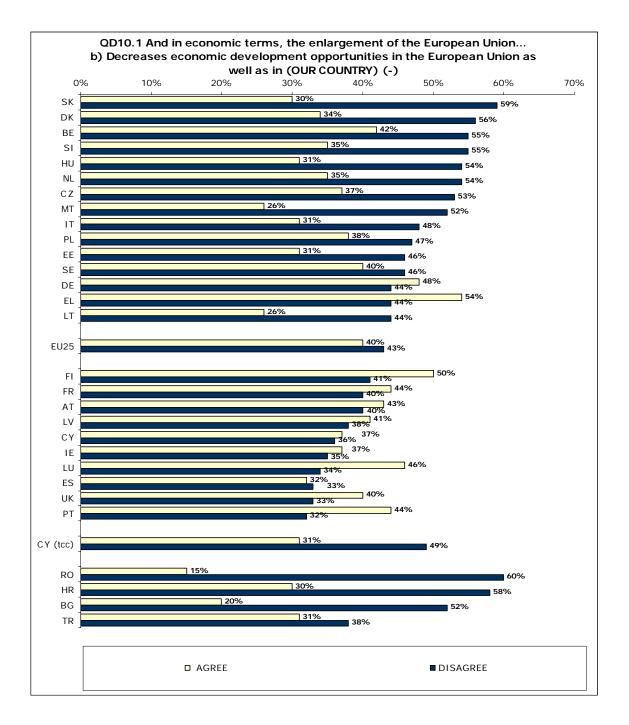
Country results mostly follow the general and political enlargement trend. Nevertheless not only new member states, acceding countries and Danes (56%) were more optimistic on this matter, but also the Belgians (55%) and Dutch (54%) who actually tend to oppose enlargement in general.

On the other hand, Greeks who favour enlargement in general, seem to worry most about decreasing economic opportunities (54%).

When comparing the country results of these previously presented aspects of globalisation, we can observe that in case of Belgium, the Netherlands and Greece figures indeed suggest controversial contradictory attitudes in relation to their general stance concerning the EU enlargement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> QD10b. And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

<sup>1.</sup> Decreases economic development opportunities in the European Union as well as in (OUR COUNTRY).

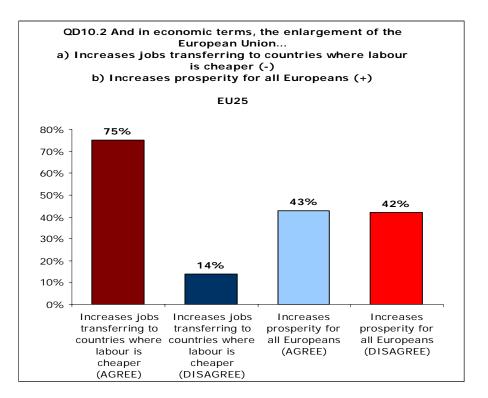


*Questionnaire source: QD10.2<sup>24</sup>* 

The following two statements are not totally comparable, yet the idea behind them is to find out if citizens consider that enlargement provides benefits for the whole, or only for certain groups of the EU population.

An overwhelming majority of citizens (75%) agree with the labour transfer effect of enlargement, whereby they confirm their perception of the actual tendencies of today's market economies. The Internal Market does indeed ensure a free movement of goods, services, people and capital, enabling a transfer of jobs from one Member State to another.

In addition, yet again, the outcome of the other question suggests respondents' pretty ambivalent expectations. 43% think the enlargement of the EU increases prosperity for all Europeans, while 42% do not agree with the universal benefit of enlargement in economic terms.



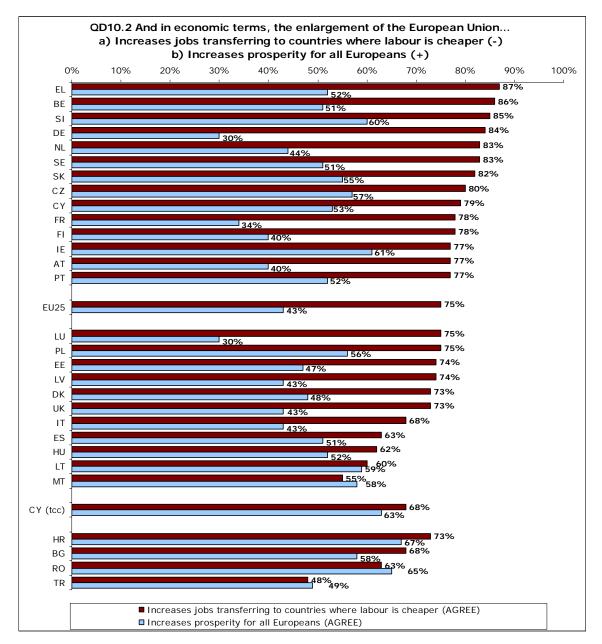
There is practically no difference between the old 15 (76%) and the 10 new member states (74%) in their perception of labour transfer to countries where labour is cheaper. This is reflected in the individual country figures: for example Greeks (87%), Belgians (86%) and Slovenes (85%) agree the most with this statement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> QD10.2 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Increases jobs transferring to countries where labour is cheaper.

b. Increases prosperity for all Europeans.

As regards the positive statement "enlargement increases prosperity for all Europeans", country results can be divided again over whether they support or oppose enlargement in general: Croat (67%), Romanian (65%) and Turkish Cypriot (63%) respondents think the most that enlargement contribute to the prosperity of the whole Union, meanwhile the majority of German (63%), Luxembourgish (57%), French (55%) and Finnish (56%) interviewees expressed their doubts on this concept.



As an additional socio-demographic feature, it is interesting to note that people born within the EU (but not in the surveyed country 56%) and outside Europe (55%), seem to believe more that enlargement brings prosperity for all Europeans than average EU citizens (43%).

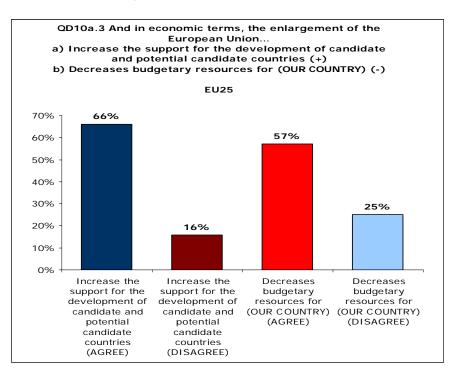
## Financing EU enlargement

Questionnaire source: QD10.3<sup>25</sup>

Two thirds of Europeans polled (66%) affirm the important role that enlargement plays in supporting the economic development of candidate and potential candidate countries.

**Nevertheless this support of (potential) candidate countries could burden the EU budget**: 57% of the EU25 population consider that enlargement, and thus the financial support of enlargement, decreases budgetary resources for their own country.

On the one hand, the majority of EU citizens agree with the idea of supporting candidate countries, but at the same time, they fear this would affect their personal economic status unfavourably.



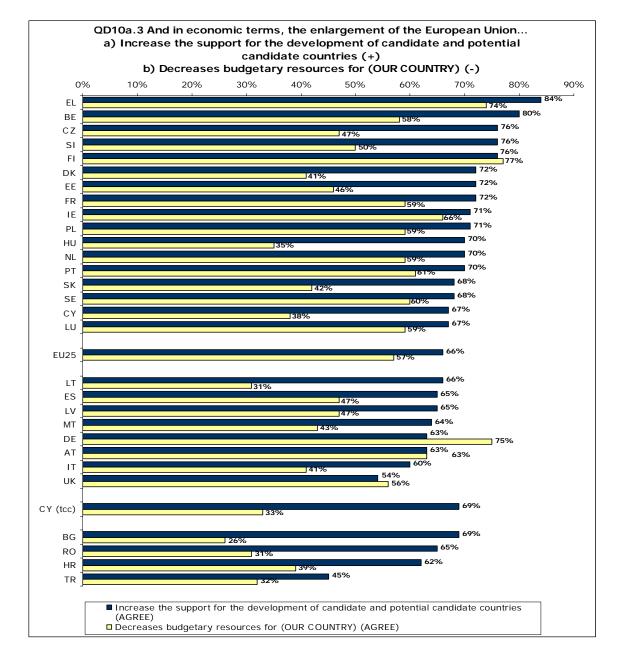
Practically speaking, in all countries surveyed the "developing function" of the enlargement process is recognized. This is the case particularly for Greece (84%), Belgium (80%), the Czech Republic (76%), Slovenia (76%) and Finland (76%).

In contrast the Finns (77%), Germans (75%) and Greeks (74%) surveyed worry about the decrease in their budgetary resources the most.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 25}$  QD10.3 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Increase the support for the development of candidate and potential candidate countries.

b. Decreases budgetary resources for (OUR COUNTRY).



It must be noted, however, that the amount spent on enlargement from the EU budget is lower than EU citizens perhaps assume. Taking the example of the most recent, and largest enlargement in 2004, an ex post facto study points out the following<sup>26</sup>: "In total about  $\in$  28 billion has been transferred to the 10 new Member States over the last 15 years.<sup>27</sup> The impact of enlargement on the budgetary resources of both the old and new Member States has been manageable. The financial contribution by old Member States to enlargement remains limited as it represents only 0.1% of their GDP."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Communication from the Commission to the Council and the European Parliament "Enlargement, Two Years After – An Economic Success", COM(2006)200, adopted on 03 May 2006.

http://ec.europa.eu/economy\_finance/publications/occasional\_papers/2006/ocp24en.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> This figure corresponds to actual disbursements, whereas 40 billion were foreseen as commitments 2004-2006.

# 2.2.3 Social aspects of EU enlargement

# - The social consequences of the enlargement are thought to be a mixed blessing -

The social aspects of EU enlargement divide the European Union population more than political ones but less than economic aspects. Although social advantages are recognized by the broad majority and positive statements implying such have been confirmed, some possible negative consequences of the enlargement also concern a significant majority of respondents.

These concerns equally worry citizens from both the old and the ten new member states; they are afraid of an increase in crime, illegal immigration and settlement of workers from future EU member states.

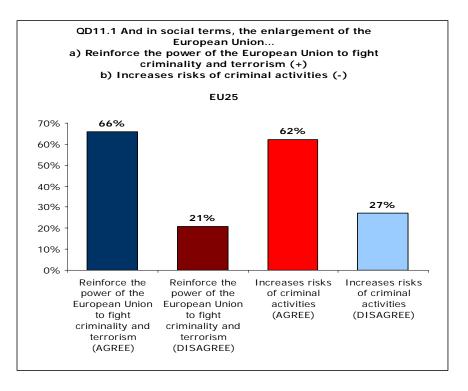
Cultural diversity and mobility issues divide European public opinion. Trends differ from the ones shown in questions exploring the general support for enlargement.

As before, most likely due to the lack of knowledge of or interest in EU affairs in general, a high number of Turks, Spaniards, Portuguese, Lithuanians and Romanians replied "don't know" to the following questions as well.

## Criminality

*Questionnaire source: QD11.1*<sup>28</sup>

Two thirds of the people living in the Union (66%) believe that enlargement reinforces the power of the EU to fight criminality and terrorism. Almost the same proportion of EU citizens' (62%) fear that risks of criminal activities will increase because of enlargement. Though criminality is the subject of both statements, the existence of the one phenomenon does not exclude the other. It must also be noted, that the "increased risk of crime" implies a potential rather than a definite consequence.



At the country level, in addition to citizens from countries where public opinion is in favour of enlargement in general (the 10 new member states, acceding countries, Sweden 74%, Denmark 70% and Ireland 71%), Dutch (76%) and German (73%) respondents also tend to see some likely benefits of enlargement from a global point of view, namely the opportunity for better cooperation in fighting – often cross-border - crime and terrorism.

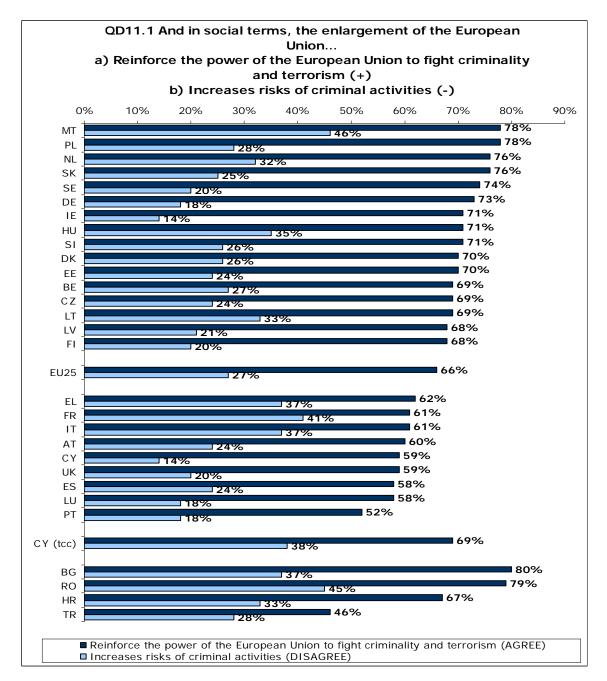
Although roughly one third of Austrians (34%), Luxembourgers (31%) and Finns (29%) interviewed have expressed their reservations on this matter, the majority of the population in these countries (Austria 60%, Luxembourg 58% and Finland 68%), still believe in the reinforcing effect of enlargement on cooperation in criminal affairs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> QD11.1 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Reinforce the power of the European Union to fight criminality and terrorism.

b. Increases risks of criminal activities.

As previously mentioned there is no difference between old (62%) and new member states (62%) in regard to their fear of increased crime risk; however respondents who are afraid of this potential effect the most, are from the EU15 (Luxembourg 80%, Germany 78%, Finland 76%, Sweden 76% and Ireland 76%). On the other hand Maltese (46%), Romanian (45%) and French (41%) interviewees worry about such risks the least.

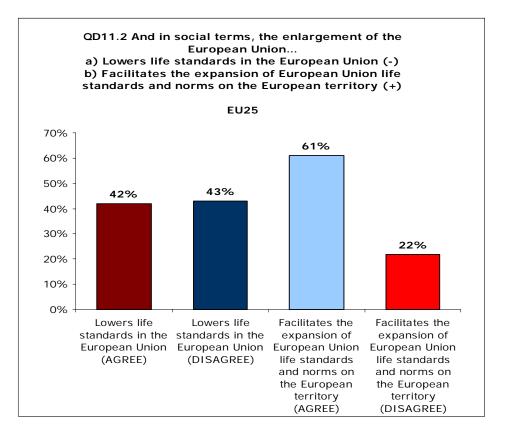


The potential increase in crime divides the EU population in terms of age too; as it is often the case for criminality and security matters, the older the respondents are, the more they fear for their safety, and thus see a potential increase of risks of crime due to enlargement.

## Life standard

Questionnaire source: QD11.2<sup>29</sup>

The EU population seems to be quite divided on how people estimate the impact of enlargement on life standards. On the one hand, 61% see it as a chance for an expansion of EU life standards in Europe. On the other hand, only 43% think that this equalisation will not be realised by a lowering of current standards. Almost as many respondents (42%) consider that enlargement brings about a reduction in living standards.

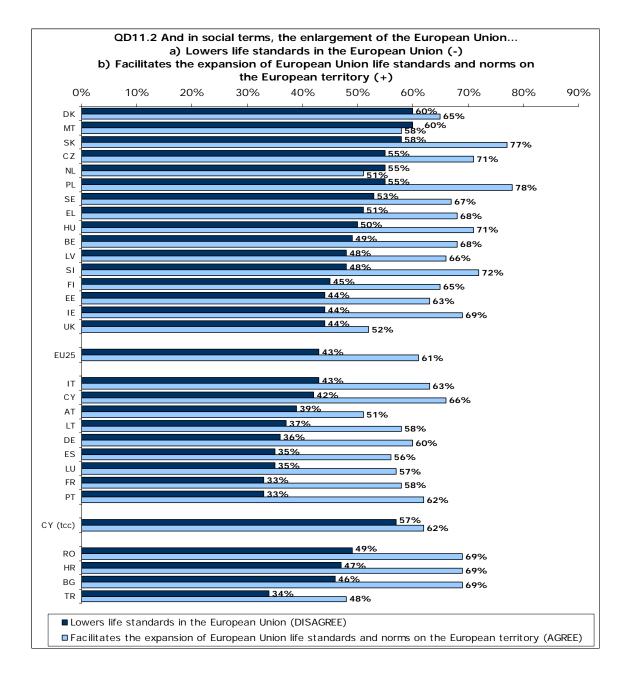


Country results follow the trends we have seen when analysing the general and political aspects of enlargement. Respondents in countries where public opinion is in favour of enlargement such as Poland (78%), Slovakia (77%), the Czech Republic (71%) and Hungary (71%) are the most convinced that enlargement facilitates the expansion of EU life standards. On the contrary 58% of Germans, 54% of French, 53% of Austrians, 50% of Finns and Luxembourgers surveyed consider that enlargement lowers the standard of living in the EU.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> QD11.2 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Lowers life standards in the European Union.

b. Facilitates the expansion of European Union life standards and norms on the European territory.

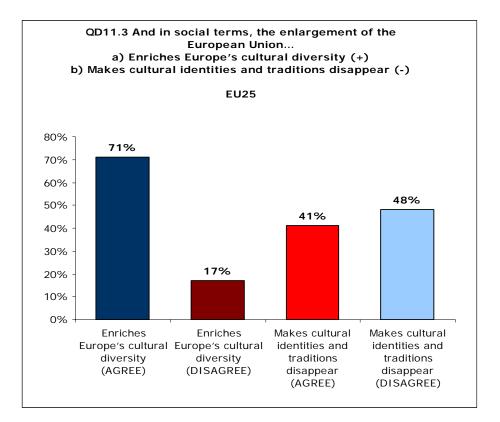


In socio-demographic terms men (67%), the better educated (end of studies at age 15: 52%; 16-19: 60%; 20+: 72%; still studying: 67%) as well as managers (73%), self-employed (68%) and students (67%) agree more often with the statement that enlargement facilitates the expansion of European life standards and norms. In contrast, people who were born in Europe but outside the EU seem to be less optimistic concerning the expansion of EU living standards on European territory; compared to the EU25 average (61% agree and 22% disagree) only 45% trust in the expansion of EU living standards, while 34% expect the reverse.

#### Cultural diversity

Questionnaire source: QD11.3<sup>30</sup>

Seven out of ten (71%) EU citizens agree that enlargement enriches Europe's cultural diversity. In respect to the reverse question, 48% objected to the disappearance of cultural identities and traditions, while quite a significant number of interviewees (41%) foresee this possible negative consequence. It seems that Europeans surveyed are enthusiastic about the positive aspect of enlargement, but at the same time they fear for the maintenance of their cultural identities.



Apart from the new member states, the population of Belgium (82%) and Luxembourg (78%), Greece (80%), as well as Finland (78%) and Sweden (77%) believe the most that enlargement enriches Europe's cultural diversity.

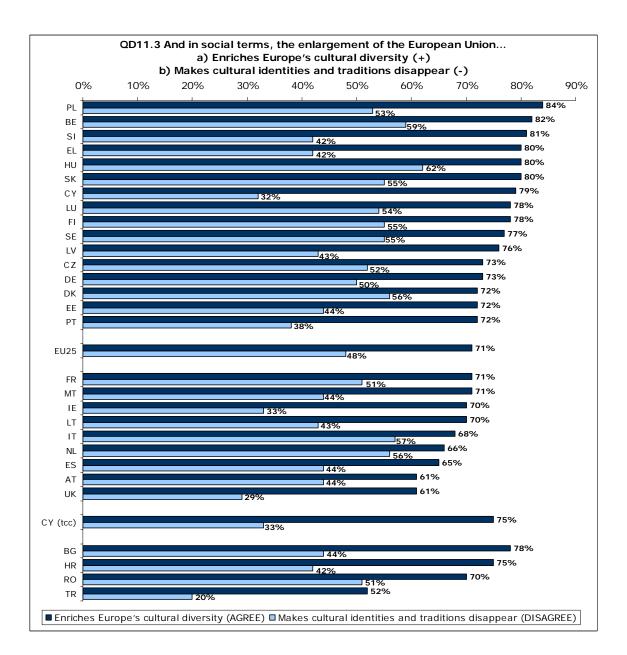
Even though there is hardly any dissent about the cultural enrichment of Europe through enlargement, the majority of British 56% and Irish 57%, Greek 57% and Cypriot 50% as well as Turkish 51% and Turkish Cypriot 54% respondents worry about the disappearance of their cultural identities and traditions. In contrast, 62%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> QD11.3 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Enriches Europe's cultural diversity.

b. Makes cultural identities and traditions disappear.

of Hungarians do not share this fear, and do not expect the disappearance of their cultural identity or traditions because of enlargement.

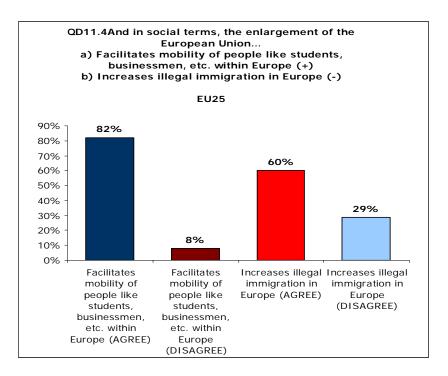


#### Mobility

Questionnaire source: QD11.4<sup>31</sup>

The following two statements are not totally comparable; one of them concerns mobility mainly from an "internal" point of view (+), meanwhile the other one concerns immigration also from outside the EU (-).

An overwhelming majority of the EU population (82%) recognise the positive value of mobility that is provided by the European Union. However, 60% of EU citizens have concerns about the increase of illegal immigration in Europe. The 22 percentage points difference between the two figures in favour of recognition of the advantages of European mobility compared to the increase of illegal immigration must be noticed.

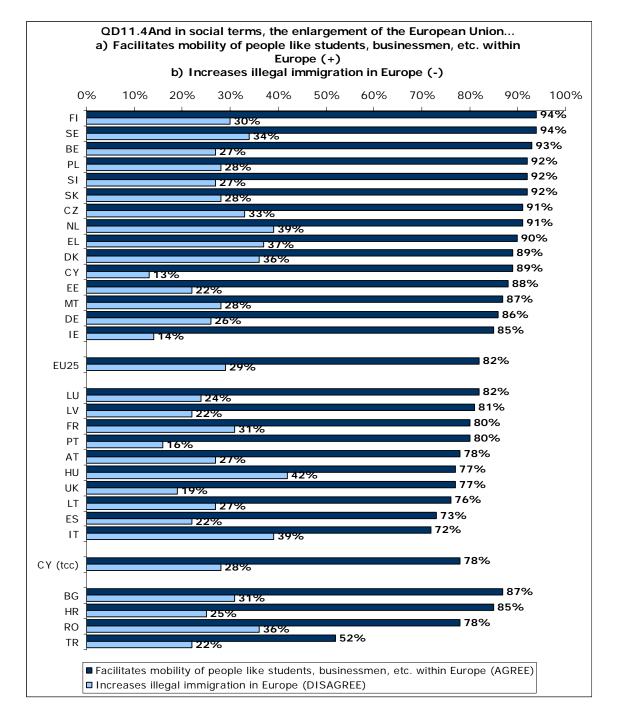


In all countries, a clear support has been given for the positive effects of mobility. On the other hand, both old (60%) and new (58%) member states' citizens are afraid of an increase in illegal immigration through EU enlargement. However, except Cyprus (72%), the EU15 countries stand at the very top of the country scale in this respect. Several EU15 states are more affected by (illegal) immigration because immigrants hope to attain a better life in a shorter period of time in these countries.

 $<sup>^{31}</sup>$  QD11.4 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Facilitates mobility of people like students, businessmen, etc. within Europe.

b. Increases illegal immigration in Europe.



An increase in illegal immigration as a consequence of enlargement makes people with "right-wing" political views more anxious (66%), than people on the "left" (54%).

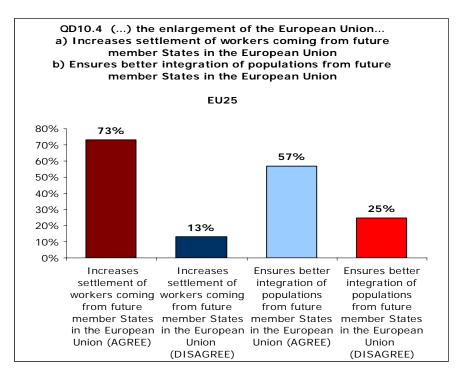
Further, 71% of respondents who oppose enlargement in general fear the increase of illegal immigration, while enlargement supporters (54%) are less afraid of this phenomenon.

*Questionnaire source: QD10.4<sup>32</sup>* 

The potential migration flow of populations from future member states is a peculiar aspect of European mobility; an even more specialised issue is workers' mobility from these countries. The two statements of the questionnaire are therefore not contradictory and not entirely comparable; moreover they can not be regarded as evidently positive or negative aspects of European mobility issues.

Almost three quarters of Europeans polled (73%) think that enlargement increases the settlement of workers from future member states in the EU. On the other hand, 57% of respondents agree that enlargement ensures better integration of populations from these countries in the European Union.

This integration definitely cannot be reduced to workers alone, but should imply the political, legal, economic and social integration of the whole population of a future member state from the time of accession. Experience of previous enlargements may ease future such processes.<sup>33</sup>



At the country level, trends regarding the increase of settlement of workers from future member states, are the same as for the previous question on illegal immigration: Old and new member states' citizens consider equally (73%) that enlargement increases the settlement of workers from future member states in the EU. However, apart from Cyprus (83%), EU15 countries stand at the very top of the country scale in this respect.

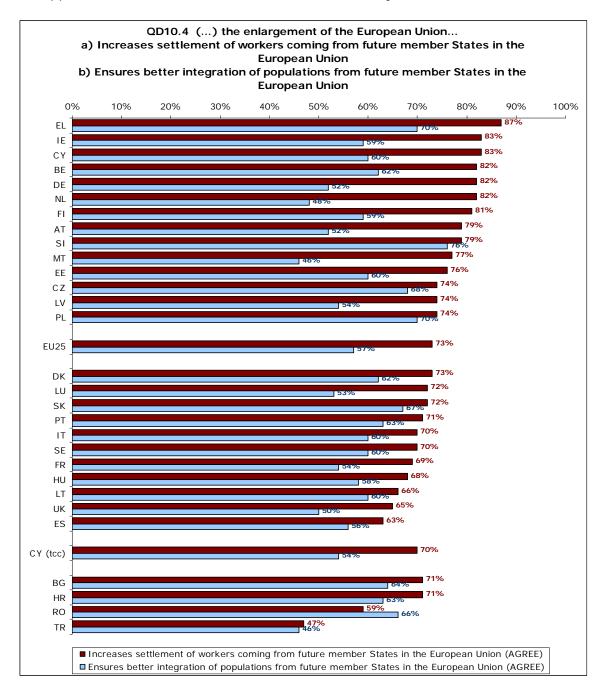
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> QD10.4 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

a. Increases settlement of workers coming from future member States in the European Union.

b. Ensures better integration of populations from future member States in the European Union.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Chapter 2.3 deals with the impact of the recent enlargement with regard to migration flow.

Concerning the integration of populations from future member states in the EU, the tendencies comply with the ones observed at the analysis of the general and the political aspects of enlargement. Countries where public opinion supports enlargement in general (Slovenia – 76%, Greece – 70% and Poland – 70%) think the most that enlargement ensures better integration of populations of future member states, meanwhile those where there are more enlargement opponents hold the opposite view (the Netherlands - 40% and Germany - 38%).



All the different socio-demographic groups think that enlargement increases the settlement of workers from future EU member states in the Union, and the previously observed trends cannot therefore be noted.

# 2.3. Perception of the last enlargement (1<sup>st</sup> May 2004)

# - EU citizens do not know much about trade issues but perceive migration flows as important -

Two years after the largest enlargement in the European Union's history it is reasonable to review citizens' perception on topics which usually divide them in this context, namely economic benefits and migration.

# Apparently there are some differences between the perception of respondents regarding the trade and migration aspects of enlargement and the reality.

A recent study<sup>34</sup> analysing the impact of the 2004 enlargement points out that the total value of exports by the EU15 to the new member states is much higher than its imports from these countries. Thus the old member states have taken advantage of the enlargement. "*The new member states are the most important trade partner of the old Member States: about 70% of extra EU-10 imports of good in 2005 come from the old MS, with Germany being the top exporter. These exports helped to maintain and create jobs. [... since accession] the trade surplus with the new MS remained substantial.*"

The same study concluded the migration consequences of the most recent enlargement as follows: "the potential threats that have dominated emotively recent enlargement debates are overplayed; they are not supported by evidence nor is the potential for large migratory flows from the new Member States to the EU-15 is consistent, on the basis of recent trends, with rational reasoning." [...] Migratory flows have in general been small and there have been no substantial disruptions of national labour market. [...] the 2004 enlargement, with its derogations, has had no negative impact of EU-15 labour markets and as incomes and job opportunities in the EU-10 improve the risks for large migratory flows towards the EU-15 is diminishing.<sup>35</sup>

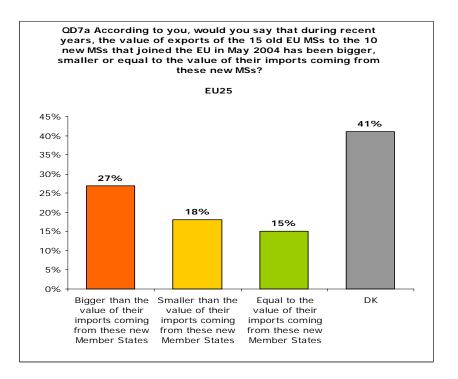
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Communication from the Commission to the Council and the European Parliament "Enlargement, Two Years After – An Economic Success", COM(2006)200, adopted on 03 May 2006.

http://ec.europa.eu/economy\_finance/publications/occasional\_papers/2006/ocp24en.pdf

<sup>&</sup>quot;The EU-10 countries are very open economies with trade (exports plus imports) representing an average of 93% of GDP compared with an EU-15 average of 55%. The EU-15 share in total EU-10 trade has risen from about 56% in 1993 to 62% in 2005. The EU-10 market share in EU-15 imports has also increased by 8 percentage points to about 13% over the period 1993-2005 (excluding intra-EU-15 trade) with the Czech Republic and Poland (with market share of about 3.5%, each) being the largest exporters. [...] While the market gains of the EU-10 have been significant, reflecting competitive labour cost conditions, the EU-15 continue to run a substantial trade surplus with the new Member States."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> "In 2005, the highest shares of non-nationals in the working age population (about 1%) are in Austria and Germany, of which 1.5% and 0.6% respectively, come from EU-10 (Note that about 7% are non-EU nationals). The largest EU-10 stock of bout 2% is in Ireland where non-nationals make up 8% of the working age population. Those Member without restrictions fro EU-10 workers States (e.g. Ireland and the United Kingdom) had a better employment performance."

#### Questionnaire source: QD7a<sup>36</sup>



Four out of ten Europeans polled (41%) seem in no position to estimate the trade consequences of the last enlargement. To the question comparing the value of exports of old member states to new ones, with the value of imports to the EU15 from the 10 new member states; 27% answered that the value of the EU15's export is bigger, while 18% hold the opposite view and finally 15% assessed the two as equal.

As we have seen previously in this chapter respondents are indeed not aware of the real trade effects of enlargement.

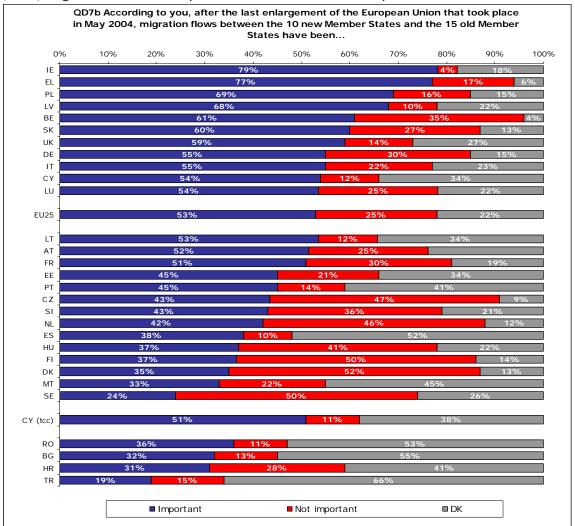
When analysing country results, no striking differences between the country variables can be observed, except for a higher proportion of "DK" replies from citizens of the already perceived countries (Spain 71%, Malta 65%, Portugal 63%, Cyprus 60%, Bulgaria 73%, Turkey 69% and Romania 67%).

Socio-demographic variables correspond to the trends emerged for question QD1 since knowledge of trade aspects of the enlargement implies some knowledge of enlargement in general. Compared to an average EU citizen (27%), men (32%), highly educated respondents (37%) and managers (39%) have estimated the volume of EU15's export to the new member states to be bigger. The majority of people who finished full time education at the age of 15 (53%) and house persons (54%) replied "don't know" to this question.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> QD7a According to you, would you say that during recent years, the value of exports of the 15 old European Union Member States to the 10 new Member States that joined the European Union in May 2004 has been bigger, smaller or equal to the value of their imports coming from these new Member States?

## Questionnaire source: QD7b<sup>37</sup>

The majority of the EU25 population (53%) have perceived migration flows between the 10 new and the 15 old member states as important. One in four interviewees (25%) regarded it as not important, while 22% had no opinion on this issue.



Only a solid, 6 percentage points' difference can be observed between the perceptions of old (52% as important) and new (58% as important) member states' citizens regarding the significance of migration.

At the top of the country scale are member states to which (Ireland – 79% and Belgium – 61%) or from which (Poland - 69% and Latvia – 68%), EU citizens have probably migrated.

Compared to the EU25 average (25%), it is again men (27%), people finished their education at 20 or even later (33%) and managers (36%) who consider migration flows as least important. On the other hand there is no significant difference among socio-demographic groups when it comes to seeing migration as important.

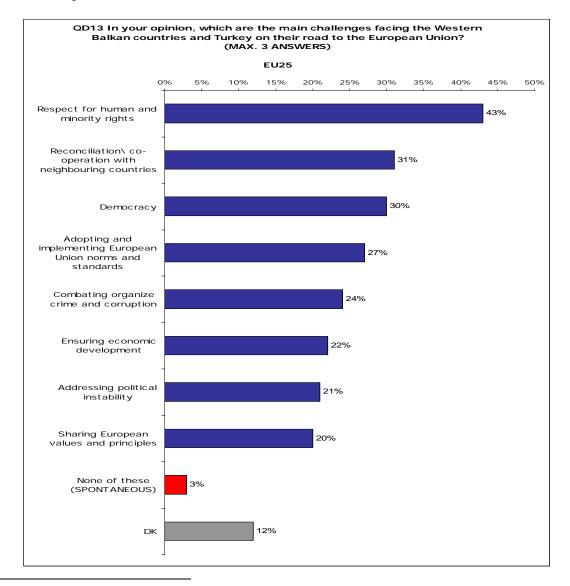
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> QD7b According to you, after the last enlargement of the European Union that took place in May 2004, migration flows between the 10 new Member States and the 15 old Member States have been...

# 3. Future EU enlargement

# - Respecting human rights is seen to be the main challenge facing the possible new member states –

Questionnaire source: QD13<sup>38</sup>

Apart from the two negotiating candidate countries - Croatia and Turkey -, all other Western Balkan countries aspire to membership of the European Union as well. According to the surveyed Europeans the main challenges facing all these countries, on their way to the EU, are respect for human and minority rights (43%), reconciliation/cooperation with neighbouring countries (31%) and democracy (30%).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> QD13 We understand the Western Balkan countries as Croatia, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia and Montenegro including Kosovo under UN administration. In your opinion, which are the main challenges facing the Western Balkan countries and Turkey on their road to the European Union?

Respect for human and minority rights would cause difficulties for aspiring countries especially according to French (62%), Luxembourgers (62%), Swedes (60%), Finns (59%), Greek Cypriots (59%) and Greeks (57%).

Greek Cypriots (52%), Greeks (50%), Swedes (48%) and Slovenes (47%) find reconciliation and cooperation with neighbouring countries challenging for the countries in question the most.

Another eye-catching observation is that, compared to the 30% for the EU25 average, 51% of Danes are concerned about democracy.

western	Daikan countries and	Union?	
		Reconciliation/ co-	
	Respect for human	operation with	Democracy
	and minority rights	neighbouring	Democracy
		countries	
EU25	43%	31%	30%
FR	62%	36%	41%
LU	62%	32%	27%
SE	60%	48%	37%
СҮ	59%	52%	27%
FI	59%	41%	25%
EL	57%	50%	30%
BE	55%	32%	37%
DK	53%	36%	51%
SK	49%	33%	25%
NL	48%	32%	34%
DE	47%	35%	36%
CZ	44%	39%	20%
SI	42%	47%	32%
AT	40%	27%	24%
UK	38%	25%	23%
IT	37%	23%	24%
HU	37%	41%	30%
PL	36%	43%	29%
EE	35%	33%	19%
IE	35%	28%	23%
LV	32%	15%	16%
MT	28%	17%	32%
PT	27%	16%	25%
ES	26%	17%	26%
LT	18%	23%	19%
СҮ	28%	22%	25%
(TCC)	2070	2270	2376
HR	37%	33%	24%
RO	32%	22%	22%
BG	26%	28%	18%
TR	25%	14%	27%

QD13 In your opinion, which are the main challenges facing the Western Balkan countries and Turkey on their road to the European

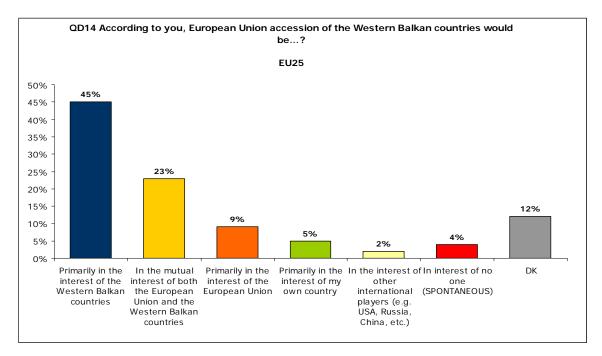
Compared to the EU average, slightly more highly educated people (human rights 51%, reconciliation 39%, and democracy 37%) and managers (human rights 50%, reconciliation 39%, and democracy 34%) specified the three main challenges in their answers.

## 3.1. Prospect of enlargement with respect to Western Balkan countries

- A relative majority of EU citizens sees the possible Western Balkan enlargement as primarily in the interest of the countries of this region -

Questionnaire source: QD14<sup>39</sup>

A relative majority of the EU25 population (45%) consider the accession of the Western Balkan countries as primarily in the interest of the aspirants themselves. Almost one quarter of respondents (23%) however, regard these possible accessions to be of mutual interest to both the EU and these countries.



Compared to the EU average (9%), acceding (Bulgaria 18%, Romania 20%) and candidate countries' (Croatia 25%, Turkey 20%) citizens are more of the opinion that Western Balkan enlargement would be primarily in the interest of the European Union.

People from member states where public opinion is rather against enlargement (Finland 68%, Belgium 58%, Germany 57% and Luxembourg 57%) tend to consider that Western Balkan accessions would rather be in the interest of these countries. By contrast, countries that favour enlargement in general (Sweden 38%, Slovenia 37%, Croatia 36% and Denmark 35%) also tend a bit more to see the Western Balkan enlargement as of mutual interest to both parties.

Enlargement supportive socio-demographic groups<sup>40</sup> (men 25%, people with advanced studies 31% and managers 31%) tend to more often regard possible EU

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> QD14 According to you, European Union accession of the Western Balkan countries would be...?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> QA30.4 What is your opinion on...further enlargement of the European Union to include other countries in futures years? See page 3 of this report.

membership for Western Balkan countries as of mutual interest, than their counterparts within the same groups.

Questionnaire source: QD16<sup>41</sup>

Regarding the public opinion of the European Union on the membership of each Western Balkan country, we have to emphasise the dynamic character of the question: The **current questionnaire** contains **no timeline** for the accession of these countries, but points out the **necessity of complying with all the conditions set by the EU as a premise of membership**. It is very likely that the fact of mentioning a timeline in a question would affect citizens' perception about the accession of new countries to the European Union.

Probably due to these features of the question, **an increase (8 percentage points on average)** of support for the membership can be observed in case of all aspirant countries when comparing the results with the Standard Eurobarometer figures of Autumn 2005.<sup>42</sup>

We also have to keep in mind, firstly that section 1 has shown EU citizens feel in general they know little about the enlargement process and secondly that perceptions of citizens are likely to change – either in a positive or a negative way –, as aspirant countries make progress in meeting conditions as they get nearer to accession.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> QD16 Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union? Once (INSERT COUNTRY) complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, would you be... to the accession of (INSERT COUNTRY) to the European Union? QD16.1 The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

QD16.2 Albania

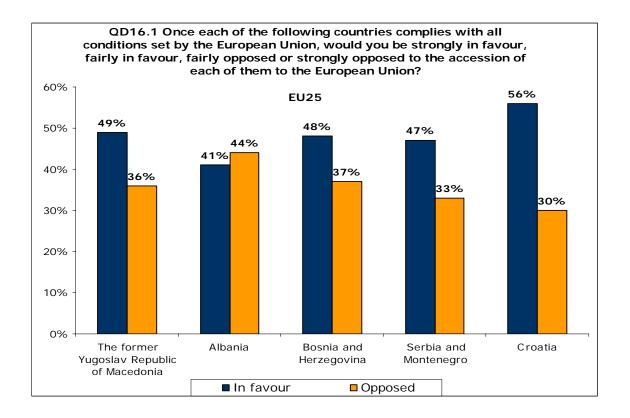
QD16.3 Bosnia and Herzegovina

QD16.4 Serbia and Montenegro

QD16.6 Croatia

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Standard Eurobarometer 64 (Autumn 2005): QA44. For each of the following countries, would you be in favour or against it becoming part of the European Union in the future?

According to the results of the present survey, **only Croatia** (56%; Standard 64: 51%) would enjoy **the support of the majority of the EU25 population** for its accession once the country complies with all the conditions set by the EU. **A relative majority of Europeans polled is also in favour of the accession of the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia** (49%; Standard 64: 41%), **Bosnia and Herzegovina** (48%; Standard 64: 40%) **and Serbia and Montenegro<sup>43</sup>** (47%; Standard 64: 39%), provided they comply with all conditions set by the EU. These results correspond to the support for enlargement in general. **However, EU citizens are much more divided about the possible accession of Albania**: a relative majority (44%; Standard 64: in favour 33% and against 50%) is opposed to its accession to the EU even if it complies with all requirements set by the EU.



Country by country results reflect the same tendencies we have seen for the general enlargement support issue. For the detailed country figures please see table below.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> State Union of Serbia and Montenegro, at the time the fieldwork of this survey was carried out.

#### QD16. Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union?

	Repu	r Yugoslav blic of donia		ania	Bosni	ia and govina	Serbi	a and enegro	Cro	atia
	In favour	Opposed	In favour	Opposed	In favour	Opposed	In favour	Opposed	In favour	Opposed
EU25	49%	36%	41%	44%	48%	37%	47%	39%	56%	30%
EU15	47%	38%	40%	46%	47%	39%	45%	40%	53%	34%
NMS	58%	26%	47%	37%	55%	29%	55%	30%	72%	14%
2 AC	67%	7%	59%	13%	63%	9%	65%	7%	68%	5%
BE	57%	40%	42%	54%	53%	44%	53%	44%	62%	36%
cz	51%	40%	29%	62%	46%	46%	49%	44%	80%	15%
DK	66%	26%	59%	34%	65%	28%	64%	29%	68%	25%
DE	40%	52%	29%	65%	41%	52%	37%	55%	51%	43%
EE	54%	27%	47%	33%	51%	29%	48%	32%	54%	26%
EL	50%	49%	39%	60%	62%	36%	67%	32%	64%	35%
ES	50%	18%	50%	19%	50%	18%	50%	18%	51%	18%
FR	53%	38%	46%	44%	51%	40%	50%	41%	55%	37%
IE	53%	19%	47%	23%	49%	21%	45%	23%	54%	18%
т	40%	43%	34%	51%	40%	45%	41%	45%	51%	36%
СҮ	58%	26%	43%	43%	58%	26%	64%	20%	60%	25%
LV	48%	31%	38%	40%	43%	35%	42%	38%	49%	30%
LT	49%	22%	39%	32%	46%	25%	45%	27%	51%	21%
LU	36%	54%	29%	62%	36%	55%	33%	57%	44%	47%
HU	45%	42%	32%	56%	45%	42%	43%	45%	81%	11%
мт	51%	16%	45%	20%	49%	17%	46%	18%	53%	13%
NL	64%	29%	55%	38%	63%	32%	61%	34%	68%	27%
AT	32%	62%	21%	73%	35%	59%	30%	65%	55%	40%
PL	63%	19%	59%	23%	61%	20%	60%	22%	70%	13%
РТ	42%	26%	40%	27%	39%	28%	40%	28%	41%	26%
SI	74%	21%	56%	39%	69%	26%	66%	29%	66%	29%
SK	63%	26%	34%	54%	53%	35%	56%	32%	83%	8%
FI	56%	40%	49%	47%	53%	43%	49%	47%	58%	39%
SE	71%	21%	64%	27%	70%	22%	67%	24%	73%	18%
UK	43%	34%	40%	38%	43%	36%	41%	37%	47%	33%
_										
СҮ (ТСС)	53%	14%	54%	14%	53%	15%	53%	15%	53%	15%
BG	71%	5%	49%	23%	61%	12%	66%	8%	68%	6%
RO	65%	7%	63%	9%	64%	8%	65%	7%	68%	5%
HR	71%	16%	62%	25%	73%	15%	53%	35%	71%	22%
TR	40%	22%	43%	20%	44%	20%	37%	25%	38%	23%

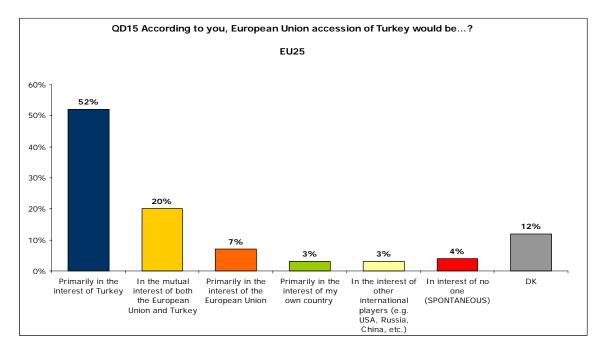
Socio-demographic trends comply with the ones for question QD30.4 about the general support of EU enlargement. With respect to the possible accession of concrete countries, age seems to be a less determining factor than it is in general terms. However, it can be concluded that elderly (respondents at least 55 years old) are definitely more against enlargement of any kind.

# 3.2. Prospect of enlargement with respect to Turkey

# -A majority of EU citizens sees Turkey's membership of the EU as primarily in Turkey's interest -

Questionnaire source: QD1544

The majority of Europeans interviewed (52%) see the accession of Turkey as mainly in the interest of the country itself. 20% would see a mutual interest to both the EU and Turkey for its entry in the European Union.



Trends are similar to the ones at QD14: In comparison to the EU average (7%), acceding (Bulgaria 12%, Romania 18%) and negotiating candidate countries' (Croatia 15%, and Turkey 34%) citizens tend to emphasise primarily the interest of the European Union. In fact, more Turks think that their membership of the EU would be primarily in the interest of the Union than of mutual interest to both (30%).

Only 13% of Turkish citizens consider their country to have the most interest on possible accession. This result is in line with the general attitudes of the Turkish citizens about the enlargement perceived throughout this report: they appear not to be convinced that their country's membership would be beneficial for them.

People from countries where public opinion is in general less in favour of enlargement (Finland 73%, Belgium 66%, Germany 68% and Luxembourg 62%),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> QD15 According to you, European Union accession of Turkey would be...?

rather underline the interest of Turkey primarily in its accession to the EU. Meanwhile, respondents from countries where public opinion is relatively more enlargement friendly (Sweden 35%, the Netherlands 31% and Denmark 29%) tend a bit more to regard Turkey's accession as of mutual interest to both parties.

31% of Turkish Cypriots see the accession of Turkey as a "win - win situation", 26% consider it would serve primarily the interest of their own community and 24% think it would be in the interest of the EU.

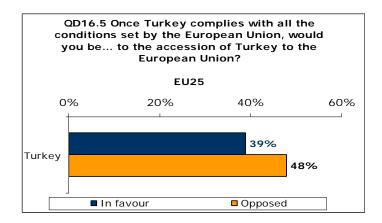
The socio-demographic figures are also consistent with the ones for QD14.

*Questionnaire source: QD16*<sup>45</sup>

Once again we have to underline the dynamic character of the question and the further aspects discussed previously at the Western Balkan countries.

As the current question foresees **no timeline** for the accession of Turkey, but **as a premise of the membership** emphasises **the requirement of complying with all the conditions set by the EU**, **an increase (8 percentage points)** of support for the membership can be observed compared to the result at the Standard Eurobarometer 64 of Autumn 2005.<sup>46</sup>

According to the present public opinion in the European Union, of all the candidate and potential candidate countries, **Turkey's accession generates the most disapproval**. 48% (Standard 64: 55%) is opposed; while 39% (Standard 64: 31%) is in favour of its entry to the EU even if it complies with all conditions set by the EU.



The country results correspond to the general and Western Balkan enlargement trends: respondents in countries that are in favour of enlargement in general also

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> QD16.5 Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union? Once (INSERT COUNTRY) complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, would you be... to the accession of (INSERT COUNTRY) to the European Union? Turkey <sup>46</sup> Standard Eurobarometer 64 (Autumn 2005): QA44. For each of the following countries, would you be in favour or against it becoming part of the European Union in the future?

support Turkey's accession while citizens in countries that oppose enlargement would reject its membership.

The Turkish Cypriot Community (67%) is most in favour of Turkey's joining the EU, even more than Turkey itself (54%). The strongest opposition of the accession of Turkey can be observed in Austria (81%), Germany (69%) and in Luxemburg (69%). Cyprus (68%) and Greece (67%) are also fairly against Turkey's membership in the European Union, even though they support the accession of countries in general.

QD16.5 Once Turkey complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, wou	ia yoa
be to the <u>accession of Turkey to the Euro</u> pean Union?	

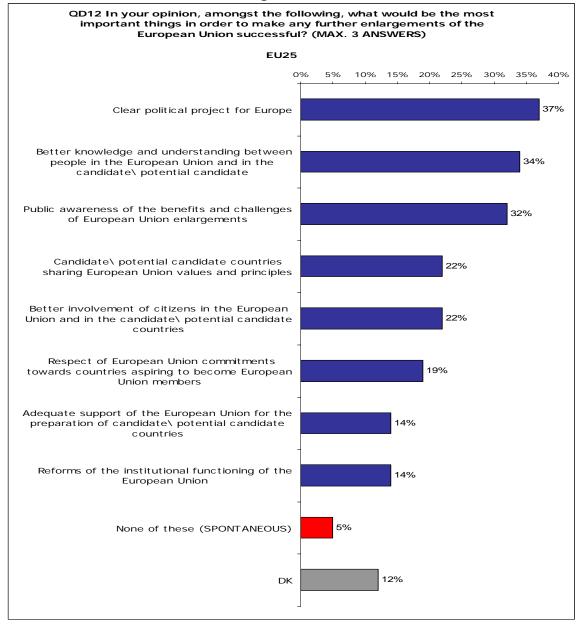
	Turkey		
	In favour	Opposed	
EU25	39%	48%	
EU15	38%	49%	
NMS	44%	40%	
2 AC	61%	12%	
BE	43%	55%	
cz	32%	61%	
DK	50%	44%	
DE	27%	69%	
EE	35%	49%	
EL	33%	67%	
ES	47%	23%	
FR	39%	54%	
IE	40%	32%	
ІТ	36%	49%	
СҮ	26%	68%	
LV	35%	47%	
LT	33%	42%	
LU	24%	69%	
HU	44%	46%	
мт	35%	31%	
NL	55%	42%	
AT	13%	81%	
PL	51%	31%	
РТ	37%	30%	
SI	53%	41%	
SK	33%	55%	
FI	42%	55%	
SE	60%	33%	
UK	42%	39%	
СҮ (ТСС)	67%	15%	
BG	47%	26%	
RO	66%	7%	
HR	58%	28%	
TR	54%	22%	

### 3.3. Means to ensure the success of future enlargement

### - A clear political project is considered most important for the success of future EU enlargements -

Questionnaire source: QD1247

The EU25 population consider that a clear political project (37%), a better knowledge and understanding between people in the EU and the (potential) candidate countries (34%), as well as a public awareness of the benefits and challenges of EU enlargement (32%) are the most important means to ensure the success of future enlargements.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> QD12 In your opinion, amongst the following, what would be the most important things in order to make any further enlargements of the European Union successful? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

It is particularly the Danes (52%), Dutch (50%), French (47%), Slovenians (47%) and Swedes (46%) who attach importance to the existence of a clear political project for Europe.

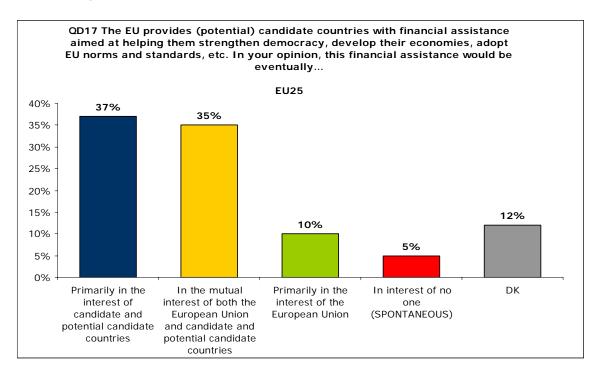
The majority of Swedes (54%) and Finns (50%) regard a better knowledge and understanding between people in the EU and in the candidate and potential candidate countries as the key to the success of future enlargements.

Public awareness of the benefits and challenges of EU enlargement is considered significant in regard to success by Greeks (52%), Finns (50%) and Swedes (45%).

When analysing socio-demographic trends, we can observe that people with a higher educational and socio-economic status tend to lay more emphasis on the importance of a clear political project for Europe, and an awareness of the benefits and challenges of EU enlargement.

### Questionnaire source: QD17<sup>48</sup>

**37% of EU citizens think that the financial assistance the EU provides candidate and potential candidate countries is primarily in the interest of these countries themselves.** Probably due to the list of supportable projects (e.g. strengthening democracy, developing economy, adopting EU norms and standards), **35% recognise the mutual benefits of such financial aid**.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> QD17 As you may know, the European Union provides candidate and potential candidate countries with financial assistance aimed at helping them strengthen democracy, respect for human and minority rights, fight organized crime and corruption, develop their economies and adopt European Union norms and standards. In your opinion, this financial assistance would be eventually...

### CONCLUSION

**European Union citizens are not well informed about enlargement**: two thirds (68%) do not feel they are well informed about enlargement of the European Union. It should therefore be borne in mind that their opinion on enlargement is formed on the basis of this limited knowledge. Nevertheless, a relative majority of the EU population is generally in favour of enlargement, although we observe significant differences between countries where public opinion is in favour of enlargement in general, for instance Greece, Spain or Denmark and those who are less so, such as Germany, Luxembourg and France.

# Overall, the principal ideas and political benefits of EU enlargement are widely recognised, however its economic and social consequences seem to divide public opinion in the EU.

We observe that the EU25 public opinion on enlargement is somewhat inconsistent when it comes to perceptions on the advantages and disadvantages of EU enlargement. The same issue was put to respondents using both a positive and negative formulation and the results show that a certain proportion of respondents give contradictory responses i.e. agree when the notion is put in a positive manner yet also agree when this notion is phrased negatively. This impact of the wording of questions on European public opinion on enlargement may perhaps reflect a lack of knowledge among EU citizens on this issue: People who are less interested in or less informed about a topic could be more likely to agree with a concept that is presented in a positive way.

Regarding the opinion on enlargement for certain domains, we can see that most **Europeans surveyed recognise that EU enlargement will have positive consequences on mobility for Europe, the enrichment of cultural diversity, peace and stability, democracy, as well as the reinforcement of the EU's role on the international scene.** 

In contrast, with regard to the economic and social consequences of the process, EU citizens worry most about employment. They fear an increase in labour transfer to countries where labour is cheaper, as well as expecting workers from future member states of the Union to settle in other EU countries.

European Union citizens do not perceive enlargement as a win-win situation; while they consider that the 2004 enlargement process benefits the new member states, they are more concerned about the problems that could arise. Furthermore they consider future accessions as primarily in the interest of the candidate and potential countries and fear the consequences for the economic situation of their own country. All in all they seem to have insufficient information about, and are less aware of, the benefits for citizens of the old member states and the collective good thereof. This also holds true for future enlargement processes; apart from the low level of knowledge about the topic in general, benefits for the EU are less known compared to benefits for potential future member states. In respect of further enlargement, Croatia enjoys the support of the majority of the EU population; a relative majority is also in favour of the accession of the other Western Balkan countries, except for Albania, as well as Turkey the last of which is least supported. In fact, a significant proportion of Europeans polled (from 30% for Croatia, to 48% for Turkey) are opposed to the accession of these countries.

To ensure the success of future enlargement, EU citizens first and foremost emphasise the need for a clear political project for Europe. Furthermore they underline the importance of information and knowledge about enlargement, obtained both through personal experience (a better knowledge and understanding between peoples in the EU and in the potential candidate and candidate countries) as well as through promoting public awareness of the benefits and challenges of EU enlargement.

It is quite clear that information and communication play a crucial role here on the EU25 citizens' perceptions of enlargement.

We noted that citizens who feel they are well informed are more in favour of enlargement than those who do not, probably because they are more interested in enlargement, and also more aware of the general benefits of this process.

To sum up, EU citizens call for more information and communication about EU enlargement in order to better assess the benefits and challenges of this process, in the context of a clear political project for Europe. The results of this survey also point out that people living in the European Union primarily expect national governments and the media to provide them with such information.

Certainly in case of a complex process like the enlargement of the European Union, there are numerous parameters which shape citizens' attitudes towards this issue. This survey has shown that lack of information is a factor strongly perceived by EU citizens and it affects their attitudes towards future enlargement.

## ANNEXES

### **Technical specifications**





### EUROBAROMETER SPECIAL N° 255 "Enlargement of the European Union" TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Between the 27<sup>th</sup> of March and the 1<sup>st</sup> of May 2006, TNS Opinion & Social, a consortium created between Taylor Nelson Sofres and EOS Gallup Europe, carried out wave 65.2 of the EUROBAROMETER, on request of the EUROPEAN COMMISSION, Directorate-General Press and Communication, Opinion Polls.

The SPECIAL EUROBAROMETER N°255 is part of the wave 65.2 and covers the population of the respective nationalities of the European Union Member States, resident in each of the Member States and aged 15 years and over. The SPECIAL EUROBAROMETER N°255 has also been conducted in the two acceding countries (Bulgaria and Romania) and in the two candidate countries (Croatia and Turkey) and in the Turkish Cypriot Community. In these countries, the survey covers the national population of citizens of the respective nationalities and the population of citizens of all the European Union Member States that are residents in those countries and have a sufficient command of one of the respective national language(s) to answer the questionnaire. The basic sample design applied in all states is a multi-stage, random (probability) one. In each country, a number of sampling points was drawn with probability proportional to population size (for a total coverage of the country) and to population density.

In order to do so, the sampling points were drawn systematically from each of the "administrative regional units", after stratification by individual unit and type of area. They thus represent the whole territory of the countries surveyed according to the EUROSTAT NUTS II (or equivalent) and according to the distribution of the resident population of the respective nationalities in terms of metropolitan, urban and rural areas. In each of the selected sampling points, a starting address was drawn, at random. Further addresses (every Nth address) were selected by standard "random route" procedures, from the initial address. In each household, the respondent was drawn, at random (following the "closest birthday rule"). All interviews were conducted face-to-face in people's homes and in the appropriate national language. As far as the data capture is concerned, CAPI (*Computer Assisted Personal Interview*) was used in those countries where this technique was available.





ABBREVIATIONS	COUNTRIES	INSTITUTES	N° INTERVIEWS	FIELDWO	RKDATES	POPULATION 15+
BE	Belgium	TNS Dimarso	1.020	28/03/2006	26/04/2006	8.598.982
CZ	Czech Rep.	TNS Aisa	1.068	29/03/2006	14/04/2006	8.571.710
DK	Denmark	TNS Gallup DK	1.008	29/03/2006	01/05/2006	4.380.063
DE	Germany	TNS Infratest	1.526	28/03/2006	23/04/2006	64.174.295
EE	Estonia	Emor	1.002	31/03/2006	24/04/2006	887.094
EL	Greece	TNS ICAP	1.000	28/03/2006	24/04/2006	8.674.230
ES	Spain	TNS Demoscopia	1.005	28/03/2006	24/04/2006	35.882.820
FR	France	TNS Sofres	1.020	30/03/2006	24/04/2006	44.010.619
IE	Ireland	TNS MRBI	1.003	30/03/2006	30/04/2006	3.089.775
IT	Italy	TNS Abacus	1.000	30/03/2006	01/05/2006	49.208.000
CY	Rep. of Cyprus	Synovate	507	31/03/2006	24/04/2006	552.213
CY(tcc)	Turkish Cypriot Comm.	KADEM	500	29/03/2006	15/04/2006	157.101
LV	Latvia	TNS Latvia	1.018	28/03/2006	23/04/2006	1.394.351
LT	Lithuania	TNS Gallup Lithuania	1.019	31/03/2006	23/04/2006	2.803.661
LU	Luxembourg	TNS ILReS	503	27/03/2006	24/04/2006	367.199
HU	Hungary	TNS Hungary	1.020	04/04/2006	25/04/2006	8.503.379
MT	Malta	MISCO	500	28/03/2006	21/04/2006	322.917
NL	Netherlands	TNS NIPO	1.009	04/04/2006	25/04/2006	13.242.328
AT	Austria	Österreichisches Gallup-Institute	1.017	31/03/2006	20/04/2006	6.679.444
PL	Poland	TNS OBOP	1.000	30/03/2006	26/04/2006	31.610.437
PT	Portugal	TNS EUROTESTE	1.002	31/03/2006	24/04/2006	8.080.915
SI	Slovenia	RM PLUS	1.033	30/03/2006	26/04/2006	1.663.869
SK	Slovakia	TNS AISA SK	1.078	31/03/2006	19/04/2006	4.316.438
FI	Finland	TNS Gallup Oy	1.006	27/03/2006	26/04/2006	4.279.286
SE	Sweden	TNS GALLUP	1.017	28/03/2006	24/04/2006	7.376.680
UK	United Kingdom	TNS UK	1.312	27/03/2006	26/04/2006	47.685.578
BG	Bulgaria	TNS BBSS	1.015	27/03/2006	10/04/2006	6.695.512
RO	Romania	TNS CSOP	1.007	27/03/2006	27/04/2006	18.145.036
HR	Croatia	Puls	1.000	29/03/2006	25/04/2006	3.682.826
TR	Turkey	TNS PIAR	1.005	29/03/2006	26/04/2006	47.583.830
TOTAL			29.220	27/03/2006	01/05/2006	442.620.588





For each country a comparison between the sample and the universe was carried out. The Universe description was derived from Eurostat population data or from national statistics offices. For all countries surveyed, a national weighting procedure, using marginal and intercellular weighting, was carried out based on this Universe description. In all countries, gender, age, region and size of locality were introduced in the iteration procedure. For international weighting (i.e. EU averages), TNS Opinion & Social applies the official population figures as provided by EUROSTAT or national statistic offices. The total population figures for input in this post-weighting procedure are listed above.

Readers are reminded that survey results are <u>estimations</u>, the accuracy of which, everything being equal, rests upon the sample size and upon the observed percentage. With samples of about 1,000 interviews, the real percentages vary within the following confidence limits:

Observed percentages	10% or 90%	20% or 80%	30% or 70%	40% or 60%	50%
Confidence limits	± 1.9 points	± 2.5 points	± 2.7 points	± 3.0 points	± 3.1 points

Questionnaire

A	your survey number	A	votre numéro d'étude
	(101-105)		(101-105)
	EB65.1 A		EB65.1 A
В	country code	В	code pays
В	(106-107)		(106-107)
	EB65.1 B		EB65.1 B
С	our survey number	С	notre numéro d'étude
U	(108-110)	C	(108-110)
	EB65.1 C		EB65.1 C
-			
D	Interview number (111-116)	D	numéro de l'interview (111-116)
	EB65.1 D		EB65.1 D
E	SPLIT BALLOT	E	SPLIT BALLOT
	(117) A 1 B 2		(117) A 1 B 2
	EB64.2 E		EB64.2 E

ASK ITEM 27 ONLY IN ROMENIA			POSER ITEM 27 UNIQUEMENT EN ROUMANIE	
ASK ITEM 28 ONLY IN TURKEY			POSER ITEM 28 UNIQUEMENT EN TURQUIE	
ASK ITEM 29 ONLY IN CROATIA			POSER ITEM 29 UNIQUEMENT EN CROATIE	
ASK ITEM 30 ONLY IN TURKISH CYPRIOT COMMUNITY			POSER ITEM 30 UNIQUEMENT EN COMMUNAUTE TURQUE	E CHYPRIOTE
What is your nationality? Please tell me the country(ies) that app	lies(y).	Q1	Quelle est votre nationalité ? Veuillez indiquer le(s) pays qui s'a	pplique(nt).
(MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)			(PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)	
	(118-149)		· · ·	(118-14
Belgium	1,		Belgique	1,
Denmark	2,		Danemark	2,
Germany	3,		Allemagne	3,
Greece	4,		Grèce	4,
Spain	5,		Espagne	5,
France	6,		France	6,
Ireland	7,		Irlande	7,
Italy	8,		Italie	8,
Luxembourg	9,		Luxembourg	9,
Netherlands	10,		Pays-Bas	10,
Portugal	11,		Portugal	11,
United Kingdom (Great Britain, Northern Ireland)	12,		Royaume-Uni (Grande Bretagne, Irlande du Nord)	12,
Austria	13,		Autriche	13,
Sweden	14,		Suède	14,
Finland	15,		Finlande	15,
Republic of Cyprus	16,		République de Chypre	16,
Czech Republic	17,		République tchèque	17,
Estonia	18,		Estonie	18,
Hungary	19,		Hongrie	19,
Latvia	20,		Lettonie	20,
Lithuania	21,		Lituanie	21,
Malta	22,		Malte	22,
Poland	23,		Pologne	23,
Slovakia	24,		Slovaquie	24,
Slovenia	25,		Slovénie	25,
Bulgaria	26,		Bulgarie	26,
Romania	27,		Roumanie	27,
Turkey	28,		Turquie	28,
Croatia	29,		Croatie	29,
Cyprus (Turkish Cypriot Community)	30,		Chypre (Communauté Turque Chypriote)	30,
Other countries	31,		Autre pays	31,
DK	32,		NSP	32,

	Let's move on to another topic			Passons maintenant à un autre sujet	
QD1	How well informed do you feel about enlargement that is new countries joining Union? Do you feel?	g in the European	QD1	Dans quelle mesure vous sentez-vous bien informé(e) à propos de l'élargiss dire l'entrée de nouveaux pays dans l'Union européenne ? Vous sentez-vou	
	(READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)			(LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)	
		(500)			(500)
	Very well informed	1		Très bien informé(e)	1
	Well informed	2		Bien informé(e)	2
	Not very well informed	3		Pas bien informé(e)	3
	Not at all well informed	4		Pas du tout bien informé(e)	4
	DK	5		NSP	5
	EB56.3 Q35			EB56.3 Q35	
QD2	Which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do	o you feel you	QD2	Parmi les propositions suivantes laquelle correspond le mieux à votre situati	on ? Pensez-vous
	know more?			que vous en savez plus ?	
	(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)	(50.0)		(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)	(== ()
		(501)		Que las hánáficas entires una talá coulas de Válencias const de VII later	(501)
	About benefits that could derive from European Union enlargements	1		Sur les bénéfices qui peuvent découler de l'élargissement de l'Union européenne	1
	About problems that could be caused by European Union enlargements	I		Sur les problèmes qui peuvent être causés par l'élargissement de l'Union	- '
	About problems that could be caused by European orner emargements	2		européenne	2
	Neither the one, nor the other (SPONTANEOUS)	3		Ni l'une, ni l'autre (SPONTANE)	3
	DK	4		NSP	4
		I			
	NEW			NEW	

QD3a	And which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do you feel yo	u QD3a	Et parmi les propositions suivantes laquelle correspond le mieux à votre sit	uation ? Pensez-
	know more about?		vous que vous en savez plus ?	
		_		
	(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)		(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)	
	(502)	-		(502)
	How the European Union has benefited from European Union accession of		Sur la manière dont l'Union européenne a bénéficié de l'adhésion de	
	new Member States 1		nouveaux membres à l'Union européenne	1
	How new Member States have benefited from European Union accession		Sur la manière dont les nouveaux Etats membres ont bénéficié de leur	
	2		adhésion à l'Union européenne	2
	Neither the one, nor the other (SPONTANEOUS) 3		Ni l'une, ni l'autre (SPONTANE)	3
	DK 4		NSP	4
	NEW	7	NEW	
		7		
		_1		
QD3b				unting 0 Deserve
QD3D	And which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do you feel yo	u QD3b	Et parmi les propositions suivantes laquelle correspond le mieux à votre sit	uation ? Pensez-
	know more about?		vous que vous en savez plus ?	
		-		
	(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)		(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)	
	(503)			(503)
	How the European Union would benefit from European Union accession of		Sur la manière dont l'Union européenne pourrait bénéficier de l'adhésion de	e
	future member States 1		nouveaux Etats membres	1
	How future member States would benefit from European Union accession		Sur la manière dont de nouveaux Etats membres pourraient bénéficier de	
	2		leur adhésion à l'Union européenne	2
	Neither the one, nor the other (SPONTANEOUS) 3		Ni l'une, ni l'autre (SPONTANE)	3
	DK 4		NSP	4
	NEW		NEW	
	(nem			

11	אחר
L C	JU4

Thinking about the European Union enlargement, on which of the following issues would you like to be better informed? The consequences of the European Union enlargement on... En pensant à l'élargissement de l'Union européenne, sur quels sujets suivants souhaiteriezvous être mieux informé(e) ? Les conséquences de l'élargissement de l'Union européenne sur

#### (SHOW CARD – READ OUT – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	(504-516)
The role of the European Union in the world	1,
Peace and stability in the European Union	2,
The democratic functioning of the European Union	3,
The political unification of the European Union	4,
The economic development and prosperity in the European Union	5,
Security and criminal activities in the European Union	6,
The quality of life in the European Union	7,
The values of the European Union	8,
The European Union's cultural diversity	9,
Immigration in the European Union	10,
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	11,
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	12,
DK	13,

	(504-516)
Le rôle de l'Union européenne dans le monde	1,
La paix et la stabilité au sein de l'Union européenne	2,
Le fonctionnement démocratique de l'Union européenne	3,
L'unification politique de l'Union européenne	4,
Le développement et la prospérité économique au sein de l'Union	
européenne	5,
La sécurité et les activités criminelles dans l'Union européenne	6,
La qualité de vie dans l'Union européenne	7,
Les valeurs de l'Union européenne	8,
La diversité culturelle de l'Union européenne	9,
L'immigration dans l'Union européenne	10,
Aucune de celles-ci (SPONTANE)	11,
Autre (SPONTANE)	12,
NSP	13,

EB652MasterXLS\_final

QD4

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Q	D5
---	----

Which of the following information sources most help you form your opinion on European Union enlargement issues? Parmi les sources d'information suivantes lesquelles vous aident le plus pour vous forger une opinion sur les sujets liés à l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ?

(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)

	(517-5
Les journaux	1,
Les magazines	2,
La presse spécialisée	3,
Les livres\ publications	4,
La radio	5,
La télévision	6,
Internet	7,
Assister à des conférences\ séminaires	8,
Des discussions avec des membres de la famille\ amis\ collègues	9,
Des expériences personnelles (voyages\ vacances, contacts professionnel	s,
évènements culturels\ sportifs, etc.)	10,
Vous ne cherchez jamais ce genre d'informations, pas d'intérêt	
(SPONTANE)	11,
Aucune de celles-ci (SPONTANE)	12,
Autre (SPONTANE)	13,
NSP	14,

(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

	(517-53
Newspapers	1,
Magazines	2,
Specialized press	З,
Books\ publications	4,
Radio	5,
TV	6,
Internet	7,
Attending conferences\ seminars	8,
Discussions with relatives friends colleagues	9,
Personal experiences (travels\ holidays, business contacts, cultural\ sports	
events, etc.)	10,
Never look to such information, no interest (SPONTANEOUS)	
	11,
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	12,
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	13,
DK	14,

QD5

QD6	And in your prision who should have the main representibility to inform you sh	out the	QD6	Et colon vous, è qui incombo la reconcepcitité principale de vous informer ou	r l'élorgiogomont
QD6	And in your opinion, who should have the main responsibility to inform you ab enlargement of the European Union?	iout the	QD6	Et selon vous, à qui incombe la responsabilité principale de vous informer su de l'Union européenne ?	rrelargissement
	(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)			(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – MAX. 3 REPONSES)	
		(531-545)			(531-545)
	National Government	1,		Le Gouvernement national	1,
	Regional\ local authorities	2,		Les autorités régionales\ locales	2,
	European Parliament\ MEPs	3,		Le Parlement européen\ Députés européens	3,
	National parliament\ MPs	4,		Le Parlement national\ Députés nationaux	4,
	European Commission	5,		La Commission européenne	5,
	Political parties organizations	6,		Les partis\ organisations politiques	6,
	NGOs-citizens' associations	7,		Les ONG – associations de citoyens	7,
	Religious organizations\ structures (incl. churches)	8,		Les organisations\ structures religieuses (y compris les églises)	8,
	Companies business	9.		Les entreprises	9,
	Trade unions	10,		Les syndicats	10,
	Education institutions\ academia	11,		Les institutions éducatives\ les écoles et les universités	11,
	News broadcasters	12,		La télévision et la radio	12,
	None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	13,		Aucun de ceux-ci (SPONTANE)	13,
	Other (SPONTANEOUS - SPECIFY)	14,		Autre (SPONTANE - SPECIFIER)	14.
	DK	15,		NSP	15,
		*			
	NEW			NEW	
QD7a	According to you, would you say that during recent years, the value of exports	s of the 15 old	QD7a	Selon vous, pensez-vous qu'au cours de ces dernières années, la valeur des	exportations des
GD/G	European Union Member States to the 10 new Member States that joined the		abra	15 anciens Etats membres vers les 10 nouveaux Etats membres qui sont en	
	in May 2004 has been bigger, smaller or equal to the value of their imports co			européenne en mai 2004 a été supérieure, inférieure ou égale à la valeur de	
	new Member States?	ining norm these		provenance de ces nouveaux Etats membres ?	s importations en
	new member otales:			provenance de ces nouveaux Liais membres :	
	(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)			(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)	
		(546)			(546)
	Bigger than the value of their imports coming from these new Member			Supérieure à la valeur des importations en provenance de ces nouveaux	
	States	1		Etats membres	1
	Smaller than the value of their imports coming from these new Member			Inférieure à la valeur des importations en provenance de ces nouveaux	
	States	2		Etats membres	2
	Equal to the value of their imports coming from these new Member States			Egale à la valeur des importations en provenance de ces nouveaux Etats	
		3		membres	3
	DK	4		NSP	4
					_
	NEW			NEW	

QD7b		ording to you, after the last enlar 4, migration flows between the 1 1						QD7b	2004	n vous, après le dernier élargis 4, les flux migratoires entre les abres ont été					
	(RE	AD OUT - ONE ANSWER ONL	Y)						(LIR	E – UNE SEULE REPONSE)					
	Very Fairl Fairl	r important y important y limited limited	· /			(547) 1 2 3 4 5			Très Asse Asse	important ez important ez limité limité				(547) 1 2 3 4 5	
	NEV	V							NEV	V					
QD8		se tell me, for each of the follow s, the enlargement of the Europ			agree or disa	agree with it?	? In general	QD8		rriez-vous me dire pour chacun cord avec elle ? Globalement, l					rd ou pas
	(61)	OW CARD WITH SCALE – ONE							(MO	NTRER CARTE AVEC ECHEL					
	(311	OW CARD WITH SCALE - ONE	ANSWER	FER LINE						NIKER CARTE AVEC ECHEL	LE - UNE R		AR LIGNE)		
		(ROTATE – READ OUT)	Totally agree	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	Totally disagree	DK			(ROTATION – LIRE )	Tout à fait d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NSP
(548)	1	Is a good way to reunite the European continent	1	2	3	4	5	(548)	1	Est un bon moyen pour réunifier le continent européen	1	2	3	4	5
(346)	2	Strengthens the European	1	2	3	4	5	(346)	2	Renforce l'Union	1	2	3	4	5
(549)		Union	-		-		_	(549)		européenne			_	-	
(550)	3	Is a good way to express the European Union solidarity to candidate or potential candidate countries	1	2	3	4	5	(550)	3	Est un bon moyen pour exprimer la solidarité de l'Union européenne vers les pays candidats ou potentiellement candidats	1	2	3	4	5
. ,	4	Consolidates common European interests and	1	2	3	4	5	. ,	4	Consolide les intérêts et les valeurs communes de	1	2	3	4	5
(551)		values						(551)		l'Europe					
	NEV	V							NEV	V					
		•								•					

a		se tell me, for each of the follow s, the enlargement of the Europ			agree or disa	agree with it?	In political	QD9a		rriez-vous me dire pour chacun cord avec elle ? D'un point de v					
	(SH	OW CARD WITH SCALE – ONE	EANSWER	PER LINE	)			]	(MO	NTRER CARTE AVEC ECHEL	LE – UNE R	EPONSE P	PAR LIGNE)		
		(ROTATE – READ OUT)	Totally agree	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	Totally disagree	DK			(ROTATION – LIRE )	Tout à fait d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NS
:)	1	Ensures peace and stability in the European Continent	1	2	3	4	5	(552)	1	Garantit la paix et la stabilité sur le continent européen	1	2	3	4	5
,	2	Reduces the chances for a common European Union voice in the world	1	2	3	4	5	()	2	Réduit les chances d'avoir l'expression d'une position commune de l'Union européenne dans le monde	1	2	3	4	5
)								(553)							
)	3	Promotes democracy in the European Continent	1	2	3	4	5	(554)	3	Favorise la démocratie sur le continent européen	1	2	3	4	5
	4	Worsens the situation of human and minority rights	1	2	3	4	5		4	Aggrave la situation des droits de l'homme et des	1	2	3	4	5
			4		0	4		(555)		minorités			0		
)	5	Facilitates progress towards a political unification in Europe	1	2	3	4	5	(556)	5	Facilite l'évolution vers une unification politique en Europe	1	2	3	4	5

9b		se tell me, for each of the follow s, the enlargement of the Europ			agree or disa	gree with it?	In political	QD9b		rriez-vous me dire pour chacun cord avec elle ? D'un point de v					
	(SHO	OW CARD WITH SCALE – ONI	E ANSWER	PER LINE)				]	(MO	NTRER CARTE AVEC ECHEL	LE – UNE R	EPONSE P	AR LIGNE)		
		(ROTATE – READ OUT)	Totally agree	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	Totally disagree	DK	]		(ROTATION – LIRE )	Tout à fait d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NSI
7)	1	Increases dissensions and political instability in the European Continent	1	2	3	4	5	(557)	1	Aggrave les dissensions et l'instabilité politique sur le continent européen	1	2	3	4	5
3)	2	Strengthens the role of the European Union on the international scene	1	2	3	4	5	(558)	2	Renforce le rôle de l'Union européenne sur la scène internationale	1	2	3	4	5
,, ))	3	Weakens the democratic decision-making in the European Union	1	2	3	4	5	(559)	3	Affaiblit le processus décisionnel démocratique de l'Union européenne	1	2	3	4	5
,	4	Increases the protection of human rights and minorities in the European Union	1	2	3	4	5	(339)	4	Renforce la protection des droits de l'homme et des minorités au sein de l'Union	1	2	3	4	5
)	5	Hinders any project of political unification of the European Union	1	2	3	4	5	(560) (561)	5	européenne Bloque tout projet d'unification politique de l'Union européenne	1	2	3	4	5

	ASK	QD10a TO SPLIT A - OTHER	S GO TO Q	D10b				]	POS	ER QD10a AU SPLIT A - LES	AUTRES AI	LLER EN Q	D10b		
QD10a		in economic terms, the enlarge OW CARD WITH SCALE – ONI						] ]		un point de vue économique, l' NTRER CARTE AVEC ECHEL				e	
		(ROTATE – READ OUT)	Totally agree	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	Totally disagree	DK	]		(ROTATION – LIRE )	Tout à fait d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NSP
(562)	1	Makes of the European Union the biggest trade player in the world	1	2	3	4	5	(562)	1	Fait de l'Union européenne le plus grand acteur économique du monde	1	2	3	4	5
(563)	2	Increases jobs transferring to countries where labour is cheaper	1	2	3	4	5	(563)	2	Accentue le transfert d'emplois vers des pays où la main-d'œuvre est moins chère	1	2	3	4	5
(564)	3	Increase the support for the development of candidate and potential candidate countries	1	2	3	4	5	(564)	3	Accroit l'aide au développement des pays candidats et potentiellement candidats	1	2	3	4	5
(565)	4	Increases settlement of workers coming from future member States in the European Union	1	2	3	4	5	(565)	4	Favorise l'établissement de travailleurs venant de futurs Etats membres de l'Union européenne	1	2	3	4	5
(000)	NEV			I	1	II		] (000)	NEW		I	1			

ARD WITH SCALE – ONE TATE – READ OUT) reases economic elopment opportunities in				Totally disagree	DK	] ] [QD10b ] ]		un point de vue économique, l'e NTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELI I(ROTATION – LIRE )		EPONSE P	AR LIGNE)	e	
ARD WITH SCALE – ONE TATE – READ OUT)	ANSWER F	PER LINE) Tend to	Tend to		DK	] [QD10b ]		NTRER CARTE AVEC ECHEL	LE – UNE R	EPONSE P	AR LIGNE)	e	
ARD WITH SCALE – ONE TATE – READ OUT)	ANSWER F	PER LINE) Tend to	Tend to		DK	] QD10b		NTRER CARTE AVEC ECHEL	LE – UNE R	EPONSE P	AR LIGNE)	e	
TATE – READ OUT) reases economic	Totally	Tend to	Tend to		DK	]	(MO				,		
TATE – READ OUT) reases economic	Totally	Tend to	Tend to		DK	] ]	(MO				,		İ
reases economic	,				DK	1			Tout à fait				
	1							(ROTATION - LIKE)	d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NSP
	1					1						d accord	
European Union as well (OUR COUNTRY)	I	2	3	4	5		1	Réduit les possibilités de développement économique aussi bien au sein de l'Union européenne qu'en (NOTRE PAYS)	1	2	3	4	5
						(566)							
eases prosperity for all opeans	1	2	3	4	5	(567)	2	Augmente la prospérité pour tous les Européens	1	2	3	4	5
reases budgetary ources for (OUR JNTRY)	1	2	3	4	5	(568)	3	budgétaires de (NOTRE	1	2	3	4	5
ures better integration of ulations from future nber States in the opean Union	1	2	3	4	5		4	Assuré une meilleure intégration des populations venant de futurs Etats membres de l'Union	1	2	3	4	5
ope rea ourc JN1 ure: ulat	ans ses budgetary es for (OUR rRY) s better integration of ions from future r States in the	ans ses budgetary 1 les for (OUR IRY) s better integration of 1 ions from future r States in the	ans ses budgetary 1 2 les for (OUR (RY) s better integration of 1 2 ions from future r States in the	ans ses budgetary 1 2 3 tes for (OUR TRY) s better integration of 1 2 3 ions from future r States in the	ans ses budgetary 1 2 3 4 tes for (OUR (RY) s better integration of 1 2 3 4 ions from future r States in the	ans ses budgetary 1 2 3 4 5 ses for (OUR (RY) s better integration of 1 2 3 4 5 ions from future r States in the	es prosperity for all 1 2 3 4 5 ans (567) ses budgetary 1 2 3 4 5 rRY) 5 better integration of 1 2 3 4 5 ions from future r States in the	es prosperity for all 1 2 3 4 5 (567) 2 ans ses budgetary 1 2 3 4 5 (567) 3 es for (OUR rRY) 5 better integration of 1 2 3 4 5 (568) 4 ions from future r States in the an Union 4 5 (568)	es prosperity for all 1 2 3 4 5 ans ses budgetary 1 2 3 4 5 (567) (568) 2 Augmente la prospérité pour tous les Européens 3 Réduit les ressources budgétaires de (NOTRE PAYS) 4 Assure une meilleure intégration des populations r States in the an Union 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	es prosperity for all 1 2 3 4 5 (567) (JOR 1 2 3 4 5 (787)) 1 2 3 4 5 (567) (JOR 1 2 3 4 5 (787)) 1 2 3 4 5 (568) (568) (568) (568) (568) 1 2 2 Augmente la prospérité pour 1 tous les Européens 3 Réduit les ressources 1 budgétaires de (NOTRE PAYS) 4 Assure une meilleure 1 intégration des populations venant de futurs Etats membres de l'Union 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	es prosperity for all ans       1       2       3       4       5         ans       1       2       3       4       5         ses budgetary es for (OUR TRY)       1       2       3       4       5         s better integration of ions from future or States in the an Union       1       2       3       4       5	es prosperity for all ans       1       2       3       4       5         ans       1       2       3       4       5         ses budgetary es for (OUR TRY)       1       2       3       4       5         s better integration of ions from future r States in the an Union       1       2       3       4       5         (569)       (569)       (569)       (567)       (567)       1       2       3	es prosperity for all ans       1       2       3       4       5         ans       1       2       3       4       5         ses budgetary es for (OUR rRY)       1       2       3       4       5         s better integration of ions from future or States in the an Union       1       2       3       4       5         ans       4       5       5       5       5       5       1       2       3       4

		in social terms, the enlargemen						QD11a		'un point de vue social, l'élargis					
	<u> </u>	(ROTATE – READ OUT)	Totally agree	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	Totally disagree	DK			(ROTATION – LIRE )	Tout à fait d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NSP
)	1	Reinforce the power of the European Union to fight criminality and terrorism	1	2	3	4	5	(570)	1	Renforce le pouvoir de l'Union européenne pour combattre la criminalité et le terrorisme	1	2	3	4	5
, )	2	Lowers life standards in the European Union	1	2	3	4	5	(571)	2	Abaisse le niveau de vie au sein de l'Union européenne	1	2	3	4	5
)	3	Enriches Europe's cultural diversity	1	2	3	4	5	(572)	3	Enrichie la diversité culturelle de l'Europe	1	2	3	4	5
-	4	Facilitates mobility of people like students, businessmen, etc. within Europe	1	2	3	4	5		4	Facilite la mobilité de certaines catégories de la population telles que les étudiants, les hommes d'affaire etc. au sein de	1	2	3	4	5

	ASK	QD11b TO SPLIT B - OTHERS	S GO TO Q	D12				]	POS	ER QD11b AU SPLIT B - LES	AUTRES AI	LER EN Q	D12		
QD11b	And	l in social terms, the enlargemen	t of the Eur	opean Unio	n			QD11b	Et d'	un point de vue social, l'élargis	sement de l	'Union euro	péenne		
	(SH	OW CARD WITH SCALE – ONE	EANSWER	PER LINE)					(MO	NTRER CARTE AVEC ECHEL	LE – UNE F	EPONSE F	PAR LIGNE)		
		(ROTATE – READ OUT)	Totally agree	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	Totally disagree	DK			(ROTATION – LIRE )	Tout à fait d'accord	Plutôt d'accord	Plutôt pas d'accord	Pas du tout d'accord	NSP
(574)	1	Increases risks of criminal activities	1	2	3	4	5	(574)	1	Aggrave le risque d'activités criminelles	1	2	3	4	5
	2	Facilitates the expansion of European Union life standards and norms on the European territory	1	2	3	4	5		2	Facilite l'expansion des normes et des standards de vie de l'Union européenne à l'ensemble du territoire	1	2	3	4	5
(575) (576)	3	Makes cultural identities and traditions disappear	1	2	3	4	5	(575)	3	européen Entraîne la disparition des identités culturelles et des traditions	1	2	3	4	5
(577)	4	Increases illegal immigration in Europe	1	2	3	4	5	(577)	4	Augmente l'immigration clandestine en Europe	1	2	3	4	5
	NEV	N						]	NEV	V					

In your opinion, amongst the following, what would be the most important thing make any further enlargements of the European Union successful?	gs in order to	QD12	Selon vous, parmi les propositions suivantes, quelles seraient les plus impor assurer le succès de nouveaux élargissements de l'Union européenne ?	rtantes pou
(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)		٦	(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – MAX. 3 REPONSES)	
	(578-588)			(578-588
Clear political project for Europe	1,		Un projet politique clair pour l'Europe	<u>1</u> ,
Adequate support of the European Union for the preparation of candidate			Un soutien adéquat de l'Union européenne pour la préparation des pays	ĺ.
potential candidate countries	2,		candidats\ potentiellement candidats	2,
Better knowledge and understanding between people in the European Union			Une meilleure connaissance et une meilleure compréhension entre les	
and in the candidate potential candidate			populations de l'Union européenne et des pays candidats\ potentiellement	
	3,		candidats	З,
Better involvement of citizens in the European Union and in the candidate			Une meilleure implication des citoyens de l'Union européenne et des pays	
potential candidate countries	4,		candidats\ potentiellement candidats	4,
Public awareness of the benefits and challenges of European Union			Une connaissance du public des bénéfices et des défis générés par les	
enlargements	5,		élargissements de l'Union européenne	5,
Respect of European Union commitments towards countries aspiring to			Respecter les engagements de l'Union européenne envers les pays qui	
become European Union members	6,		aspirent à devenir des Etats membres de l'Union européenne	6,
Reforms of the institutional functioning of the European Union	7,		Réformer le fonctionnement institutionnel de l'Union européenne	7,
Candidate\ potential candidate countries sharing European Union values			Le fait que les pays candidats\ potentiellement candidats partagent les	
and principles	8,		valeurs et les principes de l'Union européenne	8,
None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	9,		Aucune de celles-ci (SPONTANE)	9,
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	10,		Autre (SPONTANE)	10,
DK	11.		NSP	11.

QD13	We understand the Western Balkan countries as Croatia, the former Yugosla	v Republic of	QD13	Les pays des Balkans occidentaux regroupent la Croatie, l'ancienne Républic	que yougoslave
	Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia and Montenegro inclue	ding Kosovo		de Macédoine, l'Albanie, la Bosnie-Herzégovine, La Serbie-Monténégro y col	mpris le Kosovo
	under UN administration. {13}In your opinion, which are the main challenges	facing the		sous administration de l'ONU. Selon vous, quels sont les principaux défis que	e les pays des
	Western Balkan countries and Turkey on their road to the European Union?			Balkans occidentaux et la Turquie doivent surmonter sur leur route vers l'Uni	on européenne?
	(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – MAX. 3 ANSWERS)		1	(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – MAX. 3 REPONSES)	
	(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - MAX. 3 ANSWERS)	(589-599)	1	(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - MAX. 3 REPONSES)	(589-599)
	Adopting and implementing European Union norms and standards	(303-333)		Adopter et appliquer les normes et les standards de l'Union européenne	(303-333)
	Adopting and implementing European onion norms and standards	1,		Auopter et appliquer les normes et les standards de l'onion europeenne	1,
	Reconciliation co-operation with neighbouring countries	2,		La réconciliation coopération avec les pays voisins	2,
	Ensuring economic development	3,		Assurer le développement économique	3,
	Addressing political instability	4,		Aborder le problème de l'instabilité politique	4,
	Democracy	5.		La démocratie	5,
	Respect for human and minority rights	6,		Le respect des droits de l'homme et des minorités	6,
	Combating organize crime and corruption	7,		Combattre le crime organisé et la corruption	7,
	Sharing European values and principles	8,		Partager les valeurs et les principes européens	8,
	None of these (SPONTANEOUS)	9,		Aucun de ceux-ci (SPONTANE)	9,
	Other (SPONTANEOUS)	10,		Autre (SPONTANE)	10,
	DK	11,		NSP	11,
			_		
	NEW			NEW	
			-		
QD14	According to you, European Union accession of the Western Balkan countrie	s would be?	QD14	Selon vous, adhésion des pays des Balkans occidentaux à l'Union européen	ne serait ?
	(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)		1	(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)	
	(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)	(600)	J	(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)	(600)
	Primarily in the interest of the European Union			Principalement dans l'intérêt de l'Union européenne	1
	Primarily in the interest of my own country	2		Principalement dans l'intérêt de mon propre pays	2
	Primarily in the interest of the Western Balkan countries	3		Principalement dans l'intérêt des pays des Balkans occidentaux	3
	In the mutual interest of both the European Union and the Western Balkan	5		Dans l'intérêt commun de l'Union européenne et des pays des Balkans	5
	countries	4		occidentaux	4
	In the interest of other international players (e.g. USA, Russia, China)			Dans l'intérêt d'autres acteurs internationaux (par exemple les Etats-Unis, la	
		5		Russie, la Chine, etc.)	5
	In interest of no one (SPONTANEOUS)	6		Dans l'intérêt de personne (SPONTANE)	6
	DK	7		NSP	7
		_ ·			ц , Г

NEW

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NEW

	QD1	5: DO NOT ASK ITEM 2 IN TR							QD15 : NE PAS POSER ITEM 2 EN TR		
QD15	Acco	ording to you, European Union	accession of	Turkey wo	uld be?			QD15	Selon vous, l'adhésion de la Turquie à l'Union européenne serait	?	
	(SH	OW CARD – READ OUT – ONI	EANSWER	ONLY)					(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)		
	(0			0.112.7		(601)				(601)	
	Prim	narily in the interest of the Europ	bean Union			<u> </u>			Principalement dans l'intérêt de l'Union européenne	<u> </u>	
	Prim	narily in the interest of my own o	country			2			Principalement dans l'intérêt de mon propre pays	2	
		narily in the interest of Turkey				3			Principalement dans l'intérêt de la Turquie	3	
		e mutual interest of both the Eu				4			Dans l'intérêt commun de l'Union européenne et de la Turquie	4	
	In th	e interest of other international	players (e.g	. USA, Russ	sia, China				Dans l'intérêt d'autres acteurs internationaux (par exemple les Etats-	Jnis, la	
						5			Russie, la Chine, etc.)	5	
		terest of no one (SPONTANEO	US)			6			Dans l'intérêt de personne (SPONTANE)	6	
	DK					7			NSP	7	
	NEV										
	NEV	0							NEW		
											——
	L										
QD16	wou acce all th	e each of the following countrie Id you be strongly in favour, fair ession of each of them to the Eu ne conditions set by the Europe JNTRY) to the European Union	ly in fairly, fa uropean Unio an Union, we	airly oppose on? Once (Il	d or strongly NSERT COU	opposed to JNTRY) com	the plies with	QD16	Une fois que les pays suivants respectent toutes les conditions établ européenne, seriez-vous totalement en faveur, plutôt en faveur, pluto opposé à l'adhésion de chacun d'eux à l'Union européenne ? Une for respecte toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, serie plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé ou tout à fait opposé à l'adhésion de l'Union européenne ?	it opposé ou to is que (INSERE z-vous très en f	ER PAYS) faveur,
	1/011										
	(5H	OW CARD WITH SCALE – ON	E ANSWER	PER LINE)					(MONTRER CARTE AVEC ECHELLE – UNE REPONSE PAR LIGN	-)	
		(ROTATE – READ OUT)	Totally in	Fairly in	Fairly	Totally	DK		(ROTATION – LIRE) Tout a fait Plutôt en Plutôt		NSP
			favour	favour	opposed	opposed			en faveur faveur opposé	e) opposé(e)	
	4	The former Yugoslav	1	2	3	4	5		1 L'ancienne République 1 2 3	4	5
(602)	1	Republic of Macedonia	I	2	3	4	Э	(602)	yougoslave de Macédoine	4	Э
(602)	2	Albania	1	2	3	4	5	(602)	2 L'Albanie 1 2 3	4	5
(604)		Bosnia and Herzegovina	1	2	3	4	5	(604)	3 La Bosnie-Herzégovine 1 2 3	4	5
(605)	4	Serbia and Montenegro	1	2	3	4	5	(605)	4 La Serbie-Monténégro 1 2 3	4	5
(606)	5	Turkey	1	2	3	4	5	(606)	5 La Turquie 1 2 3	4	5
(607)	6	Croatia	1	2	3	4	5	(607)	6 La Croatie 1 2 3	4	5
	NEV	V							NEW		

As you may know, the European Union provides candidate and potential ca with financial assistance aimed at helping them strengthen democracy, res minority rights, fight organized crime and corruption, develop their economi European Union norms and standards. In your opinion, this financial assist eventually	pect for human and es and adopt	QD17	Comme vous le savez peut-être, l'Union européenne fournit une aide finar candidats ou potentiellement candidats destinée à les aider pour renforcer respecter les droits de l'homme et des minorités, combattre le crime organ développer leurs économies et adopter les normes et les standards de l'U Selon vous, cette aide financière sera finalement	r la démocratie, nisé et la corrup
(SHOW CARD – READ OUT – ONE ANSWER ONLY)			(MONTRER CARTE – LIRE – UNE SEULE REPONSE)	
	(608)			(608)
Primarily in the interest of the European Union	1		Principalement dans l'intérêt de l'Union européenne	1
Primarily in the interest of candidate and potential candidate countries			Principalement dans l'intérêt des pays candidats et potentiellement	
	2		candidats	2
In the mutual interest of both the European Union and candidate and			Dans l'intérêt mutuel de l'Union européenne et des pays candidats ou	
potential candidate countries	3		potentiellement candidats	3
In interest of no one (SPONTANEOUS)	4		Dans l'intérêt de personne (SPONTANE)	4
DK	5		NSP	5

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	DEMOGRAPHICS		]	DEMOGRAPHIQUES	
D1	In political matters people talk of "the left" and "the right". How would you pl this scale?	ace your views on	D1	A propos de politique, les gens parlent de "droite" et de "gauche". Vous-mé situer votre position sur cette échelle ?	ème, voudriez-vous
	(SHOW CARD) - (INT.: DO NOT PROMPT - IF CONTACT HESITATES, T	RY AGAIN)	]	(MONTRER CARTE) - (ENQ. : NE RIEN SUGGERER. SI LA PERSONNE INSISTER)	HESITE,
	Left Right 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	(644-645)	_	Gauche         Droite           1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         10	(644-645)
	Refusal	11		Refus	11
	DK	12		NSP	12
	EB65.1 D1		]	EB65.1 D1	
	NO QUESTIONS D2 TO D6		]	PAS DE QUESTIONS D2 A D6	
D7	Could you give me the letter which corresponds best to your own current si	ituation?	D7	Pouvez-vous m'indiquer la lettre qui correspond le mieux à votre situation a	actuelle ?
	(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)	(646-647)	]	(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)	(646-647)
	Married			Marié(e)	
	Remarried	2		Remarié(e)	2
	Unmarried, currently living with partner	3		Célibataire vivant actuellement en couple	3
	Unmarried, having never lived with a partner	4		Célibataire n'ayant jamais vécu en couple	4
	Unmarried, having previously lived with a partner, but now on my own			Célibataire ayant déjà vécu en couple dans le passé mais actuellement	
		5		seul(e)	5
	Divorced	6		Divorcé(e)	6
	Separated	7		Séparé(e)	7
	Widowed	8		Veuf\Veuve	8
	Other (SPONTANEOUS)	9		Autre (SPONTANE)	9
	Refusal (SPONTANEOUS)	10		Refus (SPONTANE)	10
	EB65.1 D7		]	EB65.1 D7	
D8	How old were you when you stopped full-time education?		D8	A quel âge avez-vous arrêté vos études à temps complet ?	
	(INT.: IF "STILL STUDYING", CODE '00')		1	(ENQ. : SI "ETUDIE ENCORE", CODER '00')	
	(648-649)		-	(648-649)	
	EB65.1 D8		1	EB65.1 D8	

			-		
	NO QUESTION D9			PAS DE QUESTION D9	
			-		
D10	Gender.		D10	Sexe du répondant.	
	·	(650)			(650)
	Male	1		Homme	1 1
	Female	2		Femme	2
	EB65.1 D10		1	EB65.1 D10	
			1		
D11	How old are you?		D11	Quel est votre âge ?	
	(651-652)			(651-652)	
	EB65.1 D11		1	EB65.1 D11	
			1		

#### NO QUESTION D12 TO D14

ASK D15b ONLY IF NOT DOING ANY PAID WORK CURRENTLY - CODES 1 TO 4 IN D. 15.

D15a What is your current occupation?

a.

D15b

POSER D15B SEULEMENT SI PAS D'ACTIVITE ACTUELLE - CODES 1 A 4 EN D.15.a.

PAS DE QUESTIONS D12 A D14

#### D15a Quelle est votre profession actuelle ?

	(653-654)	(655-656)
	D15a	D15b
	CURRENT	LAST
	OCCUPATION	OCCUPATION
NON-ACTIVE		
Responsible for ordinary shopping and looking after the	1	
nome, or without any current occupation, not working		
Student	2	
Jnemployed or temporarily not working	3	
Retired or unable to work through illness	4	
SELF EMPLOYED		
Farmer	5	5
Fisherman	6	6
Professional (lawyer, medical practitioner, accountant, architect, etc.)	7	7
Owner of a shop, craftsmen, other self-employed person	8	8
Business proprietors, owner (full or partner) of a company	9	9
EMPLOYED		
Employed professional (employed doctor, lawyer, accountant, architect)	10	10
General management, director or top management	11	11
managing directors, director general, other director)		
Middle management, other management (department nead, junior manager, teacher, technician)	12	12
Employed position, working mainly at a desk	13	13
Employed position, not at a desk but travelling (salesmen, driver, etc.)	14	14
Employed position, not at a desk, but in a service job	15	15
hospital, restaurant, police, fireman, etc.)		
Supervisor	16	16
Skilled manual worker	17	17
Other (unskilled) manual worker, servant	18	18

	(653-654)	(655-656)
	D15a	D15b
	PROFESSION	PROFESSION
	ACTUELLE	PRECEDENTE
INACTIFS		
En charge des achats courants et des tâches ménagères	1	
ou sans aucune activité professionnelle		
Etudiants	2	
Au chômage \ temporairement sans emploi	3	
A la retraite ou en congé de maladie prolongé	4	
INDEPENDANTS		
Agriculteur exploitant	5	5
Pêcheur	6	6
Profession libérale (avocat, médecin, expert comptable,	7	7
architecte, etc.)		
Commerçant ou propriétaire d'un magasin, artisan ou	8	8
autre travailleur indépendant		
Industriel, propriétaire (en tout ou en partie) d'une	9	9
entreprise		
SALARIES		
Profession libérale salariée (docteur, avocat, comptable,	10	10
architecte, etc.)		
Cadre supérieur \ dirigeant (PDG\DG, Directeur, etc.)	11	11
Cadre moyen	12	12
Employé travaillant la plupart du temps dans un bureau	13	13
Employé ne travaillant pas dans un bureau mais	14	14
voyageant (vendeur, chauffeur, représentant, etc.)		
Employé ne travaillant pas dans un bureau mais ayant une	15	15
fonction de service (hôpital, restaurant, police, pompiers,		
etc.)		
Contremaître, agent de maîtrise	16	16
Ouvrier qualifié	17	17
Autre ouvrier (non qualifié), personnel de maison	18	18

Exerciez-vous une activité professionnelle rémunérée auparavant ? Laquelle en dernier lieu ?

	NEVER DID ANY PAID WORK 19	]	N'A JAMAIS EXERCE D'ACTIVITE PROFESSIONNELLE 19 REMUNEREE	
	EB65.1 D15a D15b	]	EB65.1 D15a D15b	
	NO QUESTIONS D16 TO D24	]	PAS DE QUESTIONS D16 A D24	
D25	Would you say you live in a?	D25	Diriez-vous que vous vivez ?	
	(READ OUT)		(LIRE)	
	Rural area or village     1       Small or middle sized town     2       Large town     3       DK     4		Dans une commune rurale       1         Dans une ville petite ou moyenne       2         Dans une grande ville       3         NSP       4	
	EB65.1 D25		EB65.1 D25	
	NO QUESTIONS D26 TO D39	]	PAS DE QUESTIONS D26 A D39	
D40a	Could you tell me how many people aged 15 years or more live in your household, yourself included?	D40a	Pouvez-vous me dire combien de personnes âgées de 15 ans et plus vivent dans votre foyer, y compris vous-même ?	
	INT.: READ OUT - WRITE DOWN)	7	(ENQ. : LIRE - NOTER EN CLAIR)	
(658-659)			(658-659)	
	EB65.1 D40a	]	EB65.1 D40a	
D40b	Could you tell me how many children less than 10 years old live in your household?	D40b	Pouvez-vous me dire combien d'enfants de moins de 10 ans vivent dans votre foyer ?	
	INT.: READ OUT - WRITE DOWN) (660-661)	]	ENQ. : LIRE - NOTER EN CLAIR) (660-661)	
	EB65.1 D40b		EB65.1 D40b	
D40c	Could you tell me how many children aged 10 to 14 years old live in your household?	D40c	Pouvez-vous me dire combien d'enfants de 10 à 14 ans vivent dans votre foyer ?	
	INT.: READ OUT - WRITE DOWN)	7	ENQ. : LIRE - NOTER EN CLAIR)	
	(662-663)	1	(662-663)	
	EB65.1 D40c		EB65.1 D40c	

D41	You personally, were you born?			D41	Vous-même, êtes-vous né(e) ?	
	(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)			]	(MONTRER CATRE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)	
	In (OUR COUNTRY) In another Member Country of the European Union In Europe, but not in a Member Country of the European Uni In Asia, in Africa or in Latin America In Northern America, in Japan or in Oceania Refusal (SPONTANEOUS)	on	(664) 1 2 3 4 5 6	1	En (NOTRE PAYS) Dans un autre Etat membre de l'Union européenne En Europe, mais pas dans un Etat membre de l'Union européenne En Asie, en Afrique ou en Amérique latine En Amérique du Nord, au Japon ou en Océanie Refus (SPONTANE)	(664) 1 2 3 4 5 6
	EB63.4 D41		J -	]	EB63.4 D41	
D42	Which of these proposals corresponds to your situation?			D42	Laquelle de ces propositions correspond à votre situation ?	
	(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)			]	(MONTRER CATRE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE)	
	Your mother and your father were born in (OUR COUNTRY)		(665) 1		Votre mère et votre père sont nés en (NOTRE PAYS)	<b>(665)</b>
	One of your parents was born in (OUR COUNTRY) and the of in another Member State of the European Union Your mother and your father were born in another Member S		2		L'un de vos parents est né en (NOTRE PAYS) et l'autre est né dans un autre Etat membre de l'Union européenne Votre mère et votre père sont nés dans un autre Etat membre de l'Union	2
	European Union One of your parents was born in (OUR COUNTRY) and the		3		européenne Un de vos parents est né en (NOTRE PAYS) et l'autre est né en dehors de	3
	outside of the European Union Your mother and your father were born outside the European		4 5		l'Union européenne Votre père et votre mère sont nés en dehors de l'Union européenne	4 5
	DK\Refusal (SPONTANEOUS) EB65.1 D42		6	1	NSP \ Refus (SPONTANE)	6
D 40						
D43a	Do you own a fixed telephone in your household?			D43a	Possédez-vous un téléphone fixe dans votre foyer ?	
D43b	Do you own a personal mobile telephone?	666)	(667)	D43b	Possédez-vous un téléphone mobile\ GSM\ portable personnel ? (666)	(667)
		D43a Fixed	D43b Mobile		D43a Fixe	D43b Mobile
	Yes No	1 2	1 2		Oui 1 Non 2	1
		Z	Ζ	1		۷
	EB65.1 D43a D43b			1	EB65.1 D43a D43b	

 Do you consider yourself to be?		D44	Vous-même, vous considérez-vous comme étant ?	
(DO NOT READ - SHOW CARD - PRECODED LIST - ONE AN			(NE PAS LIRE - MONTRER CARTE - LISTE PRE-CODEE - UN	
	(668-669)			(668-669)
Catholic	1		Catholique	1
Orthodox	2		Orthodoxe	2
Protestant	3		Protestant	3
Other Christian	4		Autre chrétien	4
Jewish	5		Juif	5
Muslim	6		Musulman	6
Sikh	7		Sikh	7
Buddhist	8		Bouddhiste	8
Hindu	9		Hindouiste	9
Atheist	10		Athéiste	10
Non believer\Agnostic	11		Non croyant \ agnostique	11
Other (SPONTANEOUS)	12		Autre (SPONTANE)	12
DK	13		NSP	13
EB64.3 D44			EB64.3 D44	
		_		
Apart from weddings or funerals, about how often do you attend	d religious services?	D45	A part les mariages ou les funérailles, tous les combien assistez	-vous à une cérémonie
Apart from weddings or funerals, about how often do you attend	d religious services?	D45	A part les mariages ou les funérailles, tous les combien assistez service religieux ?	-vous à une cérémonie
Apart from weddings or funerals, about how often do you attend (SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)	d religious services?	D45		-vous à une cérémonie
-	d religious services? (670)	D45	service religieux ?	-vous à une cérémonie (670)
-		D45	service religieux ?	
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY)		D45	service religieux ? (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) Plus d'une fois par semaine Une fois par semaine	
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) More than once a week	(670)	D45	service religieux ? (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) Plus d'une fois par semaine	
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) More than once a week Once a week	(670)	D45	service religieux ? (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) Plus d'une fois par semaine Une fois par semaine	
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) More than once a week Once a week About once a month	(670)	D45	service religieux ? (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) Plus d'une fois par semaine Une fois par semaine Environ une fois par mois	
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) More than once a week Once a week About once a month About each 2 or 3 month Only on special holy days	(670)	D45	service religieux ? (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) Plus d'une fois par semaine Une fois par semaine Environ une fois par mois Environ tous les 2 ou 3 mois	
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) More than once a week Once a week About once a month About each 2 or 3 month	(670)	D45	service religieux ? (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) Plus d'une fois par semaine Une fois par semaine Environ une fois par mois Environ tous les 2 ou 3 mois Seulement lors de fêtes \ jours religieux spéciaux	
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - ONE ANSWER ONLY) More than once a week Once a week About once a month About each 2 or 3 month Only on special holy days About once a year	(670)	D45	service religieux ? (MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - UNE SEULE REPONSE) Plus d'une fois par semaine Une fois par semaine Environ une fois par mois Environ tous les 2 ou 3 mois Seulement lors de fêtes \ jours religieux spéciaux Environ une fois par an	

Which of the following goods do you have?		D46	Parmi les biens suivants, lesquels possédez-vous ?	
(SHOW CARD - READ OUT - SEVERAL ANSWERS POSSIBLE)			(MONTRER CARTE - LIRE - PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)	
	(671-680)			(671-68
Television	1,		Une télévision	1,
DVD player	2,		Un lecteur DVD	2,
Music CD player	3,		Un lecteur CD audio	3,
Computer	4,		Un ordinateur	4,
An Internet connection at home	5,		Une connexion Internet à la maison	5,
A car	6,		Une voiture	6,
An apartment \ a house which you have finished paying for	7,		Un appartement \ Une maison que vous avez fini de payer	7,
An apartment \ a house which you are paying for	8,		Un appartement \ Une maison que vous êtes en train de payer	8,
None (SPONTANEOUS)	9,		Aucun (SPONTANE)	9,
DK	10,		NSP	10,

	INTERVIEW PROTOCOLE	]	PROTOCOLE D'INTERVIEW	
P1	DATE OF INTERVIEW	P1	DATE DE L'INTERVIEW	
<u></u>	(683-684)		(681-682) (683-684)	
	DAY MONTH		JOUR MOIS	
	EB65.1 P1	]	EB65.1 P1	
P2	TIME OF THE BEGINNING OF THE INTERVIEW	P2	HEURE DU DEBUT DE L'INTERVIEW	
		-		
	(INT.:USE 24 HOUR CLOCK) (685-686) (687-688)		(ENQ. : DE 0 A 23 HEURE) (685-686) (687-688)	
	(685-686) (687-688) (BOUR (687-688)		(687-686) (687-688) (687-688)	
	EB65.1 P2	]	EB65.1 P2	
P3	NUMBER OF MINUTES THE INTERVIEW LASTED	P3	DUREE DE L'INTERVIEW EN MINUTES	
L	(689-691)	-	(689-691)	
	MINUTES	]	MINUTES	
	EB65.1 P3	]	EB65.1 P3	
P4	Number of persons present during the interview, including interviewer	P4	Nombre de personnes présentes pendant l'interview, l'enquêteur inclus.	
	(692)		(692)	
	Two (interviewer and respondent) 1		Deux (l'enquêteur et le répondant) 1 Trois 2	
	Three 2 Four 3		Trois 2 Quatre 3	
	Five or more 4		Cinq et plus 4	
	EB65.1 P4	]	EB65.1 P4	
P5	Respondent cooperation	P5	Coopération du répondant	
	(693)	_	(693)	
	Excellent 1		Excellente 1	
	Fair 2		Bonne 2	
	Average 3 Bad 4		Moyenne 3	
			Médiocre 4	
	EB65.1 P5	]	EB65.1 P5	
P6	Size of locality	P6	Catégorie d'habitat	
	(LOCAL CODES)	1	(CODES LOCAUX)	
	(694-695)	-	(694-695)	
	EB65.1 P6	]	EB65.1 P6	

P7	Region	P7	Région	
	(LOCAL CODES)		(CODES LOCAUX)	
	(696-697)		(696-697)	
	EB65.1 P7		EB65.1 P7	-
		-		
P8	Postal code	P8	Code postal	
	(698-705)		(698-705)	
	EB65.1 P8		EB65.1 P8	
		-	1	
P9	Sample point number	P9	N° point de chute	
	(706-713)		(706-713)	
	EB65.1 P9		EB65.1 P9	
P10	Interviewer number	P10	N° enquêteur	
	(714-721)		(714-721)	
	EB65.1 P10		EB65.1 P10	
P11	Weighting factor	P11	Facteur de pondération	
	(722-729)		(722-729)	
	EB65.1 P11		EB65.1 P11	
	ASK ONLY in LU, BE, ES, FI, EE, LV, MT and TR		POSER UNIQUEMENT en LU, BE, ES, FI, EE, LV, MT et TR	
P13	Language of interview	P13	Langue de l'interview	
	(730)		(730	0)
	Language 1 1		Langue 1	1
	Language 2 2		Langue 2	2
	Language 3 3		Langue 3	3
	EB65.1 P13		EB65.1 P13	

## Tables

#### EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD1 Dans quelle mesure vous sentez-vous bien informé(e) à propos de l'élargissement, c'est-à-dire l'entrée de nouveaux pays dans l'Union européenne ? Vous sentez-vous ... ?

QD1 How well informed do you feel about enlargement that is new countries joining in the European Union? Do you feel...?

	TOTAL	Très bien informé(e) / Very well informed	Bien informé(e) / Well informed	Pas bien informé(e) / Not very well informed	Pas du tout bien informé(e) / Not at all well informed	NSP / DK	Bien informé(e) / Well informed	Pas informé(e) / Not well informed
UE25/EU25	24693	2%	27%	47%	21%	2%	30%	68%
BE	1020	2%	40%	43%	14%	1%	42%	57%
CZ	1068	2%	35%	48%	13%	2%	37%	62%
DK	1008	6%	33%	54%	5%	2%	39%	59%
D-W	1015	3%	37%	44%	15%	1%	40%	59%
DE	1526	3%	38%	44%	15%	1%	40%	59%
D-E	511	1%	39%	46%	12%	1%	40%	59%
EE	1002	2%	20%	51%	22%	5%	21%	73%
EL	1000	1%	16%	52%	30%	0%	17%	82%
ES	1005	1%	14%	41%	38%	6%	15%	79%
FR	1020	3%	28%	52%	17%	1%	31%	68%
IE	1003	4%	27%	41%	24%	4%	31%	65%
IT	1000	3%	23%	42%	27%	5%	26%	69%
CY	507	2%	21%	40%	34%	2%	23%	75%
CY (tcc)	500	10%	30%	34%	20%	5%	40%	54%
LV	1018	1%	21%	62%	13%	3%	22%	75%
LT	1019	1%	19%	55%	21%	4%	20%	75%
LU	503	8%	37%	43%	11%	1%	44%	54%
HU	1020	2%	22%	45%	31%	1%	24%	76%
MT	500	1%	17%	47%	33%	3%	18%	79%
NL	1009	3%	36%	50%	11%	1%	39%	60%
AT	1007	5%	38%	41%	15%	1%	43%	56%
PL	1000	3%	33%	48%	14%	2%	35%	62%
PT	1002	2%	13%	46%	38%	1%	15%	84%
SI	1033	3%	42%	44%	10%	1%	45%	54%
SK	1078	2%	30%	54%	13%	2%	31%	67%
FI	1006	2%	42%	44%	12%	1%	43%	56%
SE	1000	3%	29%	52%	16%	1%	31%	68%
UK	1312	1%	20%	55%	20%	4%	21%	75%
BG	1015	3%	20%	51%	22%	4%	23%	72%
RO	957	2%	18%	45%	30%	4%	21%	75%
HR	1000	2%	30%	47%	20%	1%	33%	66%
TR	1005	3%	14%	22%	35%	26%	17%	57%
	.505	570	1770	2270	5570	-570	. / /0	0, 70

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 0

QD2 Parmi les propositions suivantes laquelle correspond le mieux à votre situation ? Pensez-vous que vous en savez plus ... ?

QD2 Which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do you feel you know more...?

	TOTAL	Sur les bénéfices qui peuvent découler de l'élargissement de l'Union européenne / About benefits that could derive from European Union enlargements	Sur les problèmes qui peuvent être causés par l'élargissement de l'Union européenne / About problems that could be caused by European Union enlargements	Ni l'une, ni l'autre (SPONTANE) / Neither the one, nor the other (SPONTANEOUS)	NSP / DK	
UE25/EU25	24693	17%	40%	30%	12%	
BE	1020	17%	45%	36%	2%	
CZ	1068	30%	34%	27%	8%	
DK	1008	27%	45%	20%	7%	
D-W	1015	15%	54%	28%	4%	
DE	1526	14%	53%	29%	4%	
D-E	511	12%	51%	35%	2%	
EE	1002	19%	41%	24%	17%	
EL	1000	23%	38%	39%	1%	
ES	1005	14%	22%	37%	27%	
FR	1020	10%	54%	27%	9%	
IE	1003	19%	29%	31%	21%	
IT	1000	16%	29%	37%	19%	
CY	507	22%	33%	22%	24%	
CY (tcc)	500	51%	18%	17%	13%	
LV	1018	19%	45%	22%	15%	
LT	1019	23%	27%	25%	25%	
LU	503	12%	58%	17%	13%	
HU	1020	17%	18%	57%	7%	
MT	500	24%	20%	40%	16%	
NL	1009	23%	57%	11%	10%	
AT	1017	14%	41%	38%	7%	
PL	1000	36%	30%	24%	10%	
PT	1002	16%	26%	40%	18%	
SI	1033	26%	38%	29%	7%	
SK	1078	27%	30%	39%	4%	
FI	1006	18%	69%	10%	3%	
SE	1017	20%	52%	16%	12%	
UK	1312	14%	44%	28%	14%	
BG	1015	19%	18%	42%	21%	
RO	957	19%	18%	39%	23%	
HR	1000	23%	44%	23%	10%	
TR	1005	16%	21%	33%	29%	

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD3a Et parmi les propositions suivantes laquelle correspond le mieux à votre situation ? Pensez-vous que vous en savez plus ... ?

QD3a And which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do you feel you know more about...?

τοτα	Sur la manière dont l'Union européenne a bénéficié de l'adhésion de nouveaux membres L à l'Union européenne / How the European Union has benefited from European Union accession of new Member States	bénéficié de leur adhésion à l'Union européenne / How new Member States have benefited	Ni l'une, ni l'autre (SPONTANE) / Neither the one, nor the other (SPONTANEOUS)	NSP / DK
UE25/EU25 24693	3 14%	40%	32%	14%
BE 1020	12%	53%	33%	2%
CZ 1068	25%	35%	31%	10%
DK 1008	17%	57%	18%	9%
D-W 1015	14%	46%	34%	6%
DE 1526		46%	35%	5%
D-E 511		45%	42%	3%
EE 1002	12%	45%	24%	19%
EL 1000	16%	44%	40%	1%
ES 1005	12%	22%	38%	27%
FR 1020	13%	40%	32%	15%
IE 1003	18%	36%	27%	19%
IT 1000	10%	35%	36%	18%
CY 507	12%	43%	22%	24%
CY (tcc) 500	38%	30%	17%	15%
LV 1018	15%	42%	25%	18%
LT 1019	10%	41%	24%	25%
LU 503	12%	48%	21%	19%
HU 1020	14%	20%	56%	10%
MT 500		36%	36%	17%
NL 1009		68%	10%	13%
AT 1017	15%	36%	41%	8%
PL 1000	26%	39%	23%	12%
PT 1002		24%	44%	18%
SI 1033		41%	29%	9%
SK 1078		43%	38%	5%
FI 1006		68%	12%	5%
SE 1017	14%	58%	12%	15%
UK 1312	14%	41%	29%	16%
BG 1015	11%	25%	41%	23%
RO 957	8%	26%	41%	25%
HR 1000	20%	40%	27%	13%
TR 1005	12%	23%	35%	29%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD3b Et parmi les propositions suivantes laquelle correspond le mieux à votre situation ? Pensez-vous que vous en savez plus ... ?

QD3b And which of the following statements corresponds best to your own situation? Do you feel you know more about...?

τοται	Sur la manière dont l'Union européenne pourrait bénéficier de l'adhésion de nouveaux Etats membres / How the European Union would benefit from European Union accession of future member States	Sur la manière dont de nouveaux Etats membres pourraient bénéficier de leur adhésion à l'Union européenne / How future member States would benefit from European Union accession	Ni l'une, ni l'autre (SPONTANE) / Neither the one, nor the other (SPONTANEOUS)	NSP / DK
UE25/EU25 24693	15%	38%	32%	14%
BE 1020		52%	33%	2%
CZ 1068		32%	30%	11%
DK 1008		54%	18%	9%
D-W 1015		47%	34%	5%
DE 1526		46%	36%	5%
D-E 511	12%	40%	44%	4%
EE 1002		40%	26%	21%
EL 1002		4170	37%	1%
ES 1000		40% 22%	38%	28%
FR 1005		38%	32%	17%
IE 1020		35%	28%	20%
IT 1003		32%	33%	18%
CY 507	11%	45%	20%	24%
	37%	45% 32%	20%	24% 16%
LV 1018 LT 1019		41%	25%	19%
		37%	24%	27%
LU 503	11%	49%	20%	21%
HU 1020	15%	18%	57%	11%
MT 500	11%	34%	32%	22%
NL 1009	13%	65%	9%	13%
AT 1017	15%	39%	40%	7%
PL 1000		38%	26%	14%
PT 1002		26%	42%	20%
SI 1033		40%	27%	12%
SK 1078		41%	36%	7%
FI 1006		68%	12%	6%
SE 1017	17%	52%	12%	20%
UK 1312		37%	31%	17%
BG 1015	10%	27%	40%	23%
RO 957	9%	27%	40%	24%
HR 1000	21%	39%	26%	14%
TR 1005	11%	22%	36%	31%

#### EUROBAROMETER 65.2

#### Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD4 En pensant à l'élargissement de l'Union européenne, sur quels sujets suivants souhaiteriez-vous être mieux informé(e) ? Les conséquences de l'élargissement de l'Union européenne sur ... (MAX. 3 REPONSES)

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

QD4 Thinking about the European Union enlargement, on which of the following issues would informed? The consequences of the European Union enlargement on... (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	TOTAL	Le rôle de l'Union européenne dans le monde / The role of the European Union in the world	sein de l'Union	Le fonctionnemen t démocratique de l'Union européenne / The democratic functioning of the European Union	L'unification politique de l'Union européenne / The political unification of the European Union	Le développement et la prospérité économique au sein de l'Union européenne / The economic development and prosperity in the European Union	criminelles dans l'Union européenne / Security and criminal	La qualité de vie dans l'Union européenne / The quality of life in the European Union	de l'Union	culturelle de l'Union	L'immigratio n dans l'Union européenne / Immigration in the European Union	Aucune de celles-ci (SPONT.) / None of these (SPONT.)	Autre (SPONT.) / Other (SPONT.)	NSP / DK
UE25/EU25	24693	25%	26%	23%	14%	38%	22%	27%	14%	9%	18%	7%	1%	8%
BE	1020	31%	31%	26%	16%	41%	25%	33%	17%	10%	20%	6%	1%	1%
CZ	1068	21%	20%	18%	10%	56%	33%	44%	10%	8%	10%	6%	1%	2%
DK	1008	33%	34%	43%	17%	41%	33%	17%	17%	8%	28%	2%	1%	2%
D-W	1015	23%	25%	23%	21%	45%	31%	24%	16%	8%	26%	8%	2%	1%
DE	1526	23%	25%	23%	21%	45%	30%	24%	16%	9%	26%	9%	2%	1%
D-E	511	23%	24%	27%	19%	46%	25%	27%	14%	10%	26%	10%	1%	0%
EE	1002	17%	27%	14%	8%	34%	29%	43%	10%	9%	13%	8%	0%	13%
EL	1000	22%	43%	24%	13%	55%	20%	40%	15%	7%	13%	7%	-	0%
ES	1005	13%	20%	14%	10%	20%	14%	18%	12%	8%	17%	9%	0%	26%
FR	1020	36%	27%	31%	16%	39%	18%	30%	16%	14%	20%	3%	0%	3%
IE	1003	29%	31%	19%	13%	32%	29%	23%	17%	12%	22%	6%	0%	9%
IT	1000	23%	27%	26%	18%	33%	15%	20%	13%	9%	14%	3%	1%	9%
CY	507	25%	39%	28%	10%	42%	26%	28%	19%	10%	11%	5%	1%	6%
CY (tcc)	500	31%	36%	34%	20%	39%	13%	26%	9%	13%	6%	2%	-	9%
LV	1018	20%	26%	13%	9%	41%	23%	47%	7%	9%	12%	7%	-	7%
LT	1019	17%	21%	11%	6%	38%	21%	45%	6%	8%	15%	9%	0%	12%
LU	503	21%	46%	22%	10%	37%	42%	37%	10%	5%	21%	5%	-	2%
HU	1020	16%	22%	16%	10%	39%	13%	43%	12%	13%	9%	13%	1%	9%
MT	500	22%	27%	21%	9%	42%	14%	37%	15%	8%	19%	8%	2%	7%
NL	1009	34%	25%	35%	17%	45%	35%	24%	14%	10%	16%	3%	1%	3%
AT	1017	23%	30%	22%	14%	31%	25%	26%	12%	8%	12%	15%	2%	2%
PL	1000	21%	28%	16%	9%	49%	19%	42%	9%	7%	7%	6%	0%	6%
PT	1002	26%	20%	18%	14%	34%	14%	24%	13%	6%	8%	12%	1%	19%
SI	1033	17%	39%	21%	13%	51%	20%	47%	16%	12%	10%	8%	1%	3%
SK	1078	20%	29%	23%	8%	58%	28%	53%	14%	9%	8%	5%	1%	3%
FI	1006	18%	42%	20%	10%	54%	38%	25%	13%	8%	18%	6%	0%	2%
SE	1017	31%	30%	44%	15%	50%	33%	18%	25%	7%	12%	3%	0%	2%
UK	1312	27%	26%	17%	9%	26%	26%	24%	11%	4%	25%	12%	0%	11%
BG	1015	15%	29%	14%	9%	48%	21%	51%	10%	6%	9%	8%	0%	7%
RO	957	31%	21%	30%	10%	47%	12%	44%	8%	5%	11%	5%	1%	12%
HR	1000	13%	30%	20%	7%	55%	22%	54%	7%	6%	9%	5%	0%	6%
TR	1005	17%	19%	19%	10%	28%	16%	24%	8%	9%	4%	2%	0%	35%

#### EUROBAROMETER 65.2

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD5 Parmi les sources d'information suivantes lesquelles vous aident le plus pour vous forger une opinion sur les sujets liés à l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ? (PLUSIEURS REPONSES POSSIBLES)

QD5 Which of the following information sources most help you form your opinion on European Union enlargeme (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)  $\,$ 

	TOTAL	Les journaux / Newspap ers	Les magazines / Magazines	La presse spécialisée / Specialized press	Books\ publications	La radio / Radio	La télévision / TV	Internet	Assister à des conférences\ séminaires / Attending conferences\ seminars	Des discussions avec des membres de la famille\ amis\ collègues / Discussions with relatives\ friends\ colleagues	Des expériences personnelles (voyages\ vacances, contacts professionnels, évènements culturels\ sportifs, etc.) / Personal experiences (travels\ holidays, business contacts, cultural\ sports events, etc.)	Vous ne cherchez jamais ce genre d'informati ons, pas d'intérêt (SPONT.) / Never look for such informatio n, no interest (SPONT.)	ci (SPONT. ) / None	/ Other	NSP / DK
UE25/EU25	24693	43%	10%	7%	5%	29%	71%	18%	2%	14%	8%	7%	2%	0%	3%
BE	1020	46%	13%	6%	6%	42%	80%	24%	3%	15%	11%	3%	2%	1%	0%
CZ	1068	45%	11%	7%	4%	27%	76%	22%	3%	16%	13%	9%	1%	-	1%
DK	1008	67%	2%	7%	7%	49%	88%	29%	3%	33%	11%	1%	0%	0%	1%
D-W	1015	60%	12%	9%	7%	38%	81%	20%	3%	23%	15%	4%	1%	1%	1%
DE	1526	59%	11%	8%	7%	40%	82%	21%	2%	22%	15%	4%	1%	1%	0%
D-E	511	57%	7%	6%	5%	46%	83%	22%	2%	16%	14%	6%	1%	1%	-
EE	1002	51%	9%	5%	5%	41%	72%	30%	4%	14%	10%	5%	2%	0%	4%
EL	1000	29%	3%	4%	5%	20%	81%	6%	2%	28%	5%	7%	1%	-	-
ES	1005	25%	4%	4%	3%	18%	58%	9%	2%	5%	2%	15%	2%	0%	11%
FR	1020	41%	9%	12%	5%	34%	73%	20%	4%	21%	11%	3%	1%	-	0%
IE	1003	52%	7%	4%	4%	37%	64%	13%	1%	9%	5%	9%	5%	1%	2%
IT	1000	35%	18%	13%	6%	9%	56%	8%	2%	9%	5%	7%	3%	0%	5%
CY	507	36%	8%	14%	10%	24%	74%	20%	9%	18%	9%	8%	1%	-	0%
CY (tcc)	500	77%	20%	26%	8%	17%	73%	13%	4%	13%	0%	2%	1%	-	2%
LV	1018	42%	10%	4%	3%	37%	78%	26%	3%	10%	5%	4%	0%	-	3%
LT	1019	46%	9%	5%	4%	38%	82%	20%	2%	9%	4%	0%	2%	0%	4%
LU	503	64%	19%	12%	10%	54%	78%	23%	5%	24%	14%	1%	2%	1%	0%
HU	1020	35%	1%	4%	3%	35%	77%	15%	2%	9%	4%	8%	2%	0%	2%
MT	500	38%	13%	11%	9%	29%	74%	16%	4%	19%	7%	8%	1%	-	0%
NL	1009	67%	12%	9%	6%	30%	77%	35%	2%	21%	13%	1%	0%	1%	1%
AT	1017	61%	17%	13%	9%	40%	62%	16%	2%	25%	15%	8%	5%	0%	1%
PL	1000	26%	12%	5%	4%	39%	77%	21%	2%	10%	7%	3%	1%	1%	2%
PT	1002	36%	10%	4%	3%	16%	79%	8%	1%	11%	2%	12%	2%	0%	2%
SI	1033	50%	11%	4%	4%	39%	83%	23%	2%	18%	9%	7%	0%	1%	0%
SK	1078	50%	21%	7%	5%	47%	82%	23%	3%	16%	6%	5%	1%	0%	1%
FI SE	1006	69%	14%	5%	7%	31%	84%	29%	4%	17%	11%	1%	0%	0%	1%
	1017	69%	9%	5%	5%	38%	78%	29%	5%	20%	12%	5%	0%	0%	1%
UK	1312	42%	4%	2%	3%	24%	63%	19%	1%	7%	6%	15%	1%	0%	2%

	TOTAL	Les journaux / Newspap ers	Les magazines / Magazines	La presse spécialisée / Specialized press	Les livres\ publications / Books\ publications	La radio / Radio	La télévision / TV	Internet	Assister à des conférences\ séminaires / Attending conferences\ seminars	Des discussions avec des membres de la famille\ amis\ collègues / Discussions with relatives\ friends\ colleagues	Des expériences personnelles (voyages\ vacances, contacts professionnels, évènements culturels\ sportifs, etc.) / Personal experiences (travels\ holidays, business contacts, cultural\ sports events, etc.)	Vous ne cherchez jamais ce genre d'informati ons, pas d'intérêt (SPONT.) / Never look for such informatio n, no interest (SPONT.)	ci (SPONT. ) / None of these	Autre (SPONT.) / Other (SPONT.)	NSP / DK
BG	1015	36%	3%	4%	3%	26%	84%	7%	1%	12%	5%	6%	2%	0%	3%
RO	957	41%	10%	7%	7%	38%	79%	17%	5%	13%	6%	2%	2%	0%	4%
HR	1000	47%	5%	2%	2%	23%	83%	11%	1%	14%	4%	5%	1%	0%	1%
TR	1005	36%	5%	5%	4%	11%	69%	7%	3%	8%	1%	1%	2%		17%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD6 Et selon vous, à qui incombe la responsabilité principale de vous informer sur l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ? (MAX. 3 REPONSES)

QD6 And in your opinion, who should have the main responsibility to inform you about the enlarg (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	TOTAL	Le Gouvernement national / National Government	Les autorités régionales locales / Regional local authorities		les Députés nationaux / National	La Commission européenne / European Commission	Les partis\ organisations politiques / Political parties\ organizations	Les ONG – associations de citoyens / NGOs- citizens' associations	Les organisations\ structures religieuses (y compris les églises) / Religious organizations\ structures (incl. churches)	Les entreprises / Companies\ business	Les syndicats / Trade unions	Les institutions éducatives\ les écoles et les universités / Education institutions\ academia	Les médias d'information / News broadcasters
UE25/EU25	24693	59%	14%	24%	12%	15%	10%	4%	1%	2%	4%	12%	38%
BE	1020	51%	15%	31%	7%	23%	11%	4%	1%	4%	9%	20%	50%
CZ	1068	49%	14%	25%	15%	12%	9%	6%	1%	1%	2%	18%	61%
DK	1008	68%	5%	41%	40%	18%	19%	5%	0%	4%	6%	10%	42%
D-W	1015	56%	16%	30%	11%	15%	14%	6%	1%	1%	4%	19%	38%
DE	1526	56%	14%	30%	12%	15%	14%	5%	1%	1%	3%	20%	38%
D-E	511	55%	7%	32%	14%	17%	12%	3%	1%	1%	1%	23%	39%
EE	1002	62%	9%	20%	16%	17%	7%	6%	1%	2%	3%	18%	36%
EL	1000	72%	32%	30%	23%	13%	14%	6%	1%	1%	2%	8%	22%
ES	1005	62%	11%	14%	4%	14%	6%	1%	1%	0%	1%	3%	15%
FR	1020	66%	14%	29%	9%	17%	10%	4%	0%	3%	6%	18%	48%
IE	1003	70%	12%	30%	14%	17%	15%	4%	1%	2%	6%	10%	29%
IT	1000	43%	19%	23%	11%	13%	6%	5%	1%	1%	3%	4%	39%
CY	507	76%	9%	34%	13%	13%	21%	3%	1%	1%	7%	15%	18%
CY (tcc)	500	64%	29%	24%	18%	19%	11%	14%	2%	1%	3%	12%	19%
LV	1018	52%	11%	13%	8%	10%	4%	7%	0%	2%	2%	16%	52%
LT	1019	54%	11%	12%	18%	12%	4%	4%	1%	1%	2%	16%	50%
LU	503	68%	10%	32%	15%	21%	11%	1%	1%	3%	9%	13%	44%
HU	1020	54%	7%	21%	13%	12%	12%	6%	1%	2%	2%	12%	43%
MT	500	83%	9%	23%	13%	17%	13%	8%	2%	1%	4%	5%	30%
NL	1009	75%	7%	31%	12%	20%	15%	2%	1%	2%	4%	10%	36%
AT	1017	49%	22%	22%	11%	18%	14%	5%	2%	4%	8%	7%	37%
PL	1000	48%	21%	14%	15%	12%	5%	5%	1%	1%	3%	10%	54%
PT	1002	79%	16%	20%	9%	20%	8%	4%	2%	2%	1%	11%	29%
SI	1033	49%	16%	29%	16%	23%	13%	11%	2%	4%	5%	17%	33%
SK	1078	57%	12%	33%	27%	22%	12%	9%	1%	2%	3%	18%	42%
FI	1006	68%	12%	32%	26%	31%	6%	6%	1%	1%	4%	9%	39%
SE	1017	57%	10%	32%	25%	23%	12%	13%	0%	5%	3%	19%	49%
UK	1312	69%	11%	19%	10%	10%	9%	3%	1%	2%	4%	6%	33%
BG	1015	62%	14%	12%	30%	10%	9%	2%	1%	1%	2%	6%	40%
RO	957	59%	29%	9%	13%	12%	8%	6%	1%	3%	3%	18%	52%
HR	1000	55%	16%	14%	10%	8%	7%	16%	2%	2%	3%	11%	42%
TR	1005	56%	9%	8%	13%	6%	7%	9%	5%	2%	2%	12%	28%

#### VOLUME A P

### QD6 Et selon vous, à qui incomgement of the European Union? européenne ? (MAX. 3 REPONSE

	TOTAL	Aucun de ceux-ci (SPONT.) / None of these (SPONT.)	(SPONT. ) /	NSP / DK
UE25/EU25	24693	2%	1%	6%
BE	1020	2%	0%	1%
CZ	1068	2%	0%	2%
DK	1008	1%	1%	1%
D-W	1015	2%	1%	2%
DE	1526	2%	1%	2%
D-E	511	3%	1%	2%
EE	1002	3%	1%	7%
EL	1000	2%	-	0%
ES	1005	3%	0%	22%
FR	1020	1%	0%	2%
IE	1003	3%	1%	7%
IT	1005	2%	0%	8%
CY	507	2 %	1%	3%
CY (tcc)	507	2%	-	3% 7%
LV	1018	2% 5%		
LT			1%	3%
	1019	3%	-	7%
LU	503	1%	1%	1%
HU	1020	2%	0%	8%
MT	500	1%	-	1%
NL	1009	0%	0%	2%
AT	1017	5%	1%	4%
PL	1000	1%	0%	4%
PT	1002	1%	-	7%
SI	1033	4%	1%	8%
SK	1078	1%	-	3%
FI	1006	0%	0%	1%
SE	1017	0%	-	3%
UK	1312	3%	1%	7%
BG	1015	2%	0%	13%
RO	957	1%	-	9%
NO				
HR	1000	1%	0%	10%

QD7a Selon vous, pensez-vous qu'au cours de ces dernières années la valeur des exportations des 15 anciens Etats membres vers les 10 nouveaux Etats membres qui sont entrés dans l'Union européenne en mai 2004 a été supérieure, inférieure ou égale à la valeur des importations en provenance de ces nouveaux Etats membres ? QD7a According to you, would you say that during recent years, the value of exports of the 15 old European Union Member States to the 10 new Member States that joined the European Union in May 2004 has been bigger, smaller or equal to the value of their imports coming from these new Member States?

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

	TOTAL	Supérieure à la valeur des importations en provenance de ces nouveaux Etats membres / Bigger than the value of their imports coming from these new Member States	Inférieure à la valeur des importations en provenance de ces nouveaux Etats membres / Smaller than the value of their imports coming from these new Member States	Egale à la valeur des importations en provenance de ces nouveaux Etats membres / Equal to the value of their imports coming from these new Member States	NSP / DK	
UE25/EU25	24693	27%	18%	15%	41%	
BE	1020	32%	33%	20%	15%	
CZ	1068	41%	12%	22%	25%	
DK	1008	30%	22%	17%	31%	
D-W	1015	40%	15%	17%	27%	
DE	1526	41%	15%	18%	26%	
D-E	511	45%	12%	20%	24%	
EE	1002	27%	12%	16%	45%	
EL	1000	23%	23%	19%	35%	
ES	1005	11%	10%	8%	71%	
FR	1020	24%	21%	15%	41%	
IE	1003	22%	21%	7%	50%	
IT	1000	23%	22%	16%	40%	
CY	507	20%	10%	10%	60%	
CY (tcc)	500	33%	14%	7%	45%	
LV	1018	43%	12%	15%	30%	
LT	1019	22%	13%	11%	54%	
LU	503	27%	18%	14%	41%	
HU	1020	27%	14%	9%	49%	
MT	500	17%	7%	11%	65%	
NL	1009	36%	20%	14%	30%	
AT	1017	23%	22%	19%	36%	
PL	1000	29%	15%	17%	39%	
PT	1002	15%	11%	11%	63%	
SI	1033	33%	18%	15%	34%	
SK	1078	32%	28%	14%	25%	
FI	1006	37%	25%	13%	24%	
SE	1017	20%	20%	16%	44%	
UK	1312	21%	20%	13%	47%	
BG	1015	11%	11%	6%	73%	
RO	957	20%	7%	6%	67%	
HR	1000	28%	14%	19%	39%	
TR	1005	10%	14%	6%	69%	

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD7b Selon vous, après le dernier élargissement de l'Union européenne qui s'est produit en mai 2004, les flux migratoires entre les 10 nouveaux Etats membres et les 15 anciens Etats membres ont été ... ?

QD7b According to you, after the last enlargement of the European Union that took place in May 2004, migration flows between the 10 new Member States and the 15 old Member States have been...

	TOTAL	Très importants / Very important	Assez importants / Fairly important	Assez limités / Fairly limited	Très limités / Very limited	NSP / DK	Importants / Important	Pas importants / Not important
UE25/EU25	24693	15%	38%	21%	3%	22%	53%	25%
BE	1020	13%	48%	33%	2%	4%	61%	35%
CZ	1068	12%	31%	38%	9%	9%	43%	47%
DK	1008	5%	30%	47%	6%	13%	35%	52%
D-W	1015	13%	42%	26%	3%	16%	55%	29%
DE	1526	13%	42%	27%	3%	15%	55%	30%
D-E	511	13%	42%	31%	1%	13%	55%	33%
EE	1002	4%	41%	20%	1%	34%	45%	21%
EL	1000	20%	57%	15%	2%	6%	77%	17%
ES	1005	11%	27%	7%	3%	52%	38%	10%
FR	1020	12%	39%	27%	3%	19%	51%	30%
IE	1003	41%	38%	4%	0%	18%	79%	4%
IT	1000	16%	39%	17%	4%	23%	55%	22%
CY	507	14%	40%	11%	1%	34%	54%	12%
CY (tcc)	500	27%	24%	7%	4%	38%	51%	11%
LV	1018	23%	45%	9%	2%	22%	68%	10%
LT	1019	17%	36%	9%	3%	34%	53%	12%
LU	503	13%	40%	21%	4%	22%	54%	25%
HU	1020	10%	28%	28%	13%	22%	37%	41%
MT	500	6%	27%	17%	5%	45%	33%	22%
NL	1009	7%	35%	39%	7%	12%	42%	46%
AT	1017	12%	39%	19%	5%	24%	52%	25%
PL	1000	21%	48%	14%	2%	15%	69%	16%
PT	1002	10%	35%	12%	2%	41%	45%	14%
SI	1033	4%	39%	34%	3%	21%	43%	36%
SK	1078	13%	48%	23%	4%	13%	60%	27%
FI	1006	4%	33%	41%	8%	14%	37%	50%
SE	1017	2%	22%	42%	7%	26%	24%	50%
UK	1312	24%	35%	13%	1%	27%	59%	14%
BG	1015	8%	23%	11%	2%	55%	32%	13%
RO	957	9%	26%	10%	1%	53%	36%	11%
HR	1000	5%	26%	23%	5%	41%	31%	28%
TR	1005	5%	14%	10%	5%	66%	19%	15%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD8.1 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. Globalement, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Est un bon moyen pour réunifier le continent européen

Is a good way to reunite the European continent

QD8.1 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In

general terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
						1001	1.001	
UE25/EU25	24693	17%	50%	16%	6%	12%	67%	21%
BE	1020	16%	61%	16%	5%	2%	77%	21%
CZ	1068	16%	57%	16%	5%	6%	73%	21%
DK	1008	28%	47%	13%	4%	7%	75%	17%
D-W	1015	18%	45%	21%	7%	8%	64%	28%
DE	1526	18%	48%	20%	7%	7%	66%	27%
D-E	511	20%	56%	15%	6%	4%	76%	20%
EE	1002	14%	50%	11%	4%	21%	64%	16%
EL	1000	21%	48%	18%	12%	1%	69%	30%
ES	1005	19%	46%	7%	3%	25%	65%	10%
FR	1020	14%	49%	19%	9%	9%	63%	28%
IE	1003	26%	53%	6%	2%	13%	79%	8%
IT	1000	16%	52%	15%	4%	14%	68%	19%
CY	507	32%	48%	5%	2%	13%	80%	7%
CY (tcc)	500	35%	29%	13%	2%	22%	63%	15%
LV	1018	14%	52%	16%	3%	14%	67%	19%
LT	1019	20%	49%	8%	2%	20%	70%	10%
LU	503	25%	46%	15%	8%	6%	70%	24%
HU	1020	21%	53%	11%	3%	11%	75%	14%
MT	500	17%	61%	11%	3%	9%	77%	14%
NL	1009	17%	47%	22%	7%	7%	64%	29%
AT	1009	16%	37%	25%	13%	10%	53%	37%
PL	1000	22%	58%	8%	2%	9%	80%	10%
PT	1000	15%	45%	14%	2%	9% 25%	60%	16%
SI								
	1033	19%	61%	13%	2%	6%	79%	15%
SK	1078	23%	58%	12%	2%	6%	81%	13%
FI	1006	9%	52%	29%	6%	4%	61%	35%
SE	1017	27%	46%	13%	6%	8%	73%	19%
UK	1312	9%	48%	18%	6%	18%	57%	24%
BG	1015	44%	38%	3%	1%	14%	82%	4%
RO	957	41%	40%	2%	1%	17%	81%	3%
HR	1000	34%	44%	10%	3%	9%	78%	13%
TR	1005	25%	22%	17%	5%	32%	46%	22%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD8.2 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. Globalement, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ... QD8.2 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In general terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

#### Renforce l'Union européenne

Strengthens the European Union

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	24693	17%	45%	19%	7%	12%	63%	25%
BE	1020	16%	58%	20%	5%	1%	74%	25%
CZ	1068	15%	53%	20%	5%	8%	67%	25%
DK	1008	24%	45%	19%	5%	7%	69%	24%
D-W	1015	15%	37%	28%	12%	8%	52%	40%
DE	1526	16%	38%	27%	11%	7%	55%	38%
D-E	511	21%	44%	22%	9%	4%	65%	31%
EE	1002	16%	47%	17%	4%	16%	63%	21%
EL	1000	29%	41%	18%	11%	1%	70%	29%
ES	1005	23%	41%	8%	3%	25%	64%	12%
FR	1020	12%	44%	26%	10%	8%	56%	36%
IE	1003	27%	51%	7%	2%	13%	78%	9%
IT	1000	16%	48%	17%	5%	15%	64%	22%
CY	507	36%	48%	3%	2%	11%	84%	4%
CY (tcc)	500	41%	31%	11%	3%	15%	72%	14%
LV	1018	11%	51%	21%	4%	12%	62%	26%
LT	1019	19%	48%	11%	2%	20%	67%	13%
LU	503	22%	44%	21%	7%	6%	65%	28%
HU	1020	20%	47%	17%	4%	12%	67%	21%
MT	500	18%	60%	10%	2%	10%	78%	12%
NL	1009	21%	45%	21%	7%	6%	66%	28%
AT	1017	15%	36%	28%	13%	8%	51%	41%
PL	1000	23%	55%	10%	1%	11%	78%	11%
PT	1002	19%	46%	10%	2%	22%	66%	12%
SI	1033	21%	58%	14%	2%	5%	79%	16%
SK	1078	20%	60%	13%	1%	5%	80%	14%
FI	1006	9%	50%	32%	5%	4%	59%	37%
SE	1017	29%	47%	12%	5%	7%	76%	17%
UK	1312	10%	46%	19%	7%	18%	56%	26%
BG	1015	45%	38%	3%	0%	14%	83%	3%
RO	957	40%	40%	2%	0%	17%	80%	3%
HR	1000	33%	47%	9%	3%	8%	80%	12%
TR	1005	23%	27%	15%	4%	31%	50%	19%

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted	EUROBAROMETER 65.2	Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006
QD8.3 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'ace Globalement, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne	cord ou pas d'accord avec elle.	QD8.3 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagre terms, the enlargement of the European Union

Est un bon moyen pour exprimer la solidarité de l'Union européenne vers les pays candidats ou potentiellement candidats

Is a good way to express the European Union solidarity to candidate or potential car

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	24693	14%	48%	16%	6%	16%	62%	22%
BE	1020	12%	62%	18%	5%	3%	74%	23%
CZ	1068	10%	56%	18%	5%	11%	66%	23%
DK	1008	15%	49%	19%	4%	13%	65%	22%
D-W	1015	12%	43%	25%	7%	13%	56%	32%
DE	1526	12%	45%	24%	8%	11%	57%	32%
D-E	511	13%	50%	22%	9%	6%	64%	30%
EE	1002	12%	49%	10%	4%	25%	61%	14%
EL	1000	23%	49%	17%	10%	1%	72%	27%
ES	1005	22%	42%	7%	3%	26%	64%	10%
FR	1020	11%	48%	21%	10%	11%	59%	30%
IE	1003	21%	48%	8%	2%	21%	69%	10%
IT	1000	16%	51%	13%	4%	16%	67%	17%
CY	507	27%	49%	6%	1%	17%	76%	7%
CY (tcc)	500	38%	28%	11%	4%	18%	66%	16%
LV	1018	9%	54%	15%	2%	20%	63%	17%
LT	1019	13%	52%	7%	2%	27%	65%	8%
LU	503	17%	42%	22%	7%	12%	60%	28%
HU	1020	16%	50%	15%	3%	16%	66%	18%
MT	500	14%	54%	13%	2%	17%	68%	15%
NL	1009	14%	46%	22%	6%	12%	60%	28%
AT	1017	15%	35%	25%	12%	13%	50%	37%
PL	1000	18%	59%	9%	1%	13%	77%	10%
PT	1002	14%	50%	10%	2%	24%	64%	13%
SI	1033	14%	60%	16%	2%	8%	74%	18%
SK	1078	14%	59%	18%	2%	8%	72%	20%
FI	1006	7%	56%	24%	5%	8%	63%	29%
SE	1017	24%	46%	11%	5%	14%	70%	16%
UK	1312	7%	44%	16%	6%	28%	51%	22%
BG	1015	34%	40%	5%	2%	19%	74%	7%
RO	957	34%	40%	4%	1%	21%	74%	4%
HR	1000	24%	45%	4 % 16%	4%	12%	69%	19%
TR	1000	∠470	4370	1070	4 70	1270	0770	1770

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD8.4 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. Globalement, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ... QD8.4 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree general terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Consolide les intérêts et les valeurs communes de l'Europe

Consolidates common European interests and values

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	24693	15%	47%	19%	6%	13%	62%	24%
BE	1020	14%	61%	18%	5%	2%	75%	23%
CZ	1068	13%	58%	18%	5%	6%	71%	24%
DK	1008	20%	50%	19%	4%	7%	70%	23%
D-W	1015	18%	44%	25%	7%	7%	61%	32%
DE	1526	18%	45%	24%	7%	6%	63%	31%
D-E	511	20%	50%	20%	6%	4%	70%	26%
EE	1002	15%	51%	14%	4%	16%	66%	18%
EL	1000	20%	45%	21%	12%	2%	66%	33%
ES	1005	19%	41%	10%	4%	26%	61%	13%
FR	1020	10%	43%	26%	10%	11%	53%	36%
IE	1003	20%	47%	9%	2%	22%	67%	11%
IT	1000	15%	50%	17%	4%	14%	64%	21%
CY	507	30%	47%	6%	2%	16%	77%	8%
CY (tcc)	500	39%	31%	9%	3%	19%	70%	11%
LV	1018	10%	53%	20%	3%	15%	62%	22%
LT	1019	15%	52%	11%	2%	21%	67%	12%
LU	503	18%	44%	20%	8%	10%	62%	28%
HU	1020	17%	52%	16%	4%	11%	70%	20%
MT	500	15%	56%	11%	2%	15%	72%	13%
NL	1009	18%	49%	20%	6%	7%	67%	26%
AT	1017	15%	36%	28%	12%	9%	52%	40%
PL	1000	17%	60%	10%	2%	10%	77%	12%
PT	1002	14%	47%	12%	2%	25%	61%	14%
SI	1033	16%	59%	17%	2%	6%	75%	20%
SK	1078	17%	62%	14%	2%	6%	79%	15%
FI	1006	7%	51%	31%	6%	4%	59%	37%
SE	1017	22%	47%	14%	5%	12%	69%	19%
UK	1312	7%	43%	21%	7%	23%	50%	28%
BG	1015	39%	38%	7%	1%	16%	76%	8%
RO	957	36%	37%	4%	1%	22%	73%	5%
HR	1000	27%	46%	13%	4%	10%	74%	17%
TR	1005	22%	25%	15%	5%	34%	47%	20%

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted	EUROBAROMETER 65.2	Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006
QD9a.1 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord D'un point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne	l ou pas d'accord avec elle.	QD9a.1 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree in political terms, the enlargement of the European Union

Garantit la paix et la stabilité sur le continent européen

Ensures peace and stability in the European Continent

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
		agree	agree	disagree	disagree		-	
UE25/EU25	12509	20%	47%	17%	5%	11%	67%	21%
BE	485	14%	58%	21%	5%	2%	72%	26%
CZ	514	21%	56%	13%	4%	6%	77%	17%
DK	497	30%	48%	11%	3%	7%	78%	14%
D-W	507	29%	45%	17%	4%	5%	73%	22%
DE	767	30%	46%	16%	4%	5%	76%	20%
D-E	262	35%	50%	10%	3%	2%	85%	12%
EE	514	17%	52%	13%	5%	14%	69%	17%
EL	497	31%	47%	17%	5%	1%	77%	22%
ES	515	15%	41%	13%	5%	26%	56%	18%
FR	516	14%	45%	23%	7%	10%	60%	31%
IE	495	16%	50%	12%	3%	19%	66%	15%
IT	505	19%	46%	16%	6%	13%	66%	21%
CY	255	33%	44%	9%	2%	12%	77%	11%
CY (tcc)	248	46%	26%	11%	3%	13%	72%	15%
LV	511	15%	53%	16%	4%	13%	68%	19%
LT	510	20%	50%	10%	1%	18%	71%	11%
LU	254	28%	40%	17%	7%	7%	68%	25%
HU	517	24%	45%	16%	5%	11%	69%	20%
MT	248	20%	51%	15%	2%	13%	70%	17%
NL	508	19%	52%	19%	4%	6%	71%	23%
AT	470	21%	37%	25%	8%	9%	58%	33%
PL	520	23%	60%	7%	1%	8%	83%	9%
PT	533	12%	45%	19%	3%	21%	57%	22%
SI	501	21%	59%	13%	2%	5%	80%	15%
SK	568	21%	63%	10%	1%	4%	85%	12%
FI	523	11%	50%	30%	5%	5%	61%	34%
SE	517	33%	46%	8%	3%	9%	79%	12%
UK	677	10%	45%	22%	7%	17%	55%	28%
BG	511	41%	41%	5%	1%	12%	82%	6%
RO	472	39%	41%	5%	2%	13%	80%	7%
HR	490	28%	47%	12%	3%	10%	75%	15%
TR	506	20%	24%	19%	4%	32%	45%	24%

8	ROBAROMETER 65.2	
VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted		Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006
QD9a.2 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. D'un point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne		each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In nent of the European Union
pas d'accord avec elle. D'un point de vue pointque, r'elargissement de l'onion europeenne	political terms, the enlargen	nent of the European orion
Réduit les chances d'avair l'expression d'une position commune de l'Union européenne dans le	Poducos the chances for a c	common European Union voice in the world

Réduit les chances d'avoir l'expression d'une position commune de l'Union européenne dans le monde

Reduces the chances for a common European Union voice in the world

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12509	8%	29%	35%	11%	17%	37%	46%
BE	485	6%	40%	42%	8%	4%	46%	50%
CZ	514	5%	32%	44%	9%	10%	37%	53%
DK	497	8%	22%	42%	18%	10%	30%	60%
D-W	507	11%	31%	35%	13%	10%	42%	48%
DE	767	10%	30%	37%	15%	9%	39%	52%
D-E	262	4%	24%	46%	20%	6%	28%	66%
EE	514	7%	29%	29%	7%	28%	36%	36%
EL	497	10%	24%	49%	16%	2%	34%	65%
ES	515	13%	26%	21%	4%	36%	39%	25%
FR	516	7%	30%	36%	10%	18%	37%	46%
IE	495	8%	33%	29%	9%	21%	41%	38%
IT	505	6%	32%	29%	15%	18%	38%	44%
CY	255	5%	23%	32%	17%	22%	29%	49%
CY (tcc)	248	18%	20%	29%	13%	20%	39%	41%
LV	511	3%	24%	41%	9%	22%	27%	51%
LT	510	4%	27%	30%	11%	27%	32%	42%
LU	254	17%	31%	27%	5%	19%	48%	33%
HU	517	8%	24%	36%	15%	16%	32%	52%
MT	248	4%	22%	38%	11%	25%	26%	49%
NL	508	5%	25%	46%	14%	10%	31%	60%
AT	470	10%	28%	34%	12%	17%	37%	46%
PL	520	8%	32%	36%	9%	16%	39%	45%
PT	533	10%	28%	26%	6%	31%	37%	32%
SI	501	5%	28%	49%	9%	10%	32%	58%
SK	568	5%	23%	50%	12%	10%	28%	62%
FI	523	4%	34%	47%	7%	7%	38%	55%
SE	517	7%	27%	34%	18%	14%	34%	52%
UK	677	4%	27%	36%	9%	24%	31%	45%
BG	511	12%	18%	35%	4%	30%	30%	39%
RO	472	11%	14%	34%	9%	32%	25%	43%
HR	490	4%	17%	45%	14%	20%	21%	59%
TR	506	13%	23%	24%	7%	33%	36%	31%

# EUROBAROMETER 65.2 Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006 OD9a.3 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. OD9a.3 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagre Dun point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ... OD9a.3 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagre

Favorise la démocratie sur le continent européen

Promotes democracy in the European Continent

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12509	16%	52%	15%	4%	14%	67%	19%
BE	485	11%	63%	19%	3%	4%	74%	22%
cz	514	15%	59%	16%	4%	6%	74%	20%
DK	497	22%	49%	16%	2%	11%	71%	18%
D-W	507	17%	53%	17%	4%	8%	70%	22%
DE	767	18%	52%	18%	5%	8%	70%	23%
D-E	262	20%	49%	18%	8%	5%	69%	26%
EE	514	15%	54%	10%	3%	18%	69%	13%
EL	497	21%	52%	18%	7%	2%	73%	25%
ES	515	16%	45%	9%	3%	27%	61%	12%
FR	516	12%	53%	16%	6%	12%	65%	22%
IE	495	12%	52%	8%	2%	25%	65%	10%
IT	505	15%	52%	14%	3%	15%	67%	17%
CY	255	34%	46%	4%	2%	14%	81%	6%
CY (tcc)	233	44%	23%	12%	6%	15%	67%	18%
LV	511	8%	55%	12 %	3%	19%	63%	18%
LT	510	17%	51%	7%	2%	23%	68%	9%
LU	254	21%	44%	18%	4%	13%	65%	22%
HU	517	19%	44% 51%	15%	4%	13%	71%	18%
MT	248	19%	47%	12%	4%	22%	65%	13%
NL		17%	47% 51%	12%	5%	22% 8%		
AT	508						68%	24%
PL	470 520	18% 24%	36% 58%	27% 6%	9% 2%	10% 9%	55% 83%	36% 8%
PL PT								
SI	533	11%	49%	14%	3%	23%	60%	17%
	501	17%	61%	12%	2%	8%	78%	14%
SK	568	14%	63%	15%	1%	7%	77%	16%
FI	523	7%	59%	24%	3%	7%	67%	27%
SE	517	25%	47%	11%	4%	12%	72%	15%
UK	677	8%	48%	18%	6%	21%	55%	24%
BG	511	30%	43%	6%	2%	19%	74%	7%
RO	472	32%	44%	5%	1%	18%	76%	6%
HR	490	22%	49%	13%	4%	12%	71%	17%
TR	506	17%	27%	18%	5%	33%	44%	23%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

OD9a.4 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. D'un point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Aggrave la situation des droits de l'homme et des minorités

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

OD9a.4 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Worsens the situation of human and minority rights

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12509	7%	23%	40%	14%	15%	30%	55%
BE	485	6%	26%	52%	14%	3%	32%	66%
CZ	514	5%	20%	49%	17%	8%	25%	67%
DK	497	5%	22%	40%	23%	11%	26%	63%
D-W	507	7%	24%	43%	16%	10%	31%	59%
DE	767	7%	23%	43%	18%	9%	30%	61%
D-E	262	5%	22%	45%	23%	6%	27%	67%
EE	514	4%	23%	38%	14%	22%	27%	51%
EL	497	10%	19%	46%	22%	2%	30%	68%
ES	515	11%	17%	31%	7%	33%	29%	38%
FR	516	8%	24%	42%	16%	11%	32%	57%
IE	495	6%	21%	39%	12%	22%	27%	51%
IT	505	7%	23%	34%	19%	18%	30%	52%
CY	255	7%	18%	32%	18%	26%	24%	50%
CY (tcc)	248	13%	19%	28%	21%	19%	32%	49%
LV	511	4%	20%	46%	10%	19%	24%	57%
LT	510	3%	21%	38%	12%	27%	24%	50%
LU	254	12%	18%	39%	17%	14%	30%	56%
HU	517	6%	23%	39%	20%	12%	29%	59%
MT	248	6%	16%	46%	15%	17%	22%	61%
NL	508	5%	21%	51%	13%	10%	26%	64%
AT	470	13%	27%	39%	12%	10%	40%	51%
PL	520	5%	23%	44%	16%	13%	28%	60%
PT	533	8%	27%	34%	8%	24%	34%	42%
SI	501	6%	30%	43%	11%	9%	36%	55%
SK	568	4%	23%	55%	10%	8%	28%	64%
FI	523	4%	26%	55%	8%	7%	30%	63%
SE	517	6%	25%	34%	22%	14%	31%	55%
UK	677	6%	25%	39%	8%	22%	31%	47%
BG	511	10%	18%	28%	9%	35%	28%	37%
RO	472	8%	15%	34%	20%	23%	23%	54%
HR	490	5%	19%	44%	16%	15%	24%	60%
TR	506	14%	18%	24%	10%	34%	32%	34%
	2.50		. 570	=	. 570	2170		5170

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD9a.5 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. D'un point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Facilite l'évolution vers une unification politique en Europe

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

QD9a.5 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Facilitates progress towards a political unification in Europe

			Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE2	5/EU25	12509	13%	49%	18%	5%	15%	62%	23%
BE		485	10%	55%	27%	5%	3%	64%	32%
CZ		514	12%	55%	20%	5%	8%	66%	26%
DK		497	17%	54%	16%	3%	10%	71%	19%
D-W	1	507	15%	50%	22%	6%	7%	65%	28%
DE		767	16%	50%	22%	6%	6%	66%	28%
D-E		262	18%	50%	21%	5%	5%	69%	27%
EE		514	17%	55%	9%	3%	17%	71%	12%
EL		497	20%	52%	21%	5%	2%	72%	26%
ES		515	18%	43%	8%	3%	29%	61%	10%
FR		516	8%	42%	28%	7%	15%	50%	35%
IE		495	12%	51%	10%	1%	26%	63%	11%
IT		505	14%	50%	15%	6%	15%	64%	20%
CY		255	25%	49%	6%	2%	19%	74%	8%
CY (	(tcc)	248	36%	31%	11%	5%	17%	67%	15%
LV		511	8%	58%	13%	2%	19%	65%	16%
LT		510	15%	50%	8%	2%	25%	65%	10%
LU		254	12%	45%	21%	5%	17%	57%	26%
HU		517	18%	50%	16%	3%	14%	68%	19%
MT		248	12%	53%	6%	2%	27%	65%	8%
NL		508	12%	52%	25%	4%	6%	64%	29%
AT		470	14%	40%	28%	8%	10%	54%	36%
PL		520	17%	59%	10%	1%	13%	76%	11%
PT		533	10%	51%	9%	2%	29%	61%	11%
SI		501	11%	55%	19%	4%	12%	66%	23%
SK		568	15%	57%	16%	1%	11%	72%	17%
FI		523	6%	54%	31%	4%	5%	59%	35%
SE		517	17%	46%	17%	5%	15%	63%	22%
UK		677	7%	44%	20%	5%	24%	51%	25%
BG		511	25%	39%	6%	1%	28%	65%	7%
RO		472	28%	41%	5%	1%	25%	69%	7%
HR		490	21%	51%	9%	4%	14%	73%	13%
TR		506	16%	27%	18%	6%	33%	43%	23%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD9b.1 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. D'un point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Aggrave les dissensions et l'instabilité politique sur le continent européen

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

QD9b.1 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Increases dissensions and political instability in the European Continent

			Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25	5/EU25	12184	12%	35%	29%	7%	17%	46%	37%
BE		535	8%	35%	44%	8%	4%	44%	52%
CZ		554	7%	30%	42%	11%	11%	37%	52%
DK		511	9%	33%	33%	14%	11%	42%	48%
D-W		508	20%	43%	25%	6%	7%	63%	30%
DE		759	20%	41%	26%	6%	7%	61%	32%
D-E		249	19%	35%	31%	6%	9%	54%	38%
EE		488	12%	32%	25%	7%	24%	44%	32%
EL		503	13%	27%	46%	11%	3%	40%	57%
ES		490	9%	23%	28%	6%	33%	33%	34%
FR		504	14%	42%	26%	5%	13%	56%	32%
IE		509	11%	36%	23%	3%	26%	48%	26%
IT		495	9%	36%	24%	9%	22%	46%	33%
CY		252	20%	34%	20%	5%	22%	54%	25%
CY (t	cc)	252	14%	28%	30%	8%	20%	42%	38%
LV		507	8%	33%	31%	5%	24%	41%	35%
LT		509	6%	20%	37%	11%	27%	25%	48%
LU		249	21%	37%	30%	5%	7%	57%	35%
HU		503	6%	26%	35%	15%	17%	32%	50%
MT		252	5%	33%	32%	5%	26%	38%	36%
NL		501	14%	39%	31%	7%	9%	53%	38%
AT		547	19%	34%	23%	10%	14%	53%	33%
PL		480	5%	30%	41%	8%	17%	34%	49%
PT		469	10%	35%	26%	2%	27%	45%	28%
SI		532	6%	39%	38%	8%	10%	45%	45%
SK		510	6%	28%	46%	12%	8%	34%	58%
FI		483	13%	41%	35%	5%	6%	54%	39%
SE		500	14%	34%	25%	13%	13%	49%	38%
UK		635	10%	31%	28%	5%	27%	41%	32%
BG		504	8%	23%	35%	5%	28%	31%	41%
RO		485	7%	17%	33%	14%	29%	24%	47%
HR		510	6%	23%	46%	12%	13%	29%	58%
TR		499	19%	23%	18%	7%	32%	42%	26%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD9b.2 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. D'un point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Renforce le rôle de l'Union européenne sur la scène internationale

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

QD9b.2 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Strengthens the role of the European Union on the international scene

		TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree			Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25	5/EU25	12184	18%	49%	15%	4%	14%	67%	19%
BE		535	21%	63%	13%	3%	1%	84%	15%
CZ		554	20%	58%	13%	2%	7%	78%	15%
DK		511	31%	46%	13%	2%	8%	77%	15%
D-W		508	22%	46%	19%	4%	9%	67%	24%
DE		759	23%	46%	18%	4%	9%	69%	22%
D-E		249	25%	50%	15%	2%	8%	75%	17%
EE		488	20%	46%	11%	3%	20%	66%	14%
EL		503	23%	47%	20%	9%	1%	70%	29%
ES		490	18%	41%	8%	3%	29%	59%	11%
FR		504	12%	51%	20%	6%	10%	63%	27%
IE		509	17%	52%	9%	1%	21%	69%	10%
IT		495	16%	51%	15%	4%	14%	67%	19%
CY		252	31%	49%	4%	2%	13%	80%	7%
CY (1	tcc)	252	27%	34%	15%	5%	19%	61%	20%
LV		507	15%	55%	13%	2%	16%	70%	14%
LT		509	17%	51%	5%	1%	26%	68%	7%
LU		249	19%	53%	14%	3%	10%	73%	17%
HU		503	24%	48%	12%	3%	13%	71%	15%
MT		252	9%	63%	6%	1%	22%	72%	6%
NL		501	21%	51%	16%	4%	7%	72%	21%
AT		547	16%	42%	20%	9%	13%	58%	29%
PL		480	24%	55%	7%	2%	11%	79%	10%
PT		469	12%	48%	14%	2%	24%	61%	15%
SI		532	18%	63%	9%	1%	8%	81%	11%
SK		510	17%	61%	13%	1%	7%	79%	14%
FI		483	12%	59%	21%	2%	6%	71%	22%
SE		500	27%	50%	9%	4%	10%	77%	13%
UK		635	10%	47%	14%	5%	23%	58%	19%
BG		504	28%	48%	4%	1%	19%	76%	5%
RO		485	28%	47%	4%	1%	20%	75%	5%
HR		510	29%	52%	9%	0%	10%	81%	10%
TR		499	22%	29%	13%	4%	33%	50%	17%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD9b.3 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. D'un point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ... QD9b.3 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Affaiblit le processus décisionnel démocratique de l'Union européenne

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

Weakens the democratic decision-making in the European Union

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree		Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	10%	32%	31%	7%	19%	43%	38%
BE	535	6%	42%	41%	7%	4%	48%	48%
CZ	554	6%	31%	41%	10%	12%	37%	51%
DK	511	12%	37%	34%	9%	8%	49%	43%
D-W	508	18%	39%	27%	7%	10%	57%	34%
DE	759	16%	37%	30%	7%	10%	53%	37%
D-E	249	9%	30%	44%	7%	11%	38%	51%
EE	488	7%	26%	30%	9%	28%	33%	39%
EL	503	14%	26%	48%	9%	3%	39%	57%
ES	490	9%	21%	25%	6%	39%	30%	31%
FR	504	10%	40%	28%	6%	17%	49%	34%
IE	509	7%	26%	31%	4%	31%	33%	35%
IT	495	9%	31%	28%	11%	21%	40%	39%
CY	252	10%	27%	24%	13%	26%	36%	37%
CY (tcc)	252	14%	20%	34%	11%	21%	34%	45%
LV	507	6%	29%	35%	3%	28%	34%	38%
LT	509	5%	29%	28%	5%	32%	35%	33%
LU	249	11%	37%	27%	6%	19%	48%	33%
HU	503	5%	20%	40%	13%	21%	25%	53%
MT	252	4%	29%	30%	3%	34%	33%	33%
NL	501	12%	36%	35%	5%	12%	48%	40%
AT	547	14%	34%	24%	13%	15%	49%	36%
PL	480	5%	28%	39%	10%	19%	32%	49%
PT	469	8%	26%	32%	2%	32%	34%	34%
SI	532	5%	30%	44%	8%	13%	35%	52%
SK	510	4%	24%	53%	8%	11%	28%	61%
FI	483	10%	43%	36%	3%	7%	54%	39%
SE	500	9%	37%	30%	10%	15%	46%	40%
UK	635	10%	34%	26%	3%	27%	44%	29%
BG	504	7%	15%	41%	4%	33%	22%	45%
RO	485	5%	14%	34%	11%	37%	18%	45%
HR	510	7%	25%	42%	11%	15%	32%	54%
TR	499	14%	22%	22%	7%	35%	36%	29%

### EUROBAROMETER 65.2 VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006 QD9b.4 Pourriez-vous me dire pour chacune des propositions suivantes si vous êtes d'accord ou pas d'accord avec elle. QD9b.4 Please tell me, for each of the following statements, if you agree or disagree with it. In political terms, the enlargement of the European Union... D'un point de vue politique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ... Renforce la protection des droits de l'homme et des minorités au sein de l'Union européenne

Increases the protection of human rights and minorities in the European Union

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	15%	50%	16%	4%	15%	65%	21%
BE	535	14%	62%	18%	4%	2%	76%	22%
CZ	554	12%	59%	17%	3%	8%	72%	21%
DK	511	17%	54%	17%	3%	9%	71%	20%
D-W	508	18%	49%	20%	4%	10%	67%	23%
DE	759	18%	50%	19%	4%	9%	68%	23%
D-E	249	19%	53%	15%	6%	8%	71%	21%
EE	488	13%	46%	17%	3%	21%	59%	20%
EL	503	18%	50%	22%	9%	2%	67%	31%
ES	490	15%	43%	7%	3%	32%	57%	11%
FR	504	9%	47%	26%	6%	11%	56%	32%
IE	509	16%	46%	12%	3%	23%	62%	15%
IT	495	15%	50%	13%	5%	17%	66%	17%
CY	252	28%	45%	8%	2%	16%	74%	10%
CY (tcc)	252	26%	28%	20%	6%	20%	55%	26%
LV	507	13%	52%	15%	1%	19%	65%	16%
LT	509	15%	47%	8%	1%	29%	61%	10%
LU	249	17%	46%	16%	7%	13%	63%	24%
HU	503	19%	51%	13%	3%	14%	70%	16%
MT	252	9%	63%	10%	1%	18%	71%	11%
NL	501	16%	50%	19%	6%	9%	66%	25%
AT	547	16%	37%	25%	11%	12%	53%	36%
PL	480	21%	56%	9%	1%	13%	77%	10%
PT	469	11%	51%	11%	1%	26%	62%	12%
SI	532	14%	53%	22%	2%	9%	67%	24%
SK	510	10%	62%	17%	2%	9%	73%	19%
FI	483	11%	55%	24%	4%	6%	66%	28%
SE	500	18%	52%	12%	6%	13%	70%	18%
UK	635	10%	49%	16%	5%	20%	59%	21%
BG	504	17%	36%	8%	1%	38%	54%	9%
RO	485	27%	42%	7%	2%	23%	69%	8%
HR	510	20%	49%	14%	4%	13%	70%	17%
TR	499	20%	24%	17%	6%	33%	44%	23%

# EUROBAROMETER 65.2 Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006 VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

Bloque tout projet d'unification politique de l'Union européenne

Hinders any project of political unification of the European Union

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	7%	27%	35%	10%	22%	34%	44%
BE	535	5%	36%	46%	8%	5%	40%	55%
CZ	554	3%	20%	47%	11%	18%	23%	58%
DK	511	6%	26%	40%	19%	10%	32%	59%
D-W	508	11%	33%	34%	10%	12%	44%	44%
DE	759	10%	32%	36%	10%	12%	42%	46%
D-E	249	4%	29%	44%	10%	12%	33%	54%
EE	488	4%	26%	28%	10%	31%	31%	38%
EL	503	8%	28%	47%	9%	9%	36%	56%
ES	490	9%	19%	26%	6%	39%	29%	33%
FR	504	7%	26%	35%	9%	23%	33%	44%
IE	509	7%	29%	26%	5%	33%	36%	31%
IT	495	7%	26%	31%	15%	21%	33%	46%
CY	252	4%	15%	31%	12%	39%	18%	43%
CY (tcc)	252	14%	20%	27%	12%	27%	34%	39%
LV	507	3%	25%	35%	6%	32%	28%	40%
LT	509	4%	19%	33%	8%	36%	24%	41%
LU	249	7%	22%	34%	10%	28%	29%	44%
HU	503	4%	21%	35%	17%	23%	25%	52%
MT	252	1%	17%	37%	5%	40%	19%	42%
NL	501	7%	26%	44%	9%	15%	32%	53%
AT	547	10%	26%	31%	11%	22%	36%	42%
PL	480	4%	24%	41%	11%	20%	28%	52%
PT	469	7%	24%	25%	3%	41%	31%	28%
SI	532	3%	26%	46%	8%	16%	29%	55%
SK	510	3%	15%	53%	13%	16%	18%	66%
FI	483	3%	30%	48%	4%	14%	33%	52%
SE	500	7%	26%	33%	13%	21%	33%	46%
UK	635	6%	30%	29%	5%	30%	36%	34%
BG	504	8%	15%	28%	4%	44%	23%	33%
RO	485	3%	8%	32%	14%	43%	11%	46%
HR	510	5%	17%	39%	12%	27%	22%	51%
TR	499	13%	23%	21%	7%	36%	36%	28%



(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12509	11%	37%	29%	7%	17%	47%	36%
BE	485	5%	36%	47%	8%	3%	41%	56%
CZ	514	11%	40%	32%	8%	9%	51%	40%
DK	497	28%	48%	13%	2%	9%	76%	15%
D-W	507	10%	31%	41%	9%	9%	41%	50%
DE	767	10%	30%	43%	10%	8%	39%	53%
D-E	262	8%	24%	50%	12%	6%	32%	62%
EE	514	8%	44%	22%	4%	22%	52%	26%
EL	497	22%	42%	27%	7%	2%	64%	34%
ES	515	16%	31%	15%	4%	33%	47%	20%
FR	516	6%	29%	39%	10%	16%	35%	49%
IE	495	12%	44%	22%	2%	20%	56%	23%
IT	505	12%	42%	24%	4%	18%	54%	28%
CY	255	31%	40%	9%	3%	17%	71%	11%
CY (tcc)	248	49%	29%	8%	1%	13%	78%	9%
LV	511	14%	49%	18%	3%	16%	63%	21%
LT	510	15%	45%	12%	1%	27%	60%	13%
LU	254	10%	24%	37%	15%	15%	34%	51%
HU	517	12%	39%	25%	6%	18%	51%	31%
MT	248	17%	48%	12%	3%	21%	65%	14%
NL	508	5%	25%	46%	13%	11%	30%	59%
AT	470	15%	30%	31%	9%	15%	45%	41%
PL	520	13%	53%	15%	2%	17%	66%	17%
PT	533	10%	37%	22%	4%	27%	47%	26%
SI	501	13%	49%	23%	4%	10%	63%	27%
SK	568	11%	46%	29%	6%	8%	57%	35%
FI	523	7%	37%	43%	5%	7%	44%	48%
SE	517	6%	30%	32%	14%	17%	36%	46%
UK	677	7%	39%	24%	7%	23%	46%	31%
BG	511	27%	38%	14%	1%	20%	65%	15%
RO	472	22%	33%	15%	4%	26%	55%	19%
HR	490	20%	40%	21%	5%	15%	59%	26%
TR	506	19%	28%	18%	5%	30%	48%	23%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

QD10a.2 Et d'un point de vue économique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

Accentue le transfert d'emplois vers des pays où la main-d'œuvre est moins chère

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

QD10a.2 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

Increases jobs transferring to countries where labour is cheaper

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

Tout à fait Plutôt d'accord Plutôt pas Pas du tout d'accord / d'accord / d'accord / NSP / D'accord / Pas d'accord TOTAL / Tend to Totally Tend to Totally DK Agree / Disagree agree disagree agree disagree UE25/EU25 12509 31% 44% 11% 3% 11% 75% 14% BE 485 34% 52% 11% 1% 2% 86% 12% CZ 514 25% 55% 13% 1% 5% 80% 14% DK 497 25% 48% 17% 2% 7% 73% 20% D-W 507 48% 34% 12% 2% 4% 83% 14% DE 767 49% 35% 11% 2% 3% 84% 13% D-E 262 49% 38% 8% 1% 3% 87% 9% EE 514 24% 50% 9% 1% 15% 74% 11% EL 497 49% 87% 38% 9% 3% 1% 12% ES 515 23% 39% 27% 63% 10% 8% 2% FR 516 39% 39% 12% 3% 8% 78% 14% ΙE 495 31% 47% 9% 1% 12% 77% 10% IT 505 23% 45% 14% 5% 13% 68% 19% CY 255 15% 40% 39% 6% 1% 79% 6% CY (tcc) 248 42% 26% 4% 20% 68% 12% 8% LV 511 22% 52% 10% 3% 13% 74% 13% 1 T 510 16% 45% 12% 3% 24% 60% 15% LU 254 29% 45% 13% 2% 10% 75% 15% ΗU 517 19% 43% 15% 7% 17% 62% 22% MT 248 12% 43% 26% 6% 13% 55% 32% NL 508 33% 50% 12% 2% 4% 83% 13% AT 470 36% 41% 14% 5% 4% 77% 19% PL 520 21% 54% 12% 2% 11% 75% 13% ΡT 533 23% 53% 7% 1% 15% 77% 8% SI 501 29% 55% 9% 1% 6% 85% 9% SK 568 20% 62% 10% 1% 7% 82% 11% FI 523 23% 55% 17% 1% 3% 78% 19% SE 517 34% 49% 8% 4% 5% 83% 12% UK 25% 677 48% 11% 2% 14% 73% 13% ΒG 511 26% 42% 7% 1% 24% 68% 8% RO 472 25% 38% 8% 2% 27% 63% 10% HR 490 23% 50% 11% 13% 73% 14% 3% TR 506 16% 31% 17% 4% 31% 48% 21%



(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

(IF 'SPLIT

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12509	15%	51%	13%	3%	19%	66%	16%
BE	485	15%	67%	13%	3% 2%		80%	16%
CZ						4%		
CZ DK	514	13%	63%	14%	1%	9%	76%	15%
DK D-W	497	14%	58%	12%	1%	15%	72%	13%
	507	14%	47%	21%	4%	14%	61%	24%
DE	767	14%	49%	20%	3%	13%	63%	24%
D-E	262	14%	56%	18%	2%	10%	70%	20%
EE	514	13%	59%	6%	1%	22%	72%	6%
EL	497	28%	55%	11%	3%	2%	84%	14%
ES	515	22%	44%	6%	2%	26%	65%	8%
FR	516	18%	54%	13%	3%	12%	72%	16%
IE	495	16%	55%	6%	1%	22%	71%	7%
IT	505	13%	47%	13%	5%	22%	60%	18%
CY	255	24%	43%	6%	1%	26%	67%	7%
CY (tcc)	248	45%	24%	12%	3%	16%	69%	15%
LV	511	10%	56%	12%	2%	21%	65%	14%
LT	510	16%	51%	5%	1%	28%	66%	6%
LU	254	21%	46%	12%	1%	19%	67%	14%
HU	517	15%	56%	14%	2%	14%	70%	16%
MT	248	13%	51%	8%	2%	26%	64%	10%
NL	508	17%	54%	11%	3%	16%	70%	14%
AT	470	18%	45%	15%	5%	17%	63%	20%
PL	520	12%	59%	9%	1%	19%	71%	10%
PT	533	13%	57%	8%	1%	21%	70%	9%
SI	501	14%	62%	10%	2%	11%	76%	13%
SK	568	9%	59%	18%	1%	12%	68%	20%
FI	523	13%	63%	14%	2%	8%	76%	16%
SE	517	17%	51%	8%	2%	23%	68%	10%
UK	677	7%	47%	11%	3%	31%	54%	15%
BG	511	20%	49%	8%	2%	22%	69%	10%
RO	472	20%	49%	10%	2% 1%	22%	65%	10%
HR	472	21% 15%			3%	23% 17%		
TR	490 506	15%	46%	17%			62%	21% 22%
IR	506	19%	26%	18%	4%	33%	45%	22%

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted	Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006
QD10a.4 Et d'un point de vue économique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne	QD10a.4 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Favorise l'établissement de travailleurs venant de futurs Etats membres de l'Union européenne

Increases settlement of workers coming from future member States in the European Union

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

UE25/EU25         12509         22%         51%         11%         2%         14%         73%         13%           BE         485         16%         66%         14%         2%         2%         82%         16%           CZ         514         17%         57%         16%         1%         10%         73%         17%           DW         507         35%         47%         18%         10%         73%         17%           D-W         507         35%         17%         16%         1%         10%         73%         17%           DE         767         34%         48%         11%         1%         6%         82%         13%           EE         262         29%         53%         1%         1%         87%         12%           ES         515         17%         42%         9%         3%         1%         83%         4%           IT         505         20%         50%         1%         4%         1%         83%         4%           IT         505         20%         53%         1%         6%         13%         83%         4%           IT <th></th> <th>TOTAL</th> <th>Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree</th> <th>Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree</th> <th>Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree</th> <th>Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree</th> <th>NSP / DK</th> <th>D'accord / Agree</th> <th>Pas d'accord / Disagree</th>		TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
BE       485       16%       66%       14%       2%       2%       8%       16%         CZ       514       17%       57%       16%       1%       8%       74%       18%         DK       477       16%       57%       16%       1%       10%       73%       17%         D-W       507       35%       47%       11%       1%       6%       82%       12%         D-E       767       34%       48%       11%       1%       6%       82%       13%         EE       262       29%       53%       12%       1%       5%       82%       13%         EE       514       20%       56%       6%       1%       1%       87%       12%         EE       516       11%       42%       7%       1%       29%       63%       8%         FR       515       21%       42%       7%       13%       83%       4%       13%       12%       4%       12%       69%       19%       16%       17%       5%       13%       13%       13%       14%       11<%	UE25/EU25	12509	22%	51%	11%	2%	14%	73%	13%
CZ       514       17%       57%       17%       1%       8%       74%       18%         DK       497       16%       57%       11%       1%       10%       73%       17%         D-W       507       35%       47%       11%       1%       6%       83%       12%         DE       767       34%       48%       11%       1%       6%       82%       12%         DE       262       29%       53%       12%       1%       5%       82%       13%         EE       514       20%       56%       6%       1%       17%       76%       6%         EL       497       39%       47%       9%       3%       1%       87%       12%         FR       515       21%       47%       76%       1%       29%       63%       8%         IT       505       20%       55%       13%       16%       17%       13%       4%         CY       255       40%       43%       1%       -       15%       83%       1%         LT       505       20%       55%       17%       16%       74%       13%     <	BE								
DK       497       16%       57%       16%       1%       10%       73%       17%         D-W       507       35%       47%       11%       1%       6%       83%       12%         DE       767       34%       48%       11%       1%       6%       82%       13%         D-E       262       29%       53%       12%       1%       5%       82%       13%         EE       497       39%       47%       9%       3%       1%       8%       6%         EL       497       39%       47%       9%       3%       1%       8%       8%         FR       516       18%       51%       15%       16%       4%       1%       1%       9%       4%         IE       495       33%       49%       4%       0%       13%       8%       4%         CY       255       40%       43%       1%       -       15%       83%       1%         LV       511       17%       56%       9%       2%       16%       3%       1%       1%         LV       511       17%       56%       9%       1%	CZ	514	17%		17%	1%	8%	74%	18%
D-W       507       35%       47%       11%       1%       6%       83%       12%         DE       767       34%       48%       11%       1%       6%       82%       12%         D-E       262       29%       53%       12%       1%       5%       82%       13%         EE       514       20%       56%       6%       1%       17%       76%       6%         EL       497       39%       47%       9%       3%       11%       87%       12%         ES       515       21%       42%       7%       1%       29%       63%       8%         FR       516       18%       51%       15%       4%       12%       69%       19%         IT       505       20%       50%       12%       4%       15%       70%       16%         CY       255       40%       43%       1%       5%       17%       70%       13%         LV       505       20%       50%       12%       4%       15%       17%       13%         LV       511       17%       5%       9%       16%       74%       11%	DK	497			16%	1%		73%	
D-E       262       29%       53%       12%       1%       5%       82%       13%         EE       514       20%       56%       6%       1%       17%       76%       6%         EL       497       39%       47%       9%       3%       1%       87%       12%         ES       515       21%       42%       7%       1%       29%       63%       8%         FR       516       18%       51%       15%       4%       12%       69%       19%         IE       495       33%       49%       4%       0%       13%       83%       4%         IT       505       20%       50%       12%       4%       15%       70%       16%         CY       255       40%       43%       1%       -       15%       83%       1%         LV       251       17%       56%       9%       2%       16%       74%       11%         LV       511       17%       56%       9%       16%       17%       13%         LV       510       19%       47%       6%       1%       16%       11%       1% <td< td=""><td>D-W</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	D-W								
EE       514       20%       56%       6%       1%       17%       76%       6%         EL       497       39%       47%       9%       3%       1%       87%       12%         ES       516       21%       42%       7%       1%       29%       63%       8%         FR       516       18%       51%       15%       4%       0%       13%       83%       4%         IE       495       33%       49%       4%       0%       15%       70%       16%         CY       255       40%       43%       1%       -       15%       83%       1%         CY (tcc)       248       39%       31%       8%       5%       17%       70%       13%         LV       510       17%       66%       9%       26%       66%       8%         LU       254       20%       53%       16%       2%       10%       77%       18%         HU       517       17%       66%       10%       11%       6%       11%         PL       510       17%       50%       13%       10%       17%       66%       16%	DE	767	34%	48%	11%	1%	6%	82%	12%
EL       497       39%       47%       9%       3%       1%       87%       12%         ES       515       21%       42%       7%       1%       29%       63%       8%         FR       516       18%       51%       15%       4%       12%       69%       19%         IE       495       33%       49%       4%       0%       13%       83%       4%         IT       505       20%       50%       12%       4%       15%       70%       16%         CY       255       40%       43%       1%       -       15%       83%       4%         LV       511       17%       56%       9%       2%       16%       74%       11%         LV       511       17%       56%       9%       2%       16%       74%       11%         LU       248       39%       53%       16%       2%       10%       77%       13%         MT       248       15%       62%       10%       3%       10%       77%       13%         PL       510       17%       57%       10%       6%       74%       11% </td <td>D-E</td> <td>262</td> <td>29%</td> <td>53%</td> <td>12%</td> <td>1%</td> <td>5%</td> <td>82%</td> <td>13%</td>	D-E	262	29%	53%	12%	1%	5%	82%	13%
ES51521%42%7%1%29%63%8%FR51618%51%15%4%12%69%19%IE49533%49%4%0%13%83%4%IT50520%50%12%4%15%70%16%CY25540%43%1%-15%83%1%CY (tcc)24839%31%8%5%17%70%13%LV51117%66%9%2%16%74%11%LU51019%47%6%1%26%66%8%LU51717%50%13%2%10%72%18%HU51717%50%13%2%10%72%18%NL50829%54%10%1%6%8%16%PL52017%55%9%1%19%71%9%SI50121%58%13%1%7%7%14%FI52312%69%14%1%5%81%14%SE51722%47%13%4%13%70%18%GG51123%37%51%11%3%22%71%7%RO49017%54%10%1%22%71%7%1%HR40017%54%10%1%	EE	514	20%	56%	6%	1%	17%	76%	6%
FR       516       18%       51%       15%       4%       12%       69%       19%         IE       495       33%       49%       4%       0%       13%       83%       4%         IT       505       20%       50%       12%       4%       15%       70%       16%         CY       255       40%       43%       1%       -       15%       83%       1%         CY (tcc)       248       39%       31%       8%       5%       17%       70%       13%         LV       511       17%       66%       9%       2%       16%       74%       11%         LU       510       19%       47%       6%       1%       26%       66%       8%         LU       254       20%       53%       16%       2%       10%       72%       18%         HU       517       17%       50%       13%       2%       17%       68%       16%         MT       248       15%       62%       10%       1%       6%       2%       11%         PL       510       217       17%       5%       9%       1%       19%	EL	497	39%	47%	9%	3%	1%	87%	12%
IE49533%49%4%0%13%83%4%IT50520%50%12%4%15%70%16%CY25540%43%1%-15%83%1%CY (tcc)24839%31%8%5%17%70%13%LV51117%56%9%2%16%74%11%LT51019%47%6%1%26%66%8%LU25420%53%16%2%10%72%18%HU51717%50%13%2%10%77%13%MT24815%62%10%3%10%77%13%NL50829%54%10%1%6%82%11%PT53317%55%9%1%15%74%11%PT53317%55%9%1%19%71%9%SK56810%62%15%1%14%14%SK56810%62%15%1%14%14%SK56810%69%14%1%5%81%14%G51722%47%13%4%13%70%18%UK67714%51%11%2%22%65%13%BG51123%37%11%3%27%59%14%<	ES	515	21%	42%	7%	1%	29%	63%	8%
IT       505       20%       50%       12%       4%       15%       70%       16%         CY       255       40%       43%       1%       -       15%       83%       1%         CY (tcc)       248       39%       31%       8%       5%       17%       70%       13%         LV       511       17%       56%       9%       2%       16%       74%       11%         LT       510       19%       47%       6%       1%       26%       66%       8%         LU       254       20%       53%       16%       2%       10%       72%       18%         HU       517       17%       50%       13%       2%       10%       77%       13%         MT       248       15%       62%       10%       3%       16%       16%       11%         NL       508       29%       54%       10%       1%       6%       82%       11%         P       517       17%       58%       6%       19%       19%       11%       1%       1%       1%       1%       1%       1%       1%       1%       1%       1%	FR	516	18%	51%	15%	4%	12%	69%	19%
CY         255         40%         43%         1%         -         15%         83%         1%           CY (tcc)         248         39%         31%         8%         5%         17%         70%         13%           LV         511         17%         56%         9%         2%         16%         74%         11%           LT         511         17%         56%         9%         2%         16%         74%         11%           LU         254         20%         53%         16%         2%         10%         72%         18%           HU         517         17%         50%         13%         2%         17%         68%         16%           MT         248         15%         62%         10%         3%         10%         7%         13%           NL         508         29%         54%         10%         1%         6%         82%         11%           PT         533         17%         5%         6%         79%         15%           PL         520         17%         5%         9%         1%         19%         74%         11%           SK	IE	495	33%	49%	4%	0%	13%	83%	4%
CY (tcc)         248         39%         31%         8%         5%         17%         70%         13%           LV         511         17%         56%         9%         2%         16%         74%         11%           LT         510         19%         47%         6%         1%         26%         66%         8%           LU         254         20%         53%         16%         2%         17%         68%         16%           HU         517         17%         50%         13%         2%         17%         68%         16%           MT         248         15%         62%         10%         3%         10%         77%         13%           NL         508         29%         54%         10%         3%         10%         7%         13%           PT         520         17%         57%         10%         0%         15%         74%         11%           PT         533         17%         55%         9%         13%         19%         71%         9%           SK         501         21%         58%         13%         1%         7%         14% <t< td=""><td>IT</td><td>505</td><td>20%</td><td>50%</td><td>12%</td><td>4%</td><td>15%</td><td>70%</td><td>16%</td></t<>	IT	505	20%	50%	12%	4%	15%	70%	16%
LV       511       17%       56%       9%       2%       16%       74%       11%         LT       510       19%       47%       6%       1%       26%       66%       8%         LU       254       20%       53%       16%       2%       10%       72%       18%         HU       517       17%       50%       13%       2%       10%       77%       13%         MT       248       15%       62%       10%       3%       10%       77%       13%         NL       508       29%       54%       10%       1%       6%       82%       11%         AT       470       28%       51%       10%       5%       6%       79%       15%         PL       501       21%       57%       10%       0%       15%       74%       11%         SK       501       21%       58%       13%       1%       7%       79%       14%         SK       568       10%       62%       15%       11%       7%       14%         SE       517       22%       47%       13%       4%       13%       70%       18%	CY	255	40%	43%	1%	-	15%	83%	1%
LT       510       19%       47%       6%       1%       26%       66%       8%         LU       254       20%       53%       16%       2%       10%       72%       18%         HU       517       17%       50%       13%       2%       10%       72%       18%         HU       517       17%       60%       10%       3%       10%       77%       13%         NL       508       29%       54%       10%       1%       6%       82%       11%         AT       470       28%       51%       10%       5%       6%       79%       15%         PL       520       17%       55%       9%       1%       19%       71%       9%         SI       501       21%       58%       13%       1%       7%       14%         SK       568       10%       62%       15%       11%       11%       7%       14%         SE       517       22%       47%       13%       4%       13%       14%       1%       13%       14%       1%       14%       1%       14%       1%       14%       1%       14%	CY (tcc)	248	39%	31%	8%	5%	17%	70%	13%
LU         254         20%         53%         16%         2%         10%         72%         18%           HU         517         17%         50%         13%         2%         17%         68%         16%           MT         248         15%         62%         10%         3%         10%         77%         13%           ML         508         29%         54%         10%         1%         6%         82%         11%           AT         470         28%         51%         10%         5%         6%         79%         15%           PL         520         17%         55%         9%         15%         74%         11%           SI         501         21%         58%         13%         1%         7%         79%         14%           SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         11%         7%         14%           SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         14%         14%           FI         523         12%         47%         13%         4%         13%         14%           KK         568	LV	511	17%	56%	9%	2%	16%	74%	11%
HU       517       17%       50%       13%       2%       17%       68%       16%         MT       248       15%       62%       10%       3%       10%       77%       13%         NL       508       29%       54%       10%       1%       6%       82%       11%         AT       470       28%       51%       10%       5%       6%       79%       15%         PL       520       17%       57%       10%       0%       15%       74%       11%         PT       533       17%       55%       9%       1%       19%       71%       9%         SI       501       21%       58%       13%       1%       7%       79%       14%         SK       568       10%       62%       15%       1%       11%       72%       16%         SE       517       22%       47%       13%       4%       13%       70%       18%         UK       677       14%       51%       11%       2%       22%       65%       13%         BG       511       23%       48%       6%       14%       13%       70%	LT	510	19%	47%	6%	1%	26%	66%	8%
MT         248         15%         62%         10%         3%         10%         77%         13%           NL         508         29%         54%         10%         1%         6%         82%         11%           AT         470         28%         51%         10%         5%         6%         79%         15%           PL         520         17%         57%         10%         0%         15%         74%         11%           PT         533         17%         55%         9%         1%         19%         71%         9%           SI         501         21%         58%         13%         1%         7%         79%         14%           SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         11%         72%         16%           FI         523         12%         69%         14%         1%         5%         81%         14%           SE         517         22%         47%         13%         4%         13%         70%         18%           UK         677         14%         51%         11%         22%         71%         7%	LU	254	20%	53%	16%	2%	10%	72%	18%
NL         508         29%         54%         10%         1%         6%         82%         11%           AT         470         28%         51%         10%         5%         6%         79%         15%           PL         520         17%         57%         10%         0%         15%         74%         11%           PT         533         17%         55%         9%         1%         19%         71%         9%           SI         501         21%         58%         13%         1%         7%         79%         14%           SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         11%         72%         16%           FI         523         12%         69%         14%         1%         5%         81%         14%           SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         14%         1%           SE         517         22%         47%         13%         4%         13%         13%         18%           UK         677         14%         51%         11%         2%         22%         65%         13%	HU	517	17%	50%	13%	2%	17%	68%	16%
AT       470       28%       51%       10%       5%       6%       79%       15%         PL       520       17%       57%       10%       0%       15%       74%       11%         PT       533       17%       55%       9%       1%       19%       71%       9%         SI       501       21%       58%       13%       1%       7%       79%       14%         SK       568       10%       62%       15%       1%       11%       72%       16%         FI       523       12%       47%       13%       4%       13%       14%         SK       568       10%       62%       15%       1%       11%       14%         SE       517       22%       47%       13%       4%       13%       13%       14%         UK       677       14%       51%       11%       2%       22%       65%       13%         BG       511       23%       48%       6%       1%       22%       71%       7%         RO       472       22%       37%       11%       3%       27%       59%       14%	MT	248	15%	62%	10%	3%	10%	77%	13%
PL         520         17%         57%         10%         0%         15%         74%         11%           PT         533         17%         55%         9%         1%         19%         71%         9%           SI         501         21%         58%         13%         1%         7%         79%         14%           SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         11%         72%         16%           FI         523         12%         69%         14%         1%         5%         81%         14%           SE         517         22%         47%         13%         4%         13%         70%         18%           UK         677         14%         51%         11%         2%         22%         65%         13%           BG         511         23%         48%         6%         1%         22%         71%         7%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%	NL	508	29%	54%	10%	1%	6%	82%	11%
PT         533         17%         55%         9%         1%         19%         71%         9%           SI         501         21%         58%         13%         1%         7%         79%         14%           SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         11%         72%         16%           FI         523         12%         69%         14%         1%         5%         81%         14%           SE         517         22%         47%         13%         4%         13%         70%         18%           UK         677         14%         51%         11%         22%         65%         13%           BG         511         23%         48%         6%         1%         22%         71%         7%           RO         472         22%         37%         11%         3%         27%         59%         14%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%	AT	470	28%	51%	10%	5%	6%	79%	15%
SI         501         21%         58%         13%         1%         7%         79%         14%           SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         11%         72%         16%           FI         523         12%         69%         14%         1%         5%         81%         14%           SE         517         22%         47%         13%         4%         13%         70%         18%           UK         677         14%         51%         11%         2%         22%         65%         13%           BG         511         23%         48%         6%         1%         22%         71%         7%           RO         472         22%         37%         11%         3%         27%         59%         14%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%		520	17%	57%	10%	0%	15%	74%	
SK         568         10%         62%         15%         1%         11%         72%         16%           FI         523         12%         69%         14%         1%         5%         81%         14%           SE         517         22%         47%         13%         4%         13%         70%         18%           UK         677         14%         51%         11%         2%         22%         65%         13%           BG         511         23%         48%         6%         1%         22%         71%         7%           RO         472         22%         37%         11%         3%         27%         59%         14%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%		533	17%	55%	9%	1%	19%	71%	9%
FI         523         12%         69%         14%         1%         5%         81%         14%           SE         517         22%         47%         13%         4%         13%         70%         18%           UK         677         14%         51%         11%         2%         22%         65%         13%           BG         511         23%         48%         6%         1%         22%         71%         7%           RO         472         22%         37%         11%         3%         27%         59%         14%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%		501	21%	58%	13%	1%	7%	79%	14%
SE         517         22%         47%         13%         4%         13%         70%         18%           UK         677         14%         51%         11%         2%         22%         65%         13%           BG         511         23%         48%         6%         1%         22%         71%         7%           RO         472         22%         37%         11%         3%         27%         59%         14%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%		568	10%	62%	15%	1%	11%	72%	16%
UK         677         14%         51%         11%         2%         22%         65%         13%           BG         511         23%         48%         6%         1%         22%         71%         7%           RO         472         22%         37%         11%         3%         27%         59%         14%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%		523	12%	69%	14%	1%	5%	81%	14%
BG         511         23%         48%         6%         1%         22%         71%         7%           RO         472         22%         37%         11%         3%         27%         59%         14%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%	SE	517	22%	47%	13%	4%	13%	70%	18%
RO         472         22%         37%         11%         3%         27%         59%         14%           HR         490         17%         54%         10%         2%         17%         71%         12%									
HR 490 17% 54% 10% 2% 17% 71% 12%					6%			71%	
		472	22%	37%	11%	3%	27%	59%	
TR 506 18% 29% 17% 4% 32% 47% 21%		490							
	TR	506	18%	29%	17%	4%	32%	47%	21%

QD10b.1 Et d'un point de vue économique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

Réduit les possibilités de développement économique aussi bien au sein de l'Union européenne qu'en (NOTRE Decreases economic development opportunities in the European Union as well as in (OUR PAYS) COUNTRY)

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

Pas du Tout à fait Plutôt Plutôt pas tout d'accord / d'accord / d'accord / D'accord / Pas d'accord / TOTAL d'accord / NSP / DK Totally Tend to Tend to Aaree Disagree Totally disagree agree agree disagree UE25/EU25 12184 9% 31% 35% 8% 18% 40% 43% BE 535 6% 36% 48% 7% 3% 42% 55% CZ 554 9% 28% 44% 8% 11% 37% 53% DK 511 6% 28% 43% 14% 10% 34% 56% D-W 508 13% 35% 36% 8% 8% 48% 44% DE 759 13% 35% 8% 8% 44% 36% 48% D-E 249 13% 32% 36% 10% 9% 45% 46% EE 488 7% 24% 35% 11% 23% 31% 46% EL 503 21% 32% 6% 44% 38% 2% 54% ES 490 24% 5% 34% 32% 33% 8% 28% FR 504 8% 10% 35% 32% 16% 44% 40% ΙE 509 10% 28% 29% 6% 28% 37% 35% IT 495 3% 28% 35% 13% 21% 31% 48% CY 252 14% 23% 29% 7% 27% 37% 36% CY (tcc) 252 15% 16% 36% 13% 21% 31% 49% LV 507 8% 33% 32% 6% 21% 41% 38% 509 1 T 3% 23% 35% 9% 30% 26% 44% LU 249 10% 36% 29% 5% 20% 46% 34% ΗU 503 4% 27% 39% 15% 15% 31% 54% MT 252 2% 24% 44% 8% 22% 26% 52% NL 501 7% 28% 43% 12% 10% 35% 54% AT 547 16% 27% 27% 12% 18% 43% 40% PI 480 5% 34% 39% 8% 15% 38% 47% ΡT 469 12% 32% 30% 2% 24% 44% 32% SI 532 6% 30% 45% 10% 10% 35% 55% SK 510 24% 49% 10% 11% 59% 5% 30% FI 483 8% 42% 39% 2% 9% 50% 41% SE 500 10% 30% 30% 16% 15% 40% 46% UK 635 8% 31% 30% 4% 27% 40% 33% ΒG 504 5% 14% 43% 9% 28% 20% 52% RO 485 5% 10% 38% 21% 25% 15% 60% HR 510 24% 42% 15% 13% 30% 58% 6% TR 499 16% 15% 31% 8% 31% 31% 38%

#### QD10b.1 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD10b.2 Et d'un point de vue économique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Augmente la prospérité pour tous les Européens

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

QD10b.2 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Increases prosperity for all Europeans

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree		d'accord /	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	7%	36%	31%	10%	15%	43%	42%
BE	535	6%	45%	37%	10%	2%	51%	47%
CZ	554	9%	48%	28%	7%	7%	57%	35%
DK	511	9%	39%	34%	9%	9%	48%	43%
D-W	508	6%	24%	43%	19%	8%	30%	62%
DE	759	6%	24%	44%	18%	7%	30%	63%
D-E	249	5%	25%	49%	16%	5%	30%	64%
EE	488	9%	39%	24%	7%	22%	47%	31%
EL	503	11%	41%	35%	11%	2%	52%	46%
ES	490	12%	39%	11%	5%	34%	51%	15%
FR	504	5%	29%	41%	14%	11%	34%	55%
IE	509	16%	45%	17%	3%	20%	61%	19%
IT	495	7%	36%	28%	9%	19%	43%	37%
CY	252	12%	41%	17%	7%	23%	53%	24%
CY (tcc)	252	35%	28%	15%	2%	20%	63%	17%
LV	507	5%	38%	32%	5%	19%	43%	37%
LT	509	5% 9%	38 % 49%	13%	1%	27%	43 % 59%	14%
LU	249	5% 6%	24%	37%	20%	14%	30%	57%
HU	249 503	11%	24% 40%	27%	20% 9%	14%	52%	35%
MT	252	7%	40% 51%	21%	4%	18%	58%	24%
NL	501	10%	34%	36%	12%	7%	44%	48%
AT	547	12%	34% 29%	30%	12%	11%	44%	48% 49%
PL	480	7%	29% 48%	25%	4%	16%	40% 56%	49% 29%
PT	469	11%	48%	25%	4%	24%	52%	29%
SI	469 532	10%	41% 50%	21%	3% 4%	24% 10%	52% 60%	24% 30%
SK	532	7%	50% 49%	30%	4 % 5%	10%	55%	30%
FI	483	1% 4%	49% 36%	30% 48%	5% 8%	4%	55% 40%	35% 56%
SE	483 500	4% 9%	36% 42%	48% 27%	8% 12%		40% 51%	56% 39%
UK						11%	51% 43%	
BG	635	5%	38%	28%	8%	21%		36%
RO	504	14%	43%	15%	3%	25%	58%	18%
HR	485 510	23%	42%	9% 18%	2%	25% 13%	65% 67%	10%
TR		18%	48%		2%			20%
IK	499	20%	29%	18%	5%	28%	49%	23%

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

QD10b.3 Et d'un point de vue économique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Réduit les ressources budgétaires de (NOTRE PAYS)

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

QD10b.3 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Decreases budgetary resources for (OUR COUNTRY)

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	18%	39%	21%	4%	18%	57%	25%
BE	535	9%	48%	34%	5%	3%	58%	39%
cz	554	12%	35%	31%	6%	16%	47%	36%
DK	511	9%	32%	35%	9%	15%	41%	44%
D-W	508	34%	42%	14%	1%	9%	76%	15%
DE	759	34%	41%	14%	1%	9%	75%	16%
D-E	249	34%	38%	16%	2%	10%	72%	18%
EE	488	10%	37%	28%	5%	21%	46%	33%
EL	503	33%	41%	22%	2%	3%	74%	24%
ES	490	16%	31%	16%	2%	35%	47%	18%
FR	504	17%	42%	21%	5%	15%	59%	27%
IE	509	27%	39%	12%	1%	21%	66%	13%
IT	495	7%	34%	26%	9%	25%	41%	34%
CY	252	17%	21%	25%	3%	34%	38%	28%
CY (tcc)	252	13%	19%	32%	14%	22%	33%	46%
LV	507	10%	37%	29%	4%	20%	47%	33%
LT	509	5%	25%	29%	6%	34%	31%	36%
LU	249	18%	41%	22%	4%	15%	59%	26%
HU	503	8%	27%	36%	13%	16%	35%	49%
MT	252	10%	34%	27%	6%	24%	43%	33%
NL	501	16%	43%	26%	3%	12%	59%	29%
AT	547	25%	38%	17%	7%	12%	63%	25%
PL	480	15%	44%	23%	3%	16%	59%	26%
PT	469	21%	40%	18%	2%	19%	61%	20%
SI	532	11%	39%	34%	4%	12%	50%	38%
SK	510	7%	34%	40%	5%	14%	42%	45%
FI	483	26%	51%	19%	1%	4%	77%	20%
SE	500	19%	41%	19%	5%	15%	60%	24%
UK	635	17%	38%	16%	2%	26%	56%	18%
BG	504	7%	19%	34%	4%	36%	26%	38%
RO	485	10%	20%	30%	7%	32%	31%	37%
HR	510	7%	32%	30%	8%	23%	39%	38%
TR	499	12%	20%	28%	8%	32%	32%	36%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

EUROBAROMETER 65.2 VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted	Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006
QD10b.4 Et d'un point de vue économique, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne	QD10b.4 And in economic terms, the enlargement of the European Union
Assure une meilleure intégration des populations venant de futurs Etats membres de l'Union européenne	Ensures better integration of populations from future member States in the European Union

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	10%	47%	20%	6%	17%	57%	25%
BE	535	8%	55%	31%	4%	3%	62%	35%
CZ	554	9%	58%	15%	3%	14%	68%	18%
DK	511	12%	50%	23%	6%	9%	62%	29%
D-W	508	11%	39%	31%	9%	11%	50%	39%
DE	759	11%	42%	29%	8%	10%	52%	38%
D-E	249	9%	53%	22%	8%	8%	62%	30%
EE	488	13%	48%	11%	2%	27%	60%	13%
EL	503	13%	57%	20%	7%	3%	70%	27%
ES	490	13%	44%	8%	2%	33%	56%	10%
FR	504	9%	46%	24%	9%	12%	54%	33%
IE	509	11%	48%	10%	2%	29%	59%	12%
IT	495	10%	50%	17%	6%	18%	60%	22%
СҮ	252	14%	46%	6%	1%	33%	60%	7%
CY (tcc)	252	28%	26%	12%	3%	31%	54%	15%
LV	507	7%	47%	19%	1%	25%	54%	20%
LT	509	12%	48%	7%	2%	31%	60%	9%
LU	249	10%	43%	22%	9%	16%	53%	31%
HU	503	8%	50%	15%	4%	23%	58%	19%
MT	252	4%	42%	14%	1%	39%	46%	15%
NL	501	9%	39%	32%	8%	12%	48%	40%
AT	547	14%	38%	24%	10%	15%	52%	33%
PL	480	13%	58%	13%	1%	15%	70%	15%
PT	469	9%	54%	11%	1%	24%	63%	13%
SI	532	12%	64%	13%	2%	9%	76%	15%
SK	510	9%	58%	22%	0%	10%	67%	22%
FI	483	5%	54%	26%	4%	10%	59%	30%
SE	500	9%	51%	15%	5%	20%	60%	20%
UK	635	6%	44%	18%	5%	26%	50%	23%
BG	504	19%	45%	8%	2%	26%	64%	10%
RO	485	20%	46%	7%	1%	26%	66%	8%
HR	510	16%	48%	14%	2%	20%	63%	17%
TR	499	22%	24%	19%	4%	31%	46%	23%

QD11a.2 Et d'un point de vue social, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Abaisse le niveau de vie au sein de l'Union européenne

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

QD11a.2 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Lowers life standards in the European Union

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12509	11%	31%	35%	8%	16%	42%	43%
BE	485	9%	38%	44%	6%	3%	48%	49%
CZ	514	11%	27%	45%	10%	7%	38%	55%
DK	497	9%	24%	45%	15%	8%	33%	60%
D-W	507	19%	40%	30%	6%	6%	59%	35%
DE	767	19%	39%	31%	6%	6%	58%	36%
D-E	262	20%	34%	34%	6%	7%	54%	39%
EE	514	5%	26%	38%	7%	24%	32%	44%
EL	497	16%	31%	41%	10%	2%	47%	51%
ES	515	10%	20%	28%	7%	35%	30%	35%
FR	516	15%	40%	26%	6%	13%	54%	33%
IE	495	9%	29%	37%	7%	17%	38%	44%
IT	505	6%	31%	33%	10%	19%	38%	43%
CY	255	6%	24%	31%	11%	28%	30%	42%
CY (tcc)	248	11%	16%	33%	24%	17%	26%	57%
LV	511	6%	30%	41%	7%	16%	36%	48%
LT	510	6%	31%	31%	6%	26%	37%	37%
LU	254	17%	33%	26%	9%	15%	50%	35%
HU	517	6%	31%	35%	14%	13%	37%	50%
MT	248	5%	17%	44%	17%	17%	22%	60%
NL	508	9%	26%	46%	10%	9%	35%	55%
AT	470	17%	35%	27%	12%	9%	53%	39%
PL	520	5%	23%	46%	9%	16%	28%	55%
PT	533	10%	33%	30%	3%	24%	43%	33%
SI	501	9%	33%	42%	5%	10%	42%	48%
SK	568	6%	29%	48%	9%	8%	34%	58%
FI	523	9%	41%	42%	3%	5%	50%	45%
SE	517	7%	28%	34%	19%	12%	35%	53%
UK	677	7%	26%	37%	7%	23%	32%	44%
BG	511	8%	20%	37%	9%	26%	29%	46%
RO	472	9%	18%	34%	14%	25%	26%	49%
HR	490	8%	32%	38%	9%	14%	39%	47%
TR	506	15%	20%	28%	6%	31%	35%	34%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD11a.3 Et d'un point de vue social, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Enrichit la diversité culturelle de l'Europe

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

PΤ

SI

SK

FI

SE

UK

BG

RO

HR

TR

Tout à fait Plutôt d'accord Plutôt pas Pas du tout Pas D'accord / TOTAL d'accord / / Tend to d'accord / Tend d'accord / NSP / DK d'accord / Agree to disagree Totally disagree **Totally agree** Disagree agree UE25/EU25 12509 22% 49% 13% 4% 12% 71% 17% BE 485 21% 61% 14% 3% 1% 82% 17% CZ 514 19% 54% 18% 4% 5% 73% 22% DK 497 47% 17% 72% 19% 25% 2% 9% D-W 507 23% 48% 17% 4% 7% 71% 22% DE 767 23% 49% 16% 4% 6% 73% 21% D-E 262 24% 55% 13% 5% 3% 79% 17% EE 514 24% 2% 15% 72% 49% 11% 13% EL 497 32% 48% 12% 7% 1% 80% 19% ES 515 24% 40% 8% 3% 24% 65% 11% FR 516 21% 50% 14% 5% 9% 71% 19% IE 495 53% 2% 16% 70% 14% 16% 13% IT 505 21% 47% 14% 5% 13% 68% 19% CY 255 38% 41% 4% 1% 16% 79% 5% CY (tcc) 248 44% 32% 10% 2% 12% 75% 12% LV 511 21% 55% 9% 3% 12% 76% 12% IT 510 9% 20% 70% 20% 50% 1% 10% LU 12% 254 29% 48% 10% 78% 10% -ΗU 517 33% 47% 8% 4% 9% 80% 11% MT 248 17% 54% 13% 13% 71% 3% 16% NL 508 23% 44% 20% 4% 9% 66% 25% AT 470 19% 42% 23% 8% 8% 61% 32% PL 520 29% 9% 84% 55% 5% 2% 7%

5%

11%

12%

16%

10%

16%

5%

5%

10%

13%

1%

1%

3%

3%

3%

5%

1%

1%

4%

6%

21%

7%

6%

3%

10%

18%

16%

24%

11%

29%

72%

81%

80%

78%

77%

61%

78%

70%

75%

52%

7%

12%

14%

18%

13%

21%

7%

7%

14%

19%

QD11a.3 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Enriches Europe's cultural diversity

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

533

501

568

523

517

677

511

472

490

506

20%

26%

18%

15%

30%

11%

36%

29%

27%

20%

52%

56%

62%

63%

47%

50%

41%

40%

48%

32%

QD11a.4 Et d'un point de vue social, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Facilite la mobilité de certaines catégories de la population telles que les étudiants, les hommes d'affaire, etc. au sein de l'Europe Facilitates mobility of people like students, businessmen, etc. within Europe

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT A')

QD11a.4 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12509	35%	47%	6%	2%	10%	82%	8%
BE	485	35%	58%	5%	1%	1%	93%	6%
CZ	514	39%	52%	3%	2%	4%	91%	5%
DK	497	45%	44%	3%	1%	6%	89%	5%
D-W	507	39%	46%	8%	2%	6%	84%	10%
DE	767	41%	45%	7%	2%	5%	86%	9%
D-E	262	48%	45%	3%	1%	3%	93%	4%
EE	514	44%	44%	1%	1%	10%	88%	2%
EL	497	49%	41%	6%	3%	1%	90%	9%
ES	515	34%	39%	4%	2%	21%	73%	6%
FR	516	29%	51%	8%	4%	9%	80%	12%
IE	495	33%	52%	2%	1%	12%	85%	3%
IT	505	29%	43%	11%	4%	13%	72%	15%
СҮ	255	55%	34%	0%	1%	10%	89%	1%
CY (tcc)	248	52%	26%	8%	2%	13%	78%	9%
LV	511	31%	50%	4%	1%	14%	81%	5%
LT	510	35%	40%	5%	1%	19%	76%	6%
LU	254	34%	40%	8%	1%	9%	82%	9%
HU	517	30%	47%	7%	2%	14%	77%	9%
MT	248	23%	64%	6%	2%	5%	87%	8%
NL	508	46%	46%	4%	0%	4%	91%	4%
AT	470	33%	46%	4%	4%	4 % 8%	78%	4% 14%
PL	470 520	33% 49%	46% 43%	2%	4% 0%	8% 5%	78% 92%	3%
PL PT	520	49% 26%	43% 54%	2%	0%	5% 16%	92% 80%	3% 4%
SI		44%					92%	
SK	501	44% 52%	48% 40%	3%	0% 1%	5%	92% 92%	3% 4%
FI	568		40% 54%	3%		4%		4% 4%
SE	523	41%		4%	0%	1%	94%	
	517	65%	29%	1%	1%	5%	94%	2%
UK BG	677	20%	57%	4%	2%	17%	77%	6%
	511	51%	37%	1%	1%	10%	87%	2%
RO	472	39%	38%	3%	0%	19%	78%	3%
HR	490	41%	44%	4%	2%	10%	85%	5%
TR	506	24%	27%	14%	5%	30%	52%	19%

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD11b.1 Et d'un point de vue social, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Aggrave le risque d'activités criminelles

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

QD11b.1 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Increases risks of criminal activities

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	23%	39%	21%	6%	11%	62%	27%
BE	535	20%	52%	21%	6%	1%	72%	27%
CZ	554	26%	45%	19%	5%	4%	72%	24%
DK	511	29%	40%	20%	6%	6%	68%	26%
D-W	508	40%	37%	15%	4%	4%	77%	19%
DE	759	40%	38%	15%	3%	4%	78%	18%
D-E	249	41%	40%	16%	1%	2%	81%	17%
EE	488	22%	39%	18%	5%	16%	60%	24%
EL	503	24%	38%	32%	5%	1%	62%	37%
ES	490	12%	33%	19%	4%	31%	45%	24%
FR	504	16%	35%	30%	11%	8%	51%	41%
IE	509	34%	43%	12%	1%	10%	76%	14%
IT	495	16%	33%	25%	12%	13%	49%	37%
CY	252	32%	39%	10%	4%	14%	72%	14%
CY (tcc)	252	25%	23%	26%	12%	14%	48%	38%
LV	507	18%	47%	19%	2%	14%	65%	21%
LT	509	9%	36%	28%	5%	22%	46%	33%
LU	249	50%	31%	14%	4%	2%	80%	18%
HU	503	15%	38%	25%	11%	11%	53%	35%
MT	252	7%	32%	39%	8%	15%	39%	46%
NL	501	22%	40%	26%	6%	6%	62%	32%
AT	547	34%	36%	18%	7%	5%	71%	24%
PL	480	16%	46%	25%	2%	10%	62%	28%
PT	480	20%	48%	17%	1%	14%	68%	18%
SI	532	16%	48% 52%	25%	1%	6%	68%	26%
SK	510	18%	52%	22%	2%	6%	70%	25%
FI	483	22%	52%	19%	1%	4%	76%	20%
SE	483 500	36%	34% 39%	19%	6%	4 % 5%	76%	20%
UK	635	21%	43%	14%	3%	16%	64%	20%
BG	504	12%	43% 29%	32%	3% 6%	22%	40%	37%
RO								
HR	485 510	10% 18%	21% 39%	35% 28%	11% 5%	24% 11%	30% 57%	45% 33%
TR	499	16%	28%	28%	5% 6%	28%	43%	28%
	499	1070	2070	2370	070	2070	4370	2070



(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

	TOTAL	Tout à fait d'accord / Totally agree	Plutôt d'accord / Tend to agree	Plutôt pas d'accord / Tend to disagree	Pas du tout d'accord / Totally disagree	NSP / DK	D'accord / Agree	Pas d'accord / Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	11%	50%	17%	5%	17%	61%	22%
BE	535	6%	62%	23%	4%	5%	68%	27%
CZ	554	12%	59%	14%	3%	12%	71%	17%
DK	511	12%	53%	20%	3%	11%	65%	23%
D-W	508	14%	46%	25%	6%	9%	60%	31%
DE	759	13%	48%	24%	7%	9%	60%	31%
D-E	249	9%	52%	21%	10%	8%	62%	31%
EE	488	16%	48%	11%	2%	24%	63%	12%
EL	503	15%	53%	21%	10%	1%	68%	30%
ES	490	11%	45%	9%	3%	33%	56%	12%
FR	504	7%	51%	19%	7%	17%	58%	26%
IE	509	20%	50%	15%	3%	13%	69%	18%
IT	495	13%	50%	17%	3%	17%	63%	20%
СҮ	252	18%	48%	5%	2%	27%	66%	7%
CY (tcc)	252	24%	38%	15%	4%	18%	62%	19%
LV	507	12%	53%	15%	0%	19%	66%	15%
LT	509	10%	48%	12%	1%	29%	58%	13%
LU	249	19%	38%	19%	5%	19%	57%	24%
HU	503	15%	55%	10%	5%	15%	71%	15%
MT	252	5%	53%	12%	3%	27%	58%	15%
NL	501	10%	41%	29%	6%	14%	51%	35%
AT	547	13%	38%	27%	10%	12%	51%	37%
PL	480	16%	62%	8%	1%	12%	78%	9%
PT	469	11%	51%	12%	2%	24%	62%	14%
SI	532	11%	61%	17%	1%	10%	72%	18%
SK	510	13%	63%	15%	2%	7%	77%	17%
FI	483	5%	60%	24%	3%	8%	65%	27%
SE	500	17%	50%	14%	4%	15%	67%	18%
UK	635	8%	44%	17%	5%	26%	52%	23%
BG	504	17%	52%	8%	2%	20%	69%	9%
RO	485	26%	43%	6%	2%	23%	69%	8%
HR	510	19%	50%	15%	3%	13%	69%	19%
TR	499	18%	30%	18%	3%	31%	48%	22%

QD11b.3 Et d'un point de vue social, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Entraîne la disparition des identités culturelles et des traditions

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

QD11b.3 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Makes cultural identities and traditions disappear

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

		Tout à fait d'accord /	Plutôt d'accord /	Plutôt pas d'accord /	Pas du tout d'accord /	NSP /	D'accord /	Pas d'accord /
	TOTAL	Totally agree	Tend to agree	Tend to disagree	Totally disagree	DK	Agree	Disagree
UE25/EU25	12184	12%	29%	35%	13%	10%	41%	48%
BE	535	8%	32%	46%	13%	1%	40%	59%
CZ	554	10%	32%	40%	13%	5%	42%	52%
DK	511	11%	28%	39%	17%	6%	38%	56%
D-W	508	14%	31%	36%	13%	6%	45%	49%
DE	759	14%	30%	36%	14%	6%	45%	50%
D-E	249	16%	26%	38%	14%	5%	43%	52%
EE	488	9%	27%	33%	11%	20%	36%	44%
EL	503	26%	31%	32%	10%	1%	57%	42%
ES	490	6%	22%	34%	10%	28%	28%	44%
FR	504	15%	29%	36%	16%	5%	43%	51%
IE	509	24%	33%	28%	5%	10%	57%	33%
IT	495	7%	24%	38%	19%	11%	31%	57%
CY	252	20%	30%	25%	8%	17%	50%	32%
CY (tcc)	252	27%	27%	21%	12%	13%	54%	33%
LV	507	9%	35%	35%	8%	13%	44%	43%
LT	509	7%	28%	35%	8%	22%	35%	43%
LU	249	18%	26%	40%	13%	3%	44%	54%
HU	503	4%	23%	37%	25%	12%	27%	62%
MT	252	6%	37%	37%	8%	13%	43%	44%
NL	501	9%	29%	40%	16%	6%	38%	56%
AT	547	16%	33%	30%	14%	7%	49%	44%
PL	480	7%	28%	38%	15%	11%	36%	53%
PT	469	14%	30%	34%	3%	19%	44%	38%
SI	532	11%	40%	34%	8%	7%	51%	42%
SK	510	11%	30%	39%	15%	5%	41%	55%
FI	483	7%	34%	45%	9%	4%	41%	55%
SE	500	10%	30%	32%	23%	4 % 5%	40%	55%
UK	635	20%	36%	24%	6%	5% 14%	40% 56%	29%
BG								44%
	504	10%	22%	36%	7%	24%	33%	
RO HR	485	4%	19%	36%	15%	26%	23%	51%
	510	16%	33%	33%	10%	9%	49%	42%
TR	499	21%	30%	15%	5%	29%	51%	20%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

QD11b.4 Et d'un point de vue social, l'élargissement de l'Union européenne ...

Augmente l'immigration clandestine en Europe

(SI 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

QD11b.4 And in social terms, the enlargement of the European Union...

Increases illegal immigration in Europe

(IF 'SPLIT BALLOT B')

UE25/EU25         12184         22%         38%         23%         6%         11%         60%         29%           BE         535         21%         50%         23%         4%         2%         71%         27%           CZ         554         18%         41%         28%         5%         8%         59%         33%           DK         511         21%         37%         29%         7%         6%         58%         36%           D-W         508         34%         35%         23%         5%         4%         69%         27%           DE         759         34%         36%         22%         4%         4%         70%         26%           D-E         249         32%         41%         21%         1%         4%         74%         22%           EE         488         22%         38%         18%         4%         18%         60%         22%           EL         503         29%         32%         5%         1%         62%         37%           ES         490         16%         31%         19%         3%         3%         1%         42%
BE         535         21%         50%         23%         4%         2%         71%         27%           CZ         554         18%         41%         28%         5%         8%         59%         33%           DK         511         21%         37%         29%         7%         6%         58%         36%           D-W         508         34%         35%         23%         5%         4%         69%         27%           DE         759         34%         36%         22%         4%         4%         70%         26%           D-E         249         32%         41%         21%         1%         4%         74%         22%           EE         488         22%         38%         18%         4%         18%         60%         22%           EL         503         29%         32%         5%         1%         62%         37%
CZ55418%41%28%5%8%59%33%DK51121%37%29%7%6%58%36%D-W50834%35%23%5%4%69%27%DE75934%36%22%4%4%70%26%D-E24932%41%21%1%4%74%22%EE48822%38%18%4%18%60%22%EL50329%32%32%5%1%62%37%
DK51121%37%29%7%6%58%36%D-W50834%35%23%5%4%69%27%DE75934%36%22%4%4%70%26%D-E24932%41%21%1%4%74%22%EE48822%38%18%4%18%60%22%EL50329%32%32%5%1%62%37%
D-W         508         34%         35%         23%         5%         4%         69%         27%           DE         759         34%         36%         22%         4%         4%         70%         26%           D-E         249         32%         41%         21%         1%         4%         74%         22%           EE         488         22%         38%         18%         4%         18%         60%         22%           EL         503         29%         32%         32%         5%         1%         62%         37%
DE         759         34%         36%         22%         4%         4%         70%         26%           D-E         249         32%         41%         21%         1%         4%         70%         22%           EE         488         22%         38%         18%         4%         18%         60%         22%           EL         503         29%         32%         5%         1%         62%         37%
D-E         249         32%         41%         21%         1%         4%         74%         22%           EE         488         22%         38%         18%         4%         18%         60%         22%           EL         503         29%         32%         32%         5%         1%         62%         37%
EE         488         22%         38%         18%         4%         18%         60%         22%           EL         503         29%         32%         32%         5%         1%         62%         37%
EL 503 29% 32% 32% 5% 1% 62% 37%
ES 490 16% 31% 19% 3% 31% 47% 22%
FR 504 21% 41% 24% 7% 7% 62% 31%
IE 509 33% 42% 12% 2% 10% 76% 14%
IT 495 13% 32% 26% 13% 16% 46% 39%
CY 252 32% 40% 12% 2% 15% 72% 13%
CY (tcc) 252 24% 29% 22% 6% 20% 52% 28%
LV 507 17% 45% 19% 3% 17% 62% 22%
LT 509 11% 37% 22% 5% 25% 48% 27%
LU 249 35% 34% 18% 6% 8% 68% 24%
HU 503 12% 31% 31% 11% 16% 43% 42%
MT 252 12% 44% 23% 4% 16% 56% 28%
NL 501 18% 34% 32% 7% 9% 52% 39%
AT 547 27% 38% 19% 8% 7% 66% 27%
PL 480 13% 48% 24% 5% 11% 61% 28%
PT 469 22% 48% 14% 1% 15% 69% 16%
SI 532 16% 51% 24% 3% 7% 67% 27%
SK 510 18% 49% 25% 3% 6% 66% 28%
FI 483 19% 48% 27% 2% 4% 67% 30%
SE 500 21% 34% 22% 12% 11% 55% 34%
UK 635 25% 42% 17% 3% 13% 68% 19%
BG 504 11% 26% 25% 7% 31% 38% 31%
RO 485 10% 22% 29% 8% 32% 32% 36%
HR 510 20% 40% 20% 5% 16% 59% 25%
TR 499 19% 28% 16% 5% 31% 47% 22%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

## Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD12 Selon vous, parmi les propositions suivantes, quelles seraient les plus importantes pour assurer le succès de nouveaux élargissements de l'Union européenne ? (MAX. 3 REPONSES) QD12 In your opinion, amongst the following, what would be the most important things in order to make any further enlargements of the European Union successful? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	TOTAL	Un projet politique clair pour l'Europe / Clear political project for Europe	Un soutien adéquat de l'Union européenne pour la préparation des pays candidats \ potentiellement candidats / Adequate support of the European Union for the preparation of candidate \ potential candidate countries	Une meilleure connaissance et une meilleure compréhension populations de l'Union européenne et des pays candidats \ potentiellemen t candidats \ Better knowledge and understanding between people in the European Union and in the candidate	Une meilleure implication des citoyens de l'Union européenne et des pays candidats \ potentiellement candidats / Better involvement of citizens in the European Union and in the candidate \ potential candidate countries	Une connaissance du public des bénéfices et des défis générés par les élargissements de l'Union européenne / Public awareness of the benefits and challenges of European Union enlargements	envers les pays qui aspirent à devenir des Etats membres de l'Union européenne / Respect of European Union	Réformer le fonctionne ment institution nel de l'Union européenn e / Reforms of the institution al functionin g of the European Union	Le fait que les pays candidats potentielleme nt candidats partagent les valeurs et les principes de l'Union européenne / Candidate candidate countries sharing European Union values and principles	Aucune de celles-ci (SPONTANE ) / None of these (SPONTANE OUS)	Autre (SPONTANE) / Other (SPONTANEO US)	NSP / DK
UE25/EU25	24693	37%	14%	34%	22%	32%	19%	14%	22%	5%	1%	12%
BE	1020	42%	17%	42%	31%	30%	17%	16%	27%	5%	0%	4%
CZ	1068	32%	20%	35%	19%	36%	22%	17%	24%	6%	0%	7%
DK	1008	52%	17%	43%	36%	32%	20%	16%	35%	2%	1%	5%
D-W	1015	41%	7%	30%	26%	32%	24%	21%	34%	8%	2%	7%
DE	1526	42%	7%	30%	26%	31%	25%	20%	34%	8%	2%	6%
D-E EE	511	43%	6%	33%	28%	27%	31%	19%	36%	6%	2%	4%
EL	1002 1000	29% 37%	22% 19%	28% 37%	16% 24%	28% 52%	25% 34%	10% 16%	16% 27%	7% 3%	0% 0%	19% 0%
ES	1000	27%	12%	16%	24% 16%	14%	13%	7%	15%	3% 5%	1%	35%
FR	1020	47%	6%	34%	18%	34%	22%	18%	36%	6%	0%	7%
IE	1003	25%	24%	45%	26%	39%	20%	12%	18%	2%	1%	17%
IT	1000	29%	17%	36%	22%	29%	17%	9%	17%	3%	1%	11%
СҮ	507	28%	14%	43%	29%	38%	37%	5%	28%	1%	0%	13%
CY (tcc)	500	42%	44%	38%	33%	22%	11%	5%	8%	1%	-	11%
LV	1018	47%	11%	33%	16%	34%	16%	14%	12%	3%	-	12%
LT	1019	40%	19%	31%	18%	33%	13%	10%	16%	3%	1%	17%
LU	503	38%	16%	36%	17%	36%	21%	14%	34%	6%	1%	6%
HU	1020	30%	27%	24%	14%	32%	20%	13%	21%	3%	1%	17%
MT	500	25%	26%	32%	27%	36%	12%	11%	16%	3%	1%	20%
NL	1009	50%	17%	39%	33%	30%	17%	14%	31%	3%	1%	7%

	TOTAL	Un projet politique clair pour l'Europe / Clear political project for Europe	Un soutien adéquat de l'Union européenne pour la préparation des pays candidats potentiellement candidats / Adequate support of the European Union for the preparation of candidate\ potential candidate countries	potentiellemen t candidats / Better	Une meilleure implication des citoyens de l'Union européenne et des pays candidats\ potentiellement candidats / Better involvement of citizens in the European Union and in the candidate\ potential candidate countries	Une connaissance du public des bénéfices et des défis générés par les élargissements de l'Union européenne / Public awareness of the benefits and challenges of European Union enlargements	Respecter les engagements de l'Union européenne envers les pays qui aspirent à devenir des Etats membres de l'Union européenne / Respect of European Union commitments towards countries aspiring to become European Union members	institution al functionin g of the European	Le fait que les pays candidats\ potentielleme nt candidats partagent les valeurs et les principes de l'Union européenne / Candidate\ potential candidate countries sharing European Union values and principles	) / None of	Autre (SPONTANE) / Other (SPONTANEO US)	NSP / DK
AT	1017	20%	20%	32%	25%	29%	30%	14%	19%	14%	1%	7%
PL	1000	33%	26%	37%	21%	34%	16%	14%	5%	2%	0%	11%
PT	1002	29%	20%	36%	26%	26%	17%	9%	11%	2%	0%	29%
SI	1033	47%	17%	40%	26%	43%	30%	11%	19%	4%	2%	6%
SK Fl	1078	33% 17%	20%	39%	25%	39%	32%	21% 9%	22% 39%	4% 3%	1% 0%	6% 4%
SE	1006 1017	46%	22% 17%	50% 54%	22% 18%	50% 45%	21% 14%	9% 20%	39% 32%	3% 2%	0%	4% 5%
UK	1312	40%	7%	38%	18%	45% 39%	8%	12%	32% 11%	10%	0%	15%
BG	1015	35%	29%	30%	21%	39%	33%	6%	8%	1%	0%	16%
RO	957	24%	40%	33%	24%	41%	30%	11%	14%	1%	0%	14%
HR	1000	25%	23%	31%	29%	26%	28%	8%	24%	2%	1%	15%
TR	1005	16%	16%	26%	17%	22%	21%	11%	7%	2%	0%	36%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD13 Les pays des Balkans occidentaux regroupent la Croatie, l'ancienne République yougoslave de Macédoine, l'Albanie, la Bosnie-Herzégovine, La Serbie-Monténégro y compris le Kosovo sous administration de l'ONU. Selon vous, quels sont les principaux défis que les pays des Balkans occidentaux et la Turquie doivent surmonter sur leur route vers l'Union européenne ? (MAX. 3 REPONSES) QD13 We understand the Western Balkan countries as Croatia, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia and Montenegro including Kosovo under UN administration. In your opinion, which are the main challenges facing the Western Balkan countries and Turkey on their road to the European Union? (MAX. 3 ANSWERS)

	TOTAL	Adopter et appliquer les normes et les standards de l'Union européenne / Adopting and implementing European Union norms and standards	pays voisins /	Assurer le développemen t économique / Ensuring economic development	Aborder le problème de l'instabilité politique / Addressing political instability	La démocratie / Democracy	Le respect des droits de l'homme et des minorités / Respect for human and minority rights	Combattre le crime organisé et la corruption / Combating organize crime and corruption	valeurs et les principes européens /		Autre (SPONTAN E) / Other (SPONTAN EOUS)	NSP / DK
UE25/EU25	24693	27%	31%	22%	21%	30%	43%	24%	20%	3%	1%	12%
BE	1020	38%	32%	25%	20%	37%	55%	31%	23%	2%	0%	2%
CZ	1068	26%	39%	20%	40%	20%	44%	24%	20%	3%	0%	5%
DK	1008	30%	36%	20%	27%	51%	53%	27%	23%	1%	1%	5%
D-W	1015	34%	33%	18%	26%	39%	46%	28%	26%	4%	2%	5%
DE	1526	36%	35%	19%	27%	36%	47%	28%	25%	4%	1%	4%
D-E	511	41%	40%	22%	30%	27%	52%	31%	21%	3%	0%	3%
EE	1002	25%	33%	30%	16%	19%	35%	24%	18%	2%	0%	19%
EL	1000	25%	50%	44%	24%	30%	57%	26%	12%	2%	-	0%
ES	1005	20%	17%	18%	11%	26%	26%	19%	14%	3%	0%	30%
FR	1020	30%	36%	17%	15%	41%	62%	24%	32%	2%	0%	5%
IE	1003	30%	28%	22%	22%	23%	35%	25%	26%	1%	0%	18%
IT	1000	18%	23%	25%	21%	24%	37%	20%	20%	2%	0%	13%
CY	507	28%	52%	26%	18%	27%	59%	18%	19%	1%	0%	9%
CY (tcc)	500	32%	22%	45%	21%	25%	28%	19%	11%	1%	-	16%
LV	1018	18%	15%	19%	48%	16%	32%	17%	16%	3%	1%	16%
LT	1019	16%	23%	21%	28%	19%	18%	18%	13%	3%	0%	28%
LU	503	36%	32%	20%	23%	27%	62%	36%	26%	1%	1%	3%
HU	1020	27%	41%	31%	16%	30%	37%	17%	9%	1%	0%	14%
MT	500	23%	17%	20%	14%	32%	28%	19%	20%	1%	1%	27%
NL	1009	40%	32%	26%	31%	34%	48%	29%	19%	1%	0%	5%
AT	1017	29%	27%	28%	24%	24%	40%	30%	16%	8%	1%	4%
PL	1000	27%	43%	26%	17%	29%	36%	17%	7%	1%	0%	12%
PT	1002	28%	16%	27%	16%	25%	27%	21%	18%	1%	1%	27%
SI	1033	29%	47%	40%	23%	32%	42%	36%	13%	1%	1%	5%
SK	1078	22%	33%	24%	38%	25%	49%	33%	18%	2%	1%	7%
FI	1006	33%	41%	22%	31%	25%	59%	38%	18%	0%	0%	2%
SE	1017	22%	48%	16%	34%	37%	60%	36%	20%	1%	0%	4%
UK	1312	22%	25%	19%	19%	23%	38%	22%	21%	7%	0%	18%
BG	1015	28%	28%	31%	27%	18%	26%	27%	7%	1%	-	22%
RO	957	22%	22%	28%	17%	22%	32%	24%	9%	1%	0%	30%
HR	1000	32%	33%	33%	32%	24%	37%	30%	8%	1%	0%	9%
TR	1005	17%	14%	27%	14%	27%	25%	13%	6%	1%	0%	36%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork: 04/2006

QD14 According to you, European Union accession of the Western

Balkan countries would be ...?

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

QD14 Selon vous, adhésion des pays des Balkans occidentaux à l'Union européenne serait ... ?

Dans l'intérêt Dans l'intérêt d'autres acteurs Principalement Principalement commun de l'Union internationaux Principalement dans l'intérêt dans l'intérêt européenne et des (par exemple les dans l'intérêt de Dans l'intérêt de des pays des de mon propre pays des Balkans Etats-Unis, la I'Union Balkans personne NSP / pays / occidentaux / In Russie, la Chine, TOTAL (SPONTANE) / In européenne / occidentaux / Primarily in the mutual interest etc.) / In the DK Primarily in the Primarily in the interest of no one the interest of of both the interest of other interest of the interest of the (SPONTANEOUS) my own European Union international **European Union** Western Balkan and the Western players (e.g. country countries **Balkan countries** USA, Russia, China, etc.) UE25/EU25 24693 9% 5% 45% 23% 2% 4% 12% BF 1020 7% 5% 58% 23% 3% 3% 1% CZ 1068 13% 1% 46% 22% 4% 7% 8% DK 1008 7% 1% 48% 35% 2% 1% 6% D-W 1015 9% 2% 58% 20% 1% 5% 5% DE 1526 9% 2% 57% 21% 1% 4% 5% D-E 511 11% 2% 52% 28% 2% 3% 3% EE 2% 1002 10% 43% 23% 2% 17% 3% EL 1000 10% 4% 49% 28% 5% 3% 1% ES 1005 10% 6% 23% 24% 1% 2% 35% FR 19% 6% 1020 8% 3% 50% 5% 9% ΙE 1003 11% 8% 39% 17% 2% 3% 19% IT 1000 8% 7% 41% 21% 3% 6% 14% CY 52% 507 4% 15% 8% 2% 11% 8% CY (tcc) 500 24% 14% 21% 25% 1% 1% 15% ΙV 1018 17% 2% 40% 20% 4% 3% 13% LT 1019 13% 3% 33% 26% 2% 1% 22% LU 503 10% 5% 57% 17% 2% 5% 5% ΗU 11% 1020 5% 45% 26% 1% 2% 10% MT 500 12% 7% 24% 30% 2% 1% 24% NL 1009 7% 1% 52% 32% 2% 2% 4% AT 1017 9% 15% 31% 22% 4% 13% 6% PL 13% 4% 38% 1% 2% 11% 1000 31% PT 1002 11% 4% 36% 21% 2% 1% 25% SI 1033 12% 4% 36% 37% 2% 1% 7% SK 39% 1078 16% 3% 25% 3% 3% 10% FL 1006 5% 3% 68% 17% 2% 2% 4% SE 1017 38% 1% 2% 7% 5% 2% 45% UK 1312 8% 8% 46% 15% 2% 5% 15% BG 1% 1015 18% 7% 23% 29% 1% 20% RO 2% 957 20% 7% 14% 29% 1% 26% HR 1000 25% 7% 17% 36% 4% 1% 9% TR 20% 5% 10% 29% 2% 3% 30% 1005

#### Dondárá Wajahtad

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

QD15 Selon vous, l'adhésion de la Turquie à l'Union européenne serait ... ?

(NE PAS POSER ITEM 2 EN TR)

(DO NOT ASK ITEM 2 IN TR)

Turkey would be ...?

QD15 According to you, European Union accession of

		TOTAL	Principalement dans l'intérêt de l'Union européenne / Primarily in the interest of the European Union	Principalement dans l'intérêt de mon propre pays / Primarily in the interest of my own country	Principalement dans l'intérêt de la Turquie / Primarily in the interest of Turkey	Dans l'intérêt commun de l'Union européenne et de la Turquie / In the mutual interest of both the European Union and Turkey	Dans l'intérêt d'autres acteurs internationaux (par exemple les Etats-Unis, la Russie, la Chine, etc.) / In the interest of other international players (e.g. USA, Russia, China, etc.)	Dans l'intérêt de personne (SPONTANE) / In interest of no one (SPONTANEOUS)	NSP / DK	
UE2	25/EU25	24693	7%	3%	52%	20%	3%	4%	12%	
BE		1020	4%	2%	66%	19%	4%	3%	1%	
CZ		1068	9%	1%	51%	21%	4%	6%	8%	
DK		1008	4%	0%	56%	29%	3%	2%	5%	
D-V		1015	5%	1%	69%	15%	2%	5%	3%	
DE		1526	5%	1%	68%	16%	2%	4%	3%	
D-E		511	5%	2%	65%	20%	2%	3%	3%	
EE		1002	5%	1%	53%	22%	1%	2%	16%	
EL		1000	6%	6%	57%	19%	9%	3%	0%	
ES		1005	6%	5%	26%	24%	1%	2%	35%	
FR		1020	6%	2%	56%	15%	4%	7%	10%	
IE		1003	10%	6%	46%	17%	3%	4%	15%	
IT		1000	8%	6%	46%	18%	3%	5%	15%	
CY		507	2%	12%	51%	8%	19%	2%	6%	
CY	(tcc)	500	24%	26%	4%	31%	4%	1%	9%	
LV		1018	12%	1%	50%	16%	3%	3%	14%	
LT		1019	11%	2%	39%	24%	1%	1%	22%	
LU		503	5%	2%	62%	14%	4%	7%	5%	
HU		1020	9%	4%	48%	26%	1%	1%	11%	
MT		500	10%	1%	39%	22%	2%	3%	24%	
NL		1009	6%	0%	56%	31%	3%	1%	2%	
AT		1017	8%	9%	42%	16%	5%	17%	4%	
PL		1000	9%	3%	44%	28%	1%	3%	11%	
PT		1002	9%	3%	43%	17%	3%	1%	25%	
SI		1033	11%	0%	44%	29%	6%	1%	9%	
SK		1078	12%	1%	48%	19%	4%	4%	10%	
FI		1006	4%	1%	73%	15%	1%	3%	3%	
SE		1017	5%	1%	50%	35%	1%	2%	6%	
UK		1312	7%	4%	55%	14%	2%	4%	13%	
BG		1015	12%	3%	33%	25%	3%	2%	22%	
RO		957	18%	4%	18%	30%	1%	3%	27%	
HR		1000	15%	1%	34%	28%	8%	2%	12%	
TR		1005	34%	-	13%	30%	2%	3%	18%	

Terrain/Fie

QD16.1 Une fois que les pays suivants respectent toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous totalement en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de chacun d'eux à l'Union européenne? Une fois que (INSERER PAYS) respecte toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous très en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de (INSERER PAYS) à l'Union européenne? QD16.1 Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union? Once (INSERT COUNTRY) complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, would you be... to the accession of (INSERT COUNTRY) to the European Union?

## L'ancienne République yougoslave de Macédoine

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

,	TOTAL	Tout à fait en faveur / Totally in favour	Plutôt en faveur / Fairly in favour	Plutôt opposé(e) / Fairly opposed	Tout à fait opposé(e) / Totally opposed	NSP / DK	En faveur / In favour	Opposé(e) / Opposed
UE25/EU25	24693	11%	38%	22%	14%	15%	49%	36%
BE	1020	9%	48%	28%	12%	3%	57%	40%
CZ	1068	8%	43%	28%	12%	9%	51%	40%
DK	1008	26%	40%	16%	10%	8%	66%	26%
D-W	1015	8%	30%	32%	22%	8%	38%	54%
DE	1526	8%	32%	31%	21%	8%	40%	52%
D-E	511	8%	39%	27%	18%	8%	47%	45%
EE	1002	9%	44%	19%	7%	20%	54%	27%
EL	1000	22%	28%	15%	35%	1%	50%	49%
ES	1005	11%	39%	9%	9%	31%	50%	18%
FR	1020	11%	41%	22%	16%	10%	53%	38%
IE	1003	9%	44%	12%	7%	28%	53%	19%
IT	1000	7%	33%	26%	17%	17%	40%	43%
CY	507	20%	38%	16%	11%	16%	58%	26%
CY (tcc)	500	26%	27%	9%	6%	32%	53%	14%
LV	1018	7%	41%	20%	11%	21%	48%	31%
LT	1019	5%	44%	16%	7%	29%	49%	22%
LU	503	6%	30%	27%	26%	10%	36%	54%
HU	1020	11%	34%	29%	13%	13%	45%	42%
MT	500	5%	45%	13%	4%	33%	51%	16%
NL	1009	24%	40%	18%	11%	6%	64%	29%
AT	1017	5%	27%	34%	28%	6%	32%	62%
PL	1000	14%	50%	14%	5%	18%	63%	19%
PT	1002	3%	40%	21%	5%	32%	42%	26%
SI	1033	19%	55%	15%	6%	5%	74%	21%
SK	1078	12%	51%	20%	5%	12%	63%	26%
FI	1006	17%	39%	28%	12%	4%	56%	40%
SE	1017	37%	34%	14%	7%	8%	71%	21%
UK	1312	7%	36%	20%	14%	23%	43%	34%
BG	1015	26%	45%	4%	1%	24%	71%	5%
RO	957	28%	37%	5%	2%	28%	65%	7%
	1000	23%	48%	11%	5%	13%	71%	16%
TR	1005	20%	21%	11%	11%	38%	40%	22%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

QD16.2 Une fois que les pays suivants respectent toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous totalement en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) al l'adhésion de chacun d'eux à l'Union européenne ? Une fois que (INSERER PAYS) respecte toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous très en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de (INSERER PAYS) a l'Union européenne ? QD16.2 Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union? Once (INSERT COUNTRY) complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, would you be... to the accession of (INSERT COUNTRY) to the European Union?

L'Albanie

Albania

	TOTAL	Tout à fait en faveur / Totally in favour	Plutôt en faveur / Fairly in favour	Plutôt opposé(e) / Fairly opposed	Tout à fait opposé(e) / Totally opposed	NSP / DK	En faveur ⁄In favour	Opposé(e) / Opposed
UE25/EU25	24693	9%	32%	25%	19%	15%	41%	44%
BE	1020	7%	35%	35%	19%	3%	42%	54%
CZ	1068	3%	26%	36%	26%	9%	29%	62%
DK	1008	24%	35%	20%	14%	7%	59%	34%
D-W	1015	6%	20%	36%	30%	7%	27%	66%
DE	1526	6%	22%	36%	29%	7%	29%	65%
D-E	511	5%	30%	34%	25%	6%	35%	59%
EE	1002	8%	39%	24%	9%	20%	47%	33%
EL	1000	17%	22%	17%	43%	1%	39%	60%
ES	1005	11%	39%	9%	9%	31%	50%	19%
FR	1020	10%	36%	25%	18%	10%	46%	44%
IE	1003	8%	39%	14%	9%	31%	47%	23%
IT	1000	6%	28%	27%	24%	15%	34%	51%
CY	507	12%	31%	24%	20%	14%	43%	43%
CY (tcc)	500	23%	32%	9%	5%	32%	54%	14%
LV	1018	5%	33%	26%	14%	21%	38%	40%
LT	1019	4%	35%	22%	10%	29%	39%	32%
LU	503	5%	25%	34%	29%	8%	29%	62%
HU	1020	8%	24%	34%	22%	12%	32%	56%
MT	500	6%	39%	16%	5%	35%	45%	20%
NL	1009	21%	34%	23%	14%	7%	55%	38%
AT	1017	5%	16%	36%	38%	5%	21%	73%
PL	1000	10%	49%	17%	6%	18%	59%	23%
PT	1002	3%	37%	22%	5%	32%	40%	27%
SI	1033	12%	44%	25%	13%	5%	56%	39%
SK	1078	5%	29%	36%	18%	12%	34%	54%
FI	1006	14%	34%	31%	16%	4%	49%	47%
SE	1017	32%	32%	18%	9%	8%	64%	27%
UK	1312	6%	33%	20%	18%	22%	40%	38%
BG	1015	12%	37%	18%	6%	27%	49%	23%
RO	957	27%	36%	7%	2%	28%	63%	9%
HR	1000	19%	43%	16%	8%	13%	62%	25%
TR	1005	20%	23%	11%	9%	37%	43%	20%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

OD16.3 Une fois que les pays suivants respectent toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous totalement en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de chacun d'eux à l'Union européenne? Une fois que (INSERER PAYS) respecte toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous très en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de (INSERER PAYS) à l'Union européenne? QD16.3 Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union? Once (INSERT COUNTRY) complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, would you be... to the accession of (INSERT COUNTRY) to the European Union?

## La Bosnie-Herzégovine

Bosnia and Herzegovina

	TOTAL	Tout à fait en faveur / Totally in favour	Plutôt en faveur / Fairly in favour	Plutôt opposé(e) / Fairly opposed	Tout à fait opposé(e) / Totally opposed	NSP / DK	En faveur / In favour	Opposé(e) / Opposed
UE25/EU25	24693	11%	37%	23%	15%	15%	48%	37%
BE	1020	9%	44%	31%	14%	3%	53%	44%
CZ	1068	6%	40%	33%	14%	8%	46%	46%
DK	1008	26%	39%	17%	11%	7%	65%	28%
D-W	1015	9%	30%	32%	21%	8%	39%	53%
DE	1526	9%	32%	31%	21%	7%	41%	52%
D-E	511	7%	41%	27%	19%	6%	48%	46%
EE	1002	9%	41%	21%	8%	20%	51%	29%
EL	1000	28%	34%	15%	22%	1%	62%	36%
ES	1005	12%	39%	10%	9%	32%	50%	18%
FR	1020	12%	39%	23%	17%	9%	51%	40%
IE	1003	8%	41%	13%	8%	30%	49%	21%
IT	1000	7%	34%	25%	20%	15%	40%	45%
CY	507	16%	43%	15%	11%	16%	58%	26%
CY (tcc)	500	25%	28%	10%	5%	32%	53%	15%
LV	1018	5%	38%	24%	12%	21%	43%	35%
LT	1019	5%	41%	18%	8%	29%	46%	25%
LU	503	6%	31%	29%	26%	9%	36%	55%
HU	1020	12%	33%	28%	14%	12%	45%	42%
MT	500	5%	44%	13%	4%	34%	49%	17%
NL	1009	24%	39%	20%	12%	6%	63%	32%
AT	1017	6%	29%	32%	27%	6%	35%	59%
PL	1000	13%	48%	16%	4%	18%	61%	20%
PT	1002	2%	37%	23%	6%	33%	39%	28%
SI	1033	15%	54%	18%	8%	5%	69%	26%
SK	1078	8%	45%	28%	7%	12%	53%	35%
FI	1006	15%	37%	30%	13%	4%	53%	43%
SE	1017	36%	34%	15%	7%	8%	70%	22%
UK	1312	6%	36%	21%	15%	21%	43%	36%
BG	1015	17%	44%	10%	2%	27%	61%	12%
RO	957	28%	36%	5%	2%	28%	64%	8%
HR	1000	24%	49%	10%	5%	12%	73%	15%
TR	1005	20%	24%	12%	8%	36%	44%	20%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

QD16.4 Une fois que les pays suivants respectent toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous totalement en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de chacun d'eux à l'Union européenne? Une fois que (INSERER PAYS) respecte toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous très en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de (INSERER PAYS) à l'Union européenne? QD16.4 Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union? Once (INSERT COUNTRY) complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, would you be... to the accession of (INSERT COUNTRY) to the European Union?

## La Serbie-Monténégro

## Serbia and Montenegro

ΤΟΤΑ	Tout à fait en faveur / Totally in favour	Plutôt en faveur / Fairly in favour	Plutôt opposé(e) / Fairly opposed	Tout à fait opposé(e) / Totally opposed	NSP / DK	En faveur / In favour	Opposé(e) / Opposed
UE25/EU25 2469	3 11%	36%	23%	15%	15%	47%	39%
BE 1020	9%	44%	30%	14%	3%	53%	44%
CZ 1068		42%	30%	14%	7%	49%	44%
DK 1008		38%	18%	12%	7%	64%	29%
D-W 1015		27%	33%	23%	8%	35%	57%
DE 1526		29%	33%	23%	7%	37%	55%
D-E 511		37%	30%	20%	7%	43%	50%
EE 1002		40%	24%	8%	19%	48%	32%
EL 1000		34%	12%	19%	1%	67%	32%
ES 1005	5 11%	39%	10%	9%	32%	50%	18%
FR 1020	) 12%	38%	23%	18%	10%	50%	41%
IE 1003		37%	14%	9%	32%	45%	23%
IT 1000	) 7%	34%	26%	19%	15%	41%	45%
CY 507	20%	44%	12%	9%	16%	64%	20%
CY (tcc) 500	24%	29%	9%	6%	32%	53%	15%
LV 1018	3 6%	36%	26%	12%	21%	42%	38%
LT 1019	9 4%	41%	19%	8%	28%	45%	27%
LU 503	5%	28%	30%	28%	9%	33%	57%
HU 1020	) 12%	31%	27%	18%	12%	43%	45%
MT 500	4%	42%	13%	5%	35%	46%	18%
NL 1009	24%	37%	22%	12%	5%	61%	34%
AT 1015	6%	23%	33%	31%	6%	30%	65%
PL 1000	) 12%	47%	16%	6%	19%	60%	22%
PT 1002	2 3%	37%	22%	5%	33%	40%	28%
SI 1033	3 15%	51%	20%	9%	5%	66%	29%
SK 1078	3 11%	46%	25%	7%	12%	56%	32%
FI 1006	5 15%	34%	32%	15%	4%	49%	47%
SE 1017	34%	33%	16%	8%	8%	67%	24%
UK 1312	2 6%	35%	21%	15%	22%	41%	37%
BG 1015	5 19%	47%	6%	2%	26%	66%	8%
RO 957	30%	35%	5%	2%	28%	65%	7%
HR 1000	) 17%	36%	18%	17%	12%	53%	35%
TR 1005	5 18%	19%	14%	12%	37%	37%	25%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

QD16.5 Une fois que les pays suivants respectent toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous totalement en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de chacun d'eux à l'Union européenne ? Une fois que (INSERER PAYS) respecte toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous très en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de (INSERER PAYS) à l'Union européenne ?

QD16.5 Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union? Once (INSERT COUNTRY) complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, would you be... to the accession of (INSERT COUNTRY) to the European Union?

Turkey

## La Turquie

	TOTAL	Tout à fait en faveur / Totally in favour	Plutôt en faveur / Fairly in favour	Plutôt opposé(e) / Fairly opposed	Tout à fait opposé(e) / Totally opposed	NSP / DK	En faveur / In favour	Opposé( e) / Opposed
UE25/EU25	24693	9%	30%	24%	24%	13%	39%	48%
BE	1020	9%	35%	32%	23%	2%	43%	55%
CZ	1068	4%	28%	33%	28%	8%	32%	61%
DK	1008	23%	28%	20%	24%	5%	50%	44%
D-W	1015	7%	19%	30%	39%	4%	26%	70%
DE	1526	7%	20%	30%	39%	4%	27%	69%
D-E	511	5%	26%	28%	36%	4%	31%	65%
EE	1002	7%	28%	29%	20%	16%	35%	49%
EL	1000	13%	20%	15%	52%	0%	33%	67%
ES	1005	10%	38%	10%	12%	30%	47%	23%
FR	1020	9%	30%	26%	28%	7%	39%	54%
IE	1003	7%	33%	17%	15%	27%	40%	32%
IT	1000	6%	29%	27%	22%	15%	36%	49%
CY	507	8%	18%	14%	54%	6%	26%	68%
CY (tcc)	500	32%	34%	10%	5%	18%	67%	15%
LV	1018	5%	30%	25%	22%	17%	35%	47%
LT	1019	4%	29%	25%	17%	25%	33%	42%
LU	503	4%	20%	28%	42%	6%	24%	69%
HU	1020	11%	33%	26%	19%	11%	44%	46%
MT	500	3%	32%	19%	12%	34%	35%	31%
NL	1009	23%	32%	22%	20%	3%	55%	42%
AT	1017	4%	9%	26%	55%	6%	13%	81%
PL	1000	9%	42%	20%	10%	19%	51%	31%
PT	1002	2%	35%	24%	6%	33%	37%	30%
SI	1033	10%	43%	25%	16%	5%	53%	41%
SK	1078	4%	29%	35%	20%	11%	33%	55%
FI	1006	12%	30%	31%	24%	2%	42%	55%
SE	1017	31%	29%	20%	13%	7%	60%	33%
UK	1312	7%	35%	20%	19%	19%	42%	39%
BG	1015	12%	35%	15%	11%	27%	47%	26%
RO	957	30%	36%	5%	2%	27%	66%	7%
HR	1000	17%	41%	17%	11%	13%	58%	28%
TR	1005	33%	21%	11%	12%	23%	54%	22%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

QD16.6 Une fois que les pays suivants respectent toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous totalement en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de chacun d'eux à l'Union européenne ? Une fois que (INSERER PAYS) respecte toutes les conditions établies par l'Union européenne, seriez-vous très en faveur, plutôt en faveur, plutôt opposé(e) ou tout à fait opposé(e) à l'adhésion de (INSERER PAYS) à l'Union européenne?

QD16.6 Once each of the following countries complies with all conditions set by the European Union, would you be strongly in favour, fairly in favour, fairly opposed or strongly opposed to the accession of each of them to the European Union? Once (INSERT COUNTRY) complies with all the conditions set by the European Union, would you be... to the accession of (INSERT COUNTRY) to the European Union?

## La Croatie

Tout à fait en Plutôt Tout à fait Plutôt en faveur faveur / opposé(e) / opposé(e) NSP / En faveur / In Opposé(e) / TOTAL / Fairly in Totally in Fairly / Totally DK Opposed favour favour favour opposed opposed UE25/EU25 24693 14% 18% 13% 13% 56% 30% 42% BE 1020 11% 51% 24% 12% 2% 62% 36% CZ 5% 1068 23% 57% 10% 5% 80% 15% DK 1008 28% 40% 16% 9% 7% 68% 25% D-W 1015 13% 37% 26% 18% 6% 50% 44% DF 25% 6% 1526 13% 38% 18% 51% 43% D-E 511 13% 43% 22% 15% 6% 56% 38% EE 1002 11% 44% 19% 8% 19% 54% 26% EL 37% 13% 22% 1% 64% 35% 1000 26% ES 1005 12% 40% 9% 9% 31% 51% 18% FR 1020 13% 42% 20% 17% 8% 55% 37% ΙE 10% 54% 11% 43% 8% 28% 18% 1003 IT 42% 20% 15% 13% 1000 9% 51% 36% CY 507 16% 44% 12% 12% 15% 60% 25% CY (tcc) 500 25% 28% 9% 6% 32% 53% 15% LV 1018 8% 41% 19% 11% 21% 49% 30% 15% 51% 1 T 1019 6% 45% 7% 28% 21% LU 503 8% 36% 23% 25% 9% 44% 47% ΗU 1020 34% 47% 8% 3% 8% 81% 11% MT 10% 33% 500 5% 48% 4% 53% 13% NL 27% 17% 10% 4% 27% 1009 41% 68% AT 1017 17% 38% 21% 19% 5% 55% 40% ΡI 1000 15% 55% 10% 4% 16% 70% 13% PT 21% 33% 1002 3% 39% 5% 41% 26% SI 1033 15% 51% 19% 9% 5% 66% 29% SK 1078 29% 55% 6% 2% 9% 83% 8% FL 1006 17% 40% 27% 12% 3% 58% 39% SF 12% 1017 38% 35% 6% 8% 73% 18% UK 39% 19% 14% 20% 1312 8% 47% 33% BG 1015 21% 47% 5% 1% 26% 68% 6% RO 957 31% 36% 4% 1% 27% 68% 5% HR 1000 33% 38% 12% 9% 7% 71% 22% TR 1005 18% 21% 12% 11% 39% 38% 23%

EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

#### Croatia

#### VOLUME A Pondéré Weighted

QD17 Comme vous le savez peut-être, l'Union européenne fournit une aide financière aux pays candidats ou potentiellement candidats destinée à les aider pour renforcer la démocratie, respecter les droits de l'homme et des minorités, combattre le crime organisé et la corruption, développer leurs économies et adopter les normes et les standards de l'Union européenne. Selon vous, cette aide financière sera finalement ... EUROBAROMETER 65.2

Terrain/Fieldwork : 04/2006

QD17 As you may know, the European Union provides candidate and potential candidate countries with financial assistance aimed at helping them strengthen democracy, respect for human and minority rights, fight organized crime and corruption, develop their economies and adopt European Union norms and standards. In your opinion, this financial assistance would be eventually...

	TOTAL	Principalement dans l'intérêt de l'Union européenne / Primarily in the interest of the European Union	Principalement dans l'intérêt des pays candidats et potentiellement candidats / Primarily in the interest of candidate and potential candidate countries	Dans l'intérêt mutuel de l'Union européenne et des pays candidats ou potentiellement candidats / In the mutual interest of both the European Union and candidate and potential candidate countries	Dans l'intérêt de personne (SPONTANE) / In interest of no one (SPONTANEOUS)	NSP / DK	
UE25/EU25	24693	10%	37%	35%	5%	12%	
BE	1020	7%	50%	40%	3%	1%	
CZ	1068	15%	37%	39%	2%	6%	
DK	1008	10%	24%	58%	1%	7%	
D-W	1015	10%	48%	33%	4%	5%	
DE	1526	10%	47%	34%	4%	4%	
D-E	511	9%	43%	41%	3%	3%	
EE	1002	10%	26%	43%	3%	17%	
EL	1000	9%	48%	38%	3%	1%	
ES	1005	10%	25%	29%	4%	32%	
FR	1020	9%	43%	35%	5%	7%	
IE	1003	17%	29%	28%	6%	19%	
IT	1000	10%	36%	29%	8%	17%	
CY	507	7%	36%	38%	3%	16%	
CY (tcc)	500	28%	33%	25%	1%	13%	
LV	1018	14%	33%	35%	3%	14%	
LT	1019	13%	23%	40%	2%	22%	
LU	503	7%	55%	29%	4%	4%	
HU	1020	12%	45%	30%	3%	11%	
MT	500	14%	24%	39%	2%	21%	
NL	1009	7%	31%	56%	2%	4%	
AT	1017	11%	40%	26%	15%	8%	
PL	1000	14%	29%	42%	2%	13%	
PT	1002	11%	37%	24%	3%	25%	
SI	1033	17%	31%	42%	0%	10%	
SK	1078	17%	30%	41%	3%	9%	
FI	1006	5%	52%	37%	3%	3%	
SE	1017	8%	21%	61%	1%	9%	
UK	1312	11%	36%	34%	8%	12%	
BG	1015	15%	19%	43%	1%	22%	
RO	957	21%	15%	43%	1%	19%	
HR	1000	24%	13%	44%	3%	15%	
TR	1005	29%	18%	29%	4%	20%	